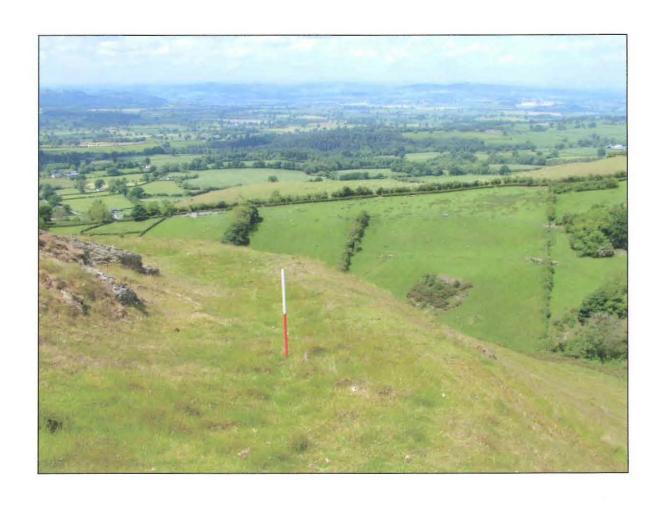
CPAT Report No 918

Defended Enclosures in Montgomeryshire A Further Study

PROJECT REPORT





THE CLWYD-POWYS ARCHAEOLOGICAL TRUST

CPAT Report No 918

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PROJECT REPORT

R Hankinson March 2008

Report for Cadw

The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust
7a Church Street, Welshpool, Powys, SY21 7DL
tel (01938) 553670, fax (01938) 552179
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The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust 7a Church Street Welshpool Powys SY21 7DL

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Appendix 1 - The Gazetteer of Confirmed and Unproven Sites

1 Summary and background

1.1 During the last fifteen years CPAT has conducted studies of defended enclosures believed to date from the prehistoric through to the early medieval periods, with grant aid from Cadw. The first area surveyed was Montgomeryshire, between 1991 and 1992, which was reported on in 1993, and this was then followed by studies in the former county of Clwyd (between 1994 and 1999), Radnorshire (2005/6), and in Brecknock (2006/7).

- 1.2 The studies have to a greater or lesser degree assessed the resource, examined sites in the field, produced measured surveys of selected sites and generated detailed assessments on those sites which met the criteria for statutory protection. Project reports have been prepared for all studies.
- 1.3 This report details the work carried out in 2007-8 to enhance the records for the old county of Montgomeryshire, now the northern part of Powys, a region where the original study was selective. Not only were forts and allied sites excluded from the original survey, but further defended enclosures have been discovered in the intervening fifteen years, most of which have been identified from the air, although there is one case of an enclosure being discovered by geophysical survey. It is also true that the area under consideration has been affected by boundary changes following the original survey, and the extreme north of Powys now includes a number of communities which once fell within the jurisdiction of the county of Clwyd, prior to its subdivision into the modern counties of Denbighshire, Wrexham, Flintshire and Conwy.
- 1.4 Where sites believed to represent defended enclosures had not been examined during the Montgomeryshire survey of the early 1990s, it was proposed that all of those which were believed to survive as earthworks would be visited and assessed. It was not envisaged that all of the remaining cropmark and allied sites would be visited, but a selection of approximately 25% of the total was proposed to allow a reasonable assessment to be made of this part of the resource.

2 Objectives

- 2.1 The objectives identified for this study in the initial proposal to Cadw in January 2007 comprised the following:
- the identification, definition and distribution of the residue of cropmark and earthwork enclosures in Montgomeryshire, where these had not been examined by previous studies.
- the compilation of a corpus of plans to accompany detailed descriptions of relevant sites.
- the assessment of the archaeological significance of the sites within both a regional and national framework.
- the assessment of the vulnerability of this element of the archaeological resource and recommendations for future management strategies.
- Enhancement and improvement of the corpus of cropmark and earthwork enclosures in Montgomervshire
- the enhancement of the regional Historic Environment Record (HER) and END.
- Dissemination of information through publication.
- 2.2 These objectives are broadly in line with those cited in previous CPAT defended enclosure reports covering the old counties of Brecknock and Radnorshire, and are considered to have been fulfilled by the preparation of this report, and the submission of data to the HER.

3 Methodology

- 3.1 The methodology for the current programme of defended enclosures assessment was developed during the preparation of a scoping study in Gwynedd in 2003/4 and has been modified with the involvement of the other Welsh Archaeological Trusts and the participation of the interested parties in liaison meetings. This report broadly follows the format of those prepared for defended enclosures in the old counties of Brecknock in 2006 and Radnorshire in 2007.
- 3.2 Desk-top assessment. The project dataset was largely based on the work carried out for the Montgomeryshire study of the early 1990s. This was augmented by conducting an electronic trawl through the regional HER for any other sites where the site type fields contained the following words: enclosure, enclosed settlement, defended enclosure and hillfort. It included some sites where the most likely interpretation (as given in the Type 1 field of the HER) was not necessarily 'enclosure' or one of the cognate terms given above, or where the Period 1 field was something other than Iron Age or Roman. This trawl yielded 664 sites, a significantly larger figure than for Radnorshire and Brecknockshire.
- 3.3 The records were then assessed individually, and those sites where the descriptions were clearly so poorly recorded as to be meaningless were removed, as were occasional sites where the data were duplicated. The duplications were usually created either because a site had been given an additional primary record number (PRN) relating to a specific phase in its history, or where a new number had been given in error to a site already recorded as a result of discrepancies in site location or description given by different fieldworkers.
- 3.4 Sites that were immediately identifiable as of earlier prehistoric (*i.e.* Neolithic or Bronze Age), medieval or post-medieval date, usually because the period attribution by earlier authorities had been unequivocal and, one would like to assume, entirely reliable, were removed from the database list.
- 3.5 Individual desk-top research on specific sites followed, which led to the removal of another group of sites not considered to be authentic defended enclosures for a variety of reasons. Sites solely dependant for their recording on place-name evidence were one category thus removed, others in the record such as the reputed Moel Eiddew near Cemmaes (PRN 1295) were also omitted from the survey on the grounds that earlier, competent observers had failed to find any traces of them. At the end of this process, the database contained a total of 410 records. Some 133 sites were identified as sites which met the criteria for visiting but had not been assessed in the original study, of which just over a fifth (28) were believed to survive as earthworks. A further seventeen sites of the 133 were removed from those which merited a field visit, as they have already been designated as Scheduled Ancient Monuments and their authenticity is unquestioned.
- 3.6 Fieldwork. Fieldwork took place at various times during the year, some of it dictated by the condition of the vegetation. The pro forma used for similar CPAT studies in Brecknock and Radnorshire, and originally prepared by Cambria Archaeology and the Gwynedd Archaeological Trust, was adopted both for the authentic earthworks and the cropmarks in order to ensure compatibility with the records being generated in other regions of Wales. Photographs were taken selectively, sometimes to show the monument in its setting, or to illustrate its morphology, but there were some sites where it was adjudged that a photographic record would be of little practical value.
- 3.7 Information from the record sheets was entered into the project database as soon as possible after the site visit. The database was a version of the standard HER database, modified by the addition of the various fields noted on the pro forma. The free-text field descriptions from that

database, together with plans where available, are reproduced as a gazetteer (Appendix 1) at the end of this report.

4 Discussion

- 4.1 This section encompasses a brief discussion on some of the more interesting features revealed by the additional survey work carried out in 2007 on the defended enclosures of Montgomeryshire. The sample examined is probably not sufficiently representative to allow for much analysis of general trends in the defended enclosures of the area, though some general statistics are given in section 5. It should be noted that none of the sites in this year's study is statutorily protected at the present time.
- 4.2 From the total of 133 sites with the potential for field visits, all twenty-eight of those thought to be earthworks were examined. Of the remaining 105 sites, some twenty-nine or 28%, were eventually examined in the field, a larger percentage than had been aimed for at the commencement of fieldwork. If scheduled sites are also removed from the calculations, then 33% of the available sites were examined in the field.
- 4.3 Rejected Sites. It has been necessary to reject a number of records after the site visit stage. On face value, these were originally thought to be relevant to the study, but detailed examination proved that they were either sites belonging to different classes of monument or natural features which had been mis-interpreted. Thirteen sites were rejected for these reasons, and a further three sites were rejected as duplicates of sites already recorded in the HER.



Plate 1 The Bwlch y Rhiw enclosure (PRN 101808), near Rhydycroesau. An enclosure of pastoral origin, as demonstrated by the small scale of the encircling bank

- 4.4 A typical example of a site belonging to a different class is the White Grit II 'enclosure' (PRN 17557), near Priest Weston, which had originally been recorded from an aerial photograph, but proved to be no more than a field boundary cutting off a small promontory. More commonly, it was enclosures of post-medieval pastoral origin (*ie* stock enclosures) which had been recorded and these could only be dismissed as defended enclosures with the aid of a site visit. In general, this type of site was used as an enclosure for penning stock, and the defining banks would commonly have been the site of fences or hedges; it being the small scale of the earthworks which confirms their function. Both the Bwlch y Rhiw enclosure (PRN 101808; see Plate 1), near Rhydycroesau, and the Lletty-Dafydd enclosure (PRN 17794), near Meifod, had a convincing appearance on the aerial photographs, but could be easily dismissed when the scale of their defining banks was appreciated and their site locations had been reassessed.
- 4.5 The assessment of the Winllan earthworks (PRN 25), near Llansantffraid-ym-Mechain, proved to be rather more problematic, but the site was eventually rejected as a defended enclosure. The site consists of a single length of scarped bank with a short section of parallel scarp on its lower side at one end, and it has been suggested in the past that this represented one side of an enclosure, the remainder of which has been lost. No trace of any continuation was found despite the conditions for preservation being relatively more favourable at either end of the earthwork. Having seemed to shed doubt on the interpretation that this might have been an enclosure, another explanation for the nature and siting of the earthwork was forthcoming when it was realised that the site could fit into the series of linear earthworks, known as short dykes, which have been tentatively associated with the early medieval cantref of Mechain.



Plate 2 The Winllan earthworks (PRN 25), a potential short dyke overlooking the valley of the River Vyrnwy

- 4.6 In addition to sites which proved to be of different classes, there were other cases where alleged enclosures were found to be of natural origin. The most common cause was soil creep/slip on waterlogged, or seasonally waterlogged, fields which exhibited a moderate slope. This is a factor which can sometimes produce evidence remarkably similar to an embanked enclosure, with a hollow central area defined by what appears to be a bank on its lower (topographically) side. Examples of sites that were found to belong to this category include the Capel Pentyrch 'enclosure' (PRN 6228), near Llanerfyl, and the Coed Cochion 'enclosure' (PRN 101831), near Llanrhaeadr-ym-Mochnant. Recognition that these were natural features came from two main clues, firstly that there was no evidence of the expected continuation of the bank around their upslope sides, and secondly that the bank on the lower side was cut at its lowest point, where water ponded-up behind it had broken through and caused erosion. It could be argued that the gap produced represented an entrance, but it is the location of this at the lowest point of the bank, in combination with other factors of topography and morphology which confirm the natural origin of the features in question. Some assessment of the topography of the immediate area may also be helpful when it can be seen that an area is prone to this sort of geomorphological event.
- 4.7 Unproven Sites. Seventy-eight sites in the dataset could not be authenticated and were attributed to this category. These sites were most commonly cropmarks recognised from the air, where it has proved impossible to confirm their authenticity from either the photographic sources or surface evidence. One Scheduled Ancient Monument (PRN 775) has been placed in this category, as although it is recorded as a motte and bailey of medieval date, the HER notes the possibility that there may have been an earlier enclosure on the site.
- 4.8 Of the very few unproven sites which survived as earthworks, it was often the paucity of information in the original record, or its poor location, which meant that the record could not be properly assessed. This was the case with the Moeliart Enclosure (PRN 4867), near Llandinam, which is probably a mis-interpretation of the remains of linear quarrying for walling stone. Conversely, there was rather more information in the HER on the site (PRN 3602) at Belan Lock Common, near Welshpool, yet persistent statements in the HER continued to flag the site as an enclosure, and it did not seem to have been appreciated that this had been the site of a small farm, depicted on the first edition of the large-scale Ordnance Survey maps. Much of the recorded evidence was actually related to the farmstead, yet the possibility that some of the surviving earthworks might represent an enclosure on the end of this small spur cannot entirely be ruled out. Fieldwork alone is not always enough as is demonstrated by Henfryn Enclosure I (PRN 778). Despite some map evidence and field visits, the authenticity of this site will only be demonstrated by excavation.
- 4.9 Confirmed sites. Of the 133 sites considered by this study a total of thirty-nine are believed to be authentic defended enclosures. Of these some seventeen are already designated as Scheduled Ancient Monuments and have not been visited, a further eighteen were visited in the field and the remaining four sites survive only as cropmarks and were not examined, although they are believed to be authentic from the available sources. The sites in question occupy almost the whole range of different settings that can be envisaged, such as hill-slopes, summits and valley bottom locations.
- 4.10 Table 1 provides an overview of the unscheduled authentic defended enclosures which were assessed during the project in 2007. Some care is needed in evaluating the results, however, as the table appears to show a false bias in favour of sites on higher ground, which form 68% of the total as against 32% in valley floor locations. This is mainly because the work concentrated on sites with surviving earthworks and these tend to be better preserved in more marginal landscapes, which are often subject to less erosion from agricultural activity. The balance is only partially redressed by the inclusion in the authentic sites of a small number of cropmarks, where the evidence clearly denotes sub-surface traces of a defended enclosure. In comparison, about half of the Unproven sites, where the uncertainty regarding their

the Dyffryn Hall Wood enclosure (PRN 85), near Meifod, where the end of a very steep-sided ridge was cut off by a short length of rock-cut ditch to form an enclosure on the ridge crest, using the steep slopes to provide natural defences. Strangely, the existing records understated the nature of this remarkable little site.

- 4.12 Despite the small sample of authentic sites, a trend was noticed in the number of ramparts in relation to geographical location. Sites located on hilltops and hill slopes tended to be univallate, while those sited on lower ground or on a spur attached to a larger area of high ground displayed greater complexity and were generally bivallate. This might be explained by the weaker positions of the sites in the latter group, which would require more complex earthworks to provide an adequate defence. Perhaps the builders of sites on spurs were drawn to these locations by the strength of the natural defences and were prepared to put in a greater effort on the weaker side(s) to compensate for the ease of construction elsewhere.
- 4.13 One surprising result from the assessment of the authentic sites was that 14% were uncompleted, although this high level may reflect the fact that a greater proportion of these less significant earthworks were not considered to merit a visit in the early 1990s survey. Nevertheless, all are potentially of value as they demonstrate features which might elucidate the methods adopted for their construction. The Moel Bentyrch hillfort (PRN 1330) consists of two sections of defences, which commence at the steep south-east facing scarp of the hill, and run north-westward for a short distance. It appears evident that two teams were involved in the construction process, but the link between the separate works seems never to have been made. On the other hand, the Pen y Castell enclosure (PRN 997), where the defences also commence



Plate 4 Part of the defences of the Moel Bentyrch hillfort (PRN 1330), seemingly abandoned in the course of construction

at a steep scarp slope, seems to have been excavated from one direction as a bivallate earthwork and then ends in a curious manner with only the inner line continuing as a single bank for some distance and then fading out altogether about 30m before it returns to the scarp slope. This might imply that a bank was used as the method for marking out the rampart.

4.14 With the probable exception of the Fron Goch Hillfort (PRN 718), where a potential hut site 10m in diameter was noted, none of the enclosures examined had obvious evidence of any internal settlement features, such as hut circles or platforms, although it is likely that subsurface traces do survive at most sites. Thus Dyffryn Hall Wood enclosure (PRN 85) has space for a couple of huts yet none is evident. The only other site where the possibility of settlement was specifically noted, though there were no physical traces, was Roundton Hillfort (PRN 194), near Churchstoke. Here there is a flat area immediately inside the entrance, large enough for perhaps a pair of huts. The hillfort is one of the better situated in the county and was reached by a steeply-ascending track from the saddle to its north-east. As it nears the entrance, the track runs below the rampart, which would have improved its defensibility.

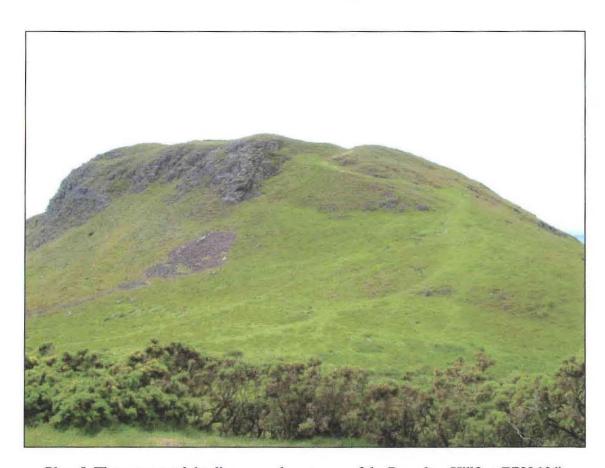


Plate 5 The access track leading up to the entrance of the Roundton Hillfort (PRN 194)

4.15 Prior to the present programme of fieldwork, a further three sites had already been revealed or confirmed as defended enclosures by fieldwork post-dating that carried out in the early 1990s, although none of these merited revisiting as part of the study for different reasons. In the case of the Allt y Gadair hilltop enclosure (PRN 58) near Llanfyllin, the site was visited by the author in 2001, when the layout of the, admittedly slight, earthworks depicted on the Ordnance Survey plan was confirmed. These had been effectively hidden by a dense forestry plantation until this was cleared immediately prior to the visit. The Ty'n-y-coed II enclosure (PRN 84355) was recorded during a survey of the Vaynor Estate, near Berriew, in 2006, and has been sufficiently recorded not to merit further study. The remaining site (PRN 84356), at Dollas near Berriew, was only revealed by geophysical survey carried out in anticipation of

elucidating what was thought to be a cursus monument. The alleged cursus proved to be one side of a sub-square bivallate enclosure on the valley floor near the River Severn, and has already been reported on by CPAT (Hankinson and Silvester, 2006).

5 Archaeological Aspects of the Study

5.1 The field study, through the use of the on-site *pro formas*, coupled with elements of the desktop assessment allows certain aspects of site location, morphology and condition to be quantified, although this has to be qualified by the fact that the *pro formas* had not been designed at the time of the first study in 1992-3, and consequently some data were not systematically recorded to the same degree at that time. In this section some of these aspects are considered, utilising the same format as for the earlier Powys studies of Brecknock and Radnorshire in order to permit direct comparisons. Only those hillforts and defended enclosures which are felt to be authentic are included here; unconfirmable or unproven sites have not been assessed. As with the previous studies, a caveat must be entered, for a significant number of what must be considered as the more important or at least notable sites were not examined in the field because they were already statutorily designated. Consequently, some data are not available and the following tables may not be consistent in the total number of sites that are referred to.

| Site type | Montgomeryshire | SAMs in Montgomeryshire | Brecknock | Radnorshire |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Hillfort | 41 | 29 (71%) | 32 | 15 |
| Promontory fort | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Defended enclosure | 54 | 36 (67%) | 24 | 13 |
| Earthwork cropmark* | 12 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Cropmark enclosure | 64 | 10 | 3 | 20 |
| Unclassified | | | | 1 |
| Total | 173 | 77 | 64 | 54 |

Table 2 Authentic sites in the various categories

- 5.2 Earthwork cropmarks are defined as those specifically transitional sites where the site was first identified as a cropmark but on a subsequent field visit was found to have surviving earthwork components, usually heavily denuded by agriculture, which in the course of time will become true cropmarks displaying no surface traces. As a rule of thumb guide they would almost certainly go unrecognised by a layman and, without the aid of an aerial photograph, perhaps by a professional archaeologist. The excavated site of Collfryn is probably the best known example but there are a surprising number of others. They do not feature in more southerly areas of Powys, but this could be due to the very limited number of cropmarks as yet recognised in these regions.
- 5.3 The table confirms the general belief that the number of identifiable defended enclosures is considerably higher in Montgomeryshire than further south.

Site Altitude

5.4 The figures in the following table for the absolute height of the settlement site above sea level is largely what might be anticipated. Cropmarks dominate the picture on the lower ground.

| Site Type | :151m | 151- 200m | 201- 250m | 251- 300m | 301- 350m | 351- 400m | 401- 450m | 451m+ |
|--------------------|-------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| Hillfort | 4 | 7 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Defended Enclosure | 13 | 14 | 18 | 18 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earthwork cropmark | 6 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cropmark enclosure | 74 | 26 | 12 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 97 | 55 | 46 | 35 | 19 | 5 | 1 | 1 |

Table 3: Site altitudes

Site location

5.5 The general spread of locations is predictable with more hillforts on hill tops and conversely a greater number of smaller enclosures on hill slopes. Interestingly, the greatest proportion of sites are located on ridges, perhaps reflecting a compromise in siting which allowed easier access than the primarily defensive hilltop locations. It is also predictable that the majority of the cropmark enclosures occur in valley floor locations, where the pressures from agricultural activity, both recent and historic, have been more intense.

| Site Type | Hilltop | Hillslope | Inland Promontory | Valley floor etc | Ridge | Col/ Saddle | Spur |
|--------------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|-------|----------------|------|
| Hillfort | 26 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| Defended enclosure | 8 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 17 | 1 | 22 |
| Earthwork cropmark | 3 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 3 |
| Cropmark enclosure | 4 | 32 | 0 | 52 | 28 | 2 | 20 |
| Total | 41 | 47 | 2 | 56 | 60 | 1 | 47 |

Table 4: Site locations

Settlement shape

5.6 The shape of an enclosure is often a function or partial function of the natural topography, a derivation particularly applicable when the analysis is applied to hillforts. Furthermore, whenever shape is assessed it is normally on the basis of a subjective reading of a plan; one person's irregular (or D-shaped) enclosure might be interpreted by another as polygonal. The pro-formas allow only a very limited range of shape types but this is possibly no bad thing, Only the main enclosure shapes are considered in the following table.

| Site Type | Rectilinear/ sub-rectilinear | Circular/Sub circular | Curvilinear /ovoid | Triangular/ sub-triangular | Polygonal | Irregular |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Hillfort | 13 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Defended enclosure | 28 | 15 | 15 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Earthwork cropmark | 4 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cropmark enclosure | 67 | 21 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Total | 112 | 41 | 46 | 6 | 2 | 2 |

Table 5: Enclosure shape

5.7 Unlike the southern counties of Powys Montgomeryshire has a large number of cropmark enclosures in what might be termed open-landscape positions, where there are few if any topographical constraints; in locations such as river valleys or plateaux shape may then be considered a potentially meaningful facet, a result of a conscious design decision.

6 Management Issues

- 6.1 Data have been collected on a series of issues that are management related, and using this information which is now stored in the database various analyses might be attempted. Here, as with previous studies, the analyses have been restricted to one or two of the major facets, namely the nature and degree of the threat to defended enclosures from a range of agencies.
- 6.2 Threats to hillforts and defended enclosures do vary, but there are several common ones and some interesting trends. Regular cultivation is one of the more easily appreciated threats to monuments, often resulting in the gradual denudation of the monument, up to the point where it eventually becomes a cropmark. In the sites examined during this programme of visits, the main threat to those with surviving earthworks was from animal burrowing, both within their interiors and in the earthworks which form their defences.
- 6.3 Visitor erosion was only noted at one site, the Dyffryn Hall Wood enclosure (PRN 85), where a public footpath ascends the hill and passes through the base of the ditch in gaining the crest of the ridge on which the site is located. Some erosion was also evident in the interior due to an associated path and damage by the roots of trees was also noted in the interior.
- 6.4 In the case of the cropmarks, ploughing for agricultural purposes, both arable and where pasture is being re-seeded was the main threat. Stock erosion was another common factor, though this was more problematic on earthwork ramparts than within the interior of sites, as might be expected. Perhaps the aspect which should be of most concern is that it was not possible to identify any earthwork defences that were not subject to some form of threat.

| Nature of threat | Defences | Interior |
|--------------------|----------|----------|
| Agriculture-plough | 8 | 10 |
| Stock disturbance | 4 | 2 |
| Visitors | 1 | 1 |
| Erosion | 1 | 1 |
| Extraction | 1 | 1 |
| Animal burrowing | 6 | 6 |

Table 6: Threats to enclosures

| Significance of threat | Defences | Interior |
|------------------------|----------|----------|
| Low | 10 | 13 |
| Medium | 12 | 8 |
| High | | 1 |
| Extinct threat | | |

Table 7: Significance of threats to enclosures

One of the key elements in management is the availability of a good plan at a scale suitable not only for academic judgements about its morphology, but also for use in the identification and location of management problems. The Montgomeryshire defended enclosures that had been examined in the early 1990s are generally well-represented by plans or varying accuracy, but this is not necessarily the case with the sites described in this report, where some Ordnance Survey plans mentioned on record cards do not seem to be either available or sufficiently detailed. Where plans have been found, some of the features present have not been recorded, as in the case of the Ystrad Faelog hillfort. It is suggested that those listed in the following table require a measured survey in order to complete the corpus.

| Name | PRN |
|------------------------|--------|
| Roundton Hillfort | 194 |
| Gallt y Gog Hillfort | 711 |
| Fron Goch Hillfort | 718 |
| Ystrad Faelog Hillfort | 4884 |
| Penrallt earthworks | 85411 |
| Yr Allt Hillfort | 101066 |
| Craig Fawr enclosure | 103017 |

Table 8: Enclosures requiring detailed survey

7 Acknowledgements

7.1 The writer would like to thank the numerous landowners who allowed access to their land, and to his colleagues, Mr B Silvester, Mr Ian Grant and Ms Wendy Owen, for their assistance with various aspects of the fieldwork and desk-top analysis which contributed to this study.

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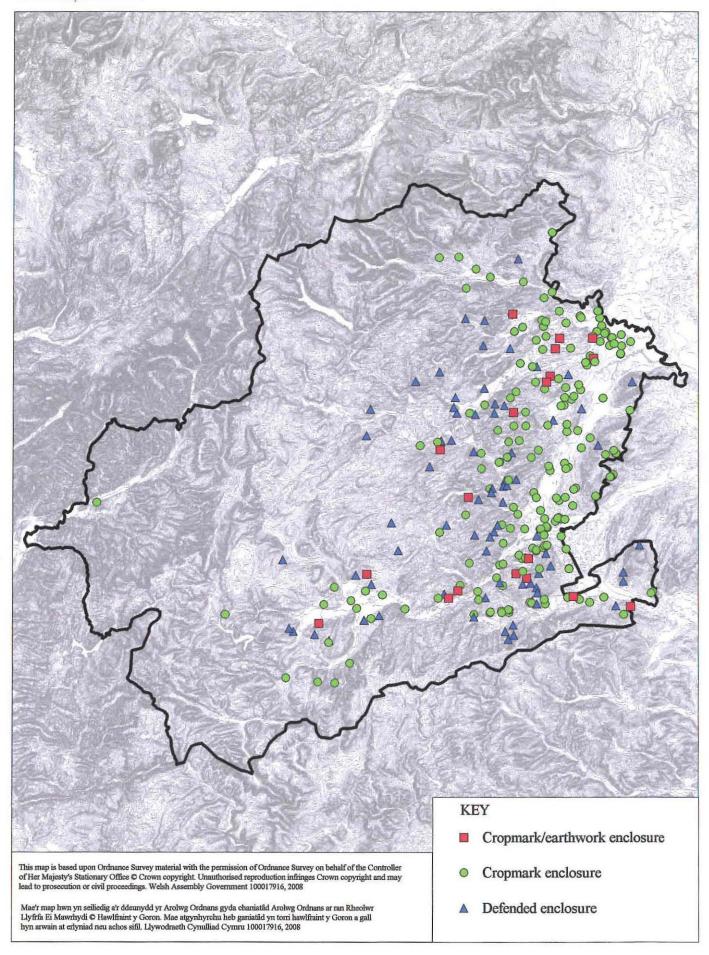


Fig 1 Distribution map of Cropmark, Earthwork and Defended Enclosures in Montgomeryshire

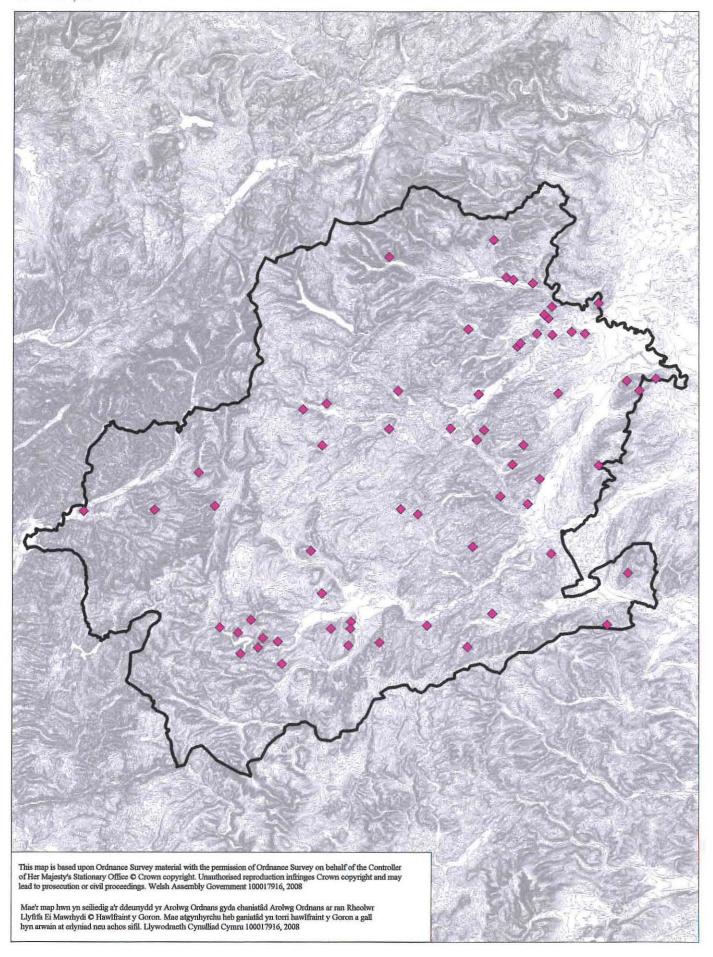


Fig 2 Distribution map of Hillforts in Montgomeryshire

The Gazetteer

The gazetteer provides information that has been entered into the project database, which has been derived from information entered on the pro forma record forms designed for the project, as well as data derived from the desk-based assessment. The information that appears here focuses on the archaeological details of each site, rather than any management issues.

Sites included in the gazetteer comprise those which are believed to be authentic defended enclosure from the available evidence. Also included are other sites which are considered to be possible defended enclosures, but which cannot be confirmed on the basis of present knowledge. The gazetteer is prefaced by concordances which are ordered by PRN (the sequence in which individual sites appear in the gazetteer) and by name.

The entry for each site normally includes the information currently given in the HER, with any additional information gleaned during this assessment for those sites which have been examined by either desk-top or field survey. In addition to descriptive details, each entry includes a maplet at 1:25,000 scale showing the relationship of the site with its contoured landscape and, where available, a plan or aerial photograph of the site.

authenticity is often due to their survival as only partial cropmarks, are set in low-lying or valley floor locations.

| Type | No. of sites | No of ramparts | Incomplete sites | Sites whose defences utilise natural features |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|---------------------|---|
| Hillfort | 2 | 2 x univallate | 1 | 2 |
| Hill-top enclosure | 5 | 3 x univallate; 2 x bivallate | | 3 |
| Spur ridge enclosure | 5 | 1 x univallate; 3 x bivallate; 1 x trivallate | 2 | 5 |
| Hill-slope enclosure | 3 | 3 x univallate | | 1 |
| Valley floor enclosure | 7 | 7 x bivallate, one of which may be trivallate | | |
| Total | 22 | | 3 | 11 |

Table 1: Authentic Montgomeryshire enclosures assessed by the study

4.11 The table highlights some of the more interesting features of the enclosures that were examined, and it is especially noticeable that a high proportion (50%) utilise some element of the natural topography in forming their defences. This might be a craggy slope substituting for a relatively small percentage of the overall circuit, as at the Craig Fawr enclosure (PRN 103017), near Llangedwyn, or might, in an exceptional case, form almost all the circuit, as at



Plate 3 The rock-cut ditch at the Dyffryn Hall Wood enclosure (PRN 85), near Meifod

Part 1: List of Authentic and Unproven Sites by PRN

| PRN | Name | Map Sq | NGR |
|------|--|---------|--------------|
| 85 | Dyffryn Hall Wood Enclosure | SJ11SE | SJ15031337 |
| 194 | Roundton Hillfort | SO29SE | SO2939094980 |
| 711 | Gallt y Gog Hillfort | SH70SE | SH75190124 |
| 718 | Fron Goch Hillfort | SH80SW | SH82220136 |
| 760 | Pen y Bryn Earthwork | SJ1005W | SJ11710813 |
| 775 | The Moat | SO09SW | SO04659048 |
| 778 | Henfryn Enclosure I | SO09SW | SO02709290 |
| 997 | Pen y Castell enclosure | SO18NW | SO13458755 |
| 1295 | Moel Eiddew Earthwork | SH80NE | SH865051 |
| 1330 | Moel Bentyrch Hillfort | SJ00NE | SJ05530949 |
| 1370 | Cefnbyrhedyn Cropmark | SN89NW | SN83929813 |
| 1393 | Ddwynant Gerig Cropmarks | SN89SE | SN88819376 |
| 1405 | Allt Fron Ddu Cropmark | SN99NW | SN93469897 |
| 1433 | Parc y Rhiw cropmark | SN99NE | SN99519671 |
| 1817 | Twll Enclosure | SO19SE | SO16849097 |
| 1836 | Fan Camp | SN98NW | SN9308088440 |
| 1851 | Close Bank Enclosure | SN98NE | SN998894 |
| 1903 | Cefn Golog Wood Enclosure | SO18NE | SO17908675 |
| 2513 | Gwerneirin enclosure | SO08NW | SO017894 |
| 3576 | Pen y Bryn Castell Hillfort | SN99NE | SN978972 |
| 3602 | Belan Lock Common farmstead | SJ20SW | SJ21020486 |
| 3712 | Moelfre Cropmark | SO08SW | SO002837 |
| 3720 | Bryn Bank enclosure II | SO19SW | SO11459224 |
| 3893 | Barclodied y Gawres Camp | SJ00SE | SJ08450090 |
| 4320 | Ffos y Ffwydan Enclosure | SN88SE | SN88868268 |
| 4522 | Bwlch Enclosure | SN98NE | SN99578780 |
| 4526 | Cwm Enclosure | SN98SE | SN98468380 |
| 4652 | Gronwen Enclosure | SN88NE | SN887895 |
| 4867 | Moeliart Enclosure | SO08NW | SO046880 |
| 4884 | Ystrad Faelog Hillfort | SN99SE | SN98909295 |
| 4923 | Lords Buildings Cropmark I | SJ20NE | SJ27420702 |
| 4927 | Weaver Plantation Cropmark | SJ20NE | SJ27130669 |
| 4937 | Aber Biga Enclosure | SN88NE | SN882899 |
| 5060 | Hydan Cottages Cropmarks | SJ10NW | SJ14920718 |
| 5086 | Gareg Stican Enclosure | SN99SW | SN92709380 |
| 5111 | Aber Rhiw Felen Enclosure | SN79NE | SN78859865 |
| 5114 | Penthryn Lane Cropmark | SJ21NE | SJ253157 |
| 5116 | Varchoel Lane Cropmarks II | SJ21SW | SJ247132 |
| 5129 | Court Wood Enclosure | SO19SE | SO163943 |
| 5160 | Esgair For Cropmark | SH70SE | SH786047 |
| 5164 | Dolguog Cropmark | SH70SE | SH76350188 |
| 5256 | Llandrinio Field System, Llandrinio Hall South Cro | SJ21NE | SJ2922117208 |
| 5260 | Upper Green Enclosure | SN98SE | SN95248421 |
| 5750 | Lluestddualt Enclosure | SN89SE | SN892906 |
| 5752 | Berth Ddu Cropmark | SO08NW | SO017857 |
| 5759 | Cwm Cignant enclosure | SO08SW | SO011826 |
| 5768 | Deuddwr Cropmark | SJ21NW | SJ237174 |
| 5930 | Trwst Llewelyn Enclosure | SO29NW | SO2040098500 |
| 6150 | Red House Enclosure II | SO09SW | SO04969258 |
| 6203 | Tan y Foel Enclosure | SJ02NW | SJ03242577 |
| 6258 | Pen y Cae Cropmarks II | SN89SE | SN86879259 |
| 7031 | Aberhafesp Hall Enclosure | SO09SE | SO06809242 |
| 7032 | Cil-Gwrgan Crossing Enclosure | SO19SW | SO14389291 |
| 7097 | Gelli Lwyd Hillfort | SJ22SW | SJ21852305 |
| 7107 | Ty Coch Cropmark | SJ21NE | SJ2673919646 |
| | • | | |

| PRN | Name | Map Sq | NGR |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------------|
| 7108 | Moat Farm Enclosure Complex | SJ20SW | SJ21340411 |
| 7129 | Jamesford enclosure V | SO29NW | SO2072297388 |
| 7132 | Pwllglas Enclosure | SN98NE | SN971899 |
| 7135 | Bank House Enclosure II | SJ20SE | SJ27650445 |
| 7762 | Blackpool Wood | SJ10NE | SJ198064 |
| 7943 | Varchoel enclosure | SJ21SW | SJ232125 |
| 7970 | Llandysilio double-ditched enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2624519066 |
| 7974 | Moors Farm enclosure cropmark | SJ20NW | SJ2440009100 |
| 13354 | Tyn-y-Rhos earthworks | SJ01SE | SJ08211008 |
| 32842 | Gungrog fawr enclosure | SJ20NW | SJ2332908983 |
| 32844 | Hope Farm enclosure | SJ20NW | SJ2476207346 |
| 32850 | The Moors enclosure II | SJ20SW | SJ2421603321 |
| 32851 | The Moors enclosure III | SJ20SW | SJ2402003185 |
| 32863 | Henfron enclosure II | SO19NE | SO1891196238 |
| 32866 | Rose Cottage cropmark | SO19NE | SO1918099222 |
| 38010 | The Hollies Cropmarks | SJ21NW | SJ2187416874 |
| 38011 | Godor Enclosure | SJ21NW | SJ2029118206 |
| 38022 | Grove Farm Enclosure II | SJ22SW | SJ2471620474 |
| 38043 | Maerdy Enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2562816624 |
| 38051 | Gwern y Go Enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2861716776 |
| 38053 | Gwern y Go enclosure II | SJ21NE | SJ2859816847 |
| 38064 | Ashfields Enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2797017843 |
| 38082 | Gwerglodd-beillied Enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2586718580 |
| 38083 | Rhysnant Lodge Enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2657118082 |
| 38097 | Cae-hen Enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2711919031 |
| 38102 | Cae-hen Enclosure II | SJ21NE | SJ2704618888 |
| 38128 | Domgay Farm Enclosure | SJ21NE | SJ2867518734 |
| 38187 | Folly Bridge Enclosure II | SJ21SW | SJ2300411647 |
| 44469 | Cringoed Farm, parchmarks | SH80SE | SH8814001740 |
| 67485 | Little Garth enclosure | SJ21SW | SJ2198110133 |
| 70857 | Meusydd enclosure | SJ12NW | SJ1412925347 |
| 70866 | Tomen Cefncoch enclosure | SJ12NW | SJ1043526499 |
| 72163 | Sylfaen Enclosure II | SJ10NE | SJ17390641 |
| 72164 | Sutton enclosure II | SO29NW | SO20349710 |
| 72165 | Lymore Park enclosure II | SO29NW | SO2357095240 |
| 72166 | Dolhafren enclosure | SO09SW | SO04959159 |
| 85411 | Llanidloes, Penrallt, earthworks | SN98NW | SN94998585 |
| 101066 | Yr Allt hillfort | SJ12SE | SJ19842412 |
| 101577 | Pentre Poeth Enclosure | SJ12NE | SJ160285 |
| 101806 | Pen-llan Cropmark | SJ12NW | SJ12352642 |
| 101825 | Pentre Enclosure | SJ22NW | SJ20052850 |
| 101829 | Derwen Deg Enclosure | SJ22NW | SJ21852905 |
| 103017 | Craig Fawr enclosure | SJ12NE | SJ18452639 |

Part 2: List of Authentic and Unproven Sites by Name

| Name | PRN | Map Sq | NGR |
|--|--------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Aber Biga Enclosure | 4937 | SN88NE | SN882899 |
| Aber Rhiw Felen Enclosure | 5111 | SN79NE | SN78859865 |
| Aberhafesp Hall Enclosure | 7031 | SO09SE | SO06809242 |
| Allt Fron Ddu Cropmark | 1405 | SN99NW | SN93469897 |
| Ashfields Enclosure | 38064 | SJ21NE | SJ2797017843 |
| Bank House Enclosure II | 7135 | SJ21NE SJ20SE | SJ27650445 |
| Barclodied y Gawres Camp | 3893 | SJ20SE SJ00SE | SJ08450090 |
| Belan Lock Common farmstead | 3602 | SJ20SE SJ20SW | SJ21020486 |
| | 5752 | SO08NW | SO017857 |
| Berth Ddu Cropmark Blackpool Wood | 7762 | SJ10NE | SJ198064 |
| Bryn Bank enclosure II | 3720 | SO19SW | SO11459224 |
| Bylch Enclosure | 4522 | SN98NE | SN99578780 |
| Cae-hen Enclosure | 38097 | SJ21NE | SJ2711919031 |
| Cae-hen Enclosure II | 38102 | SJ21NE | SJ2711919031 SJ2704618888 |
| Cefn Golog Wood Enclosure | 1903 | SO18NE | SO17908675 |
| Cefnbyrhedyn Cropmark | 1370 | SN89NW | SN83929813 |
| Cil-Gwrgan Crossing Enclosure | 7032 | SO19SW | SO14389291 |
| Close Bank Enclosure | 1851 | SN98NE | SN998894 |
| Court Wood Enclosure | 5129 | SO19SE | SO163943 |
| Craig Fawr enclosure | 103017 | SJ12NE | SJ18452639 |
| Cringoed Farm, parchmarks | 44469 | SH80SE | SH8814001740 |
| Cwm Cignant enclosure | 5759 | SO08SW | SO011826 |
| Cwm Enclosure | 4526 | SN98SE | SN98468380 |
| Ddwynant Gerig Cropmarks | 1393 | SN89SE | SN88819376 |
| Derwen Deg Enclosure | 101829 | SJ22NW | SJ21852905 |
| Deuddwr Cropmark | 5768 | SJ22NW | SJ237174 |
| Dolguog Cropmark | 5164 | SH70SE | SH76350188 |
| Dolhafren enclosure | 72166 | SO09SW | SO04959159 |
| Domgay Farm Enclosure | 38128 | SJ21NE | SJ2867518734 |
| Dyffryn Hall Wood Enclosure | 85 | SJ11SE | SJ15031337 |
| Esgair For Cropmark | 5160 | SH70SE | SH786047 |
| Fan Camp | 1836 | SN98NW | SN9308088440 |
| Ffos y Ffwydan Enclosure | 4320 | SN88SE | SN88868268 |
| Folly Bridge Enclosure II | 38187 | SJ21SW | SJ2300411647 |
| Fron Goch Hillfort | 718 | SH80SW | SH82220136 |
| Gallt y Gog Hillfort | 711 | SH70SE | SH75190124 |
| Gareg Stican Enclosure | 5086 | SN99SW | SN92709380 |
| Gelli Lwyd Hillfort | 7097 | SJ22SW | SJ21852305 |
| Godor Enclosure | 38011 | SJ21NW | SJ2029118206 |
| Gronwen Enclosure | 4652 | SN88NE | SN887895 |
| Grove Farm Enclosure II | 38022 | SJ22SW | SJ2471620474 |
| Gungrog fawr enclosure | 32842 | SJ20NW | SJ2332908983 |
| Gwerglodd-beillied Enclosure | 38082 | SJ21NE | SJ2586718580 |
| Gwern y Go Enclosure | 38051 | SJ21NE | SJ2861716776 |
| Gwern y Go enclosure II | 38053 | SJ21NE | SJ2859816847 |
| Gwerneirin enclosure | 2513 | SO08NW | SO017894 |
| Henfron enclosure II | 32863 | SO19NE | SO1891196238 |
| Henfryn Enclosure I | 778 | SO09SW | SO02709290 |
| Hope Farm enclosure | 32844 | SJ20NW | SJ2476207346 |
| Hydan Cottages Cropmarks | 5060 | SJ10NW | SJ14920718 |
| Jamesford enclosure V | 7129 | SO29NW | SO2072297388 |
| Little Garth enclosure | 67485 | SJ21SW | SJ2198110133 |
| Llandrinio Field System, Llandrinio Hall South Cro | 5256 | SJ21NE | SJ2922117208 |
| Llandysilio double-ditched enclosure | 7970 | SJ21NE | SJ2624519066 |
| Llanidloes, Penrallt, earthworks | 85411 | SN98NW | SN94998585 |
| 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 | | | |

| Name | PRN | Map Sq | NGR |
|--|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Lluestddualt Enclosure | 5750 | SN89SE | SN892906 |
| Lords Buildings Cropmark I | 4923 | SJ20NE | SJ27420702 |
| Lymore Park enclosure II | 72165 | SO29NW | SO2357095240 |
| Maerdy Enclosure | 38043 | SJ21NE | SJ2562816624 |
| Meusydd enclosure | 70857 | SJ12NW | SJ1412925347 |
| Moat Farm Enclosure Complex | 7108 | SJ20SW | SJ21340411 |
| Moel Bentyrch Hillfort | 1330 | SJ00NE | SJ05530949 |
| Moel Eiddew Earthwork | 1295 | SH80NE | SH865051 |
| Moelfre Cropmark | 3712 | SO08SW | SO002837 |
| Moeliart Enclosure | 4867 | SO08NW | SO046880 |
| Moors Farm enclosure cropmark | 7974 | SJ20NW | SJ2440009100 |
| Parc y Rhiw cropmark | 1433 | SN99NE | SN99519671 |
| Pen y Bryn Castell Hillfort | 3576 | SN99NE | SN978972 |
| Pen y Bryn Earthwork | 760 | SJ10NW | SJ11710813 |
| Pen y Cae Cropmarks II | 6258 | SN89SE | SN86879259 |
| Pen y Castell enclosure | 997 | SO18NW | SO13458755 |
| Pen-Ilan Cropmark | 101806 | SJ12NW | SJ12352642 |
| Penthryn Lane Cropmark | 5114 | SJ21NE | SJ253157 |
| Pentre Enclosure | 101825 | SJ22NW | SJ20052850 |
| Pentre Poeth Enclosure | 101577 | SJ12NE | SJ160285 |
| Pwllglas Enclosure | 7132 | SN98NE | SN971899 |
| Red House Enclosure II | 6150 | SO09SW | SO04969258 |
| Rhysnant Lodge Enclosure | 38083 | SJ21NE | SJ2657118082 |
| Rose Cottage cropmark | 32866 | SO19NE | SO1918099222 |
| Roundton Hillfort | 194 | SO29SE | SO2939094980 |
| Sutton enclosure II | 72164 | SO29NW | SO20349710 |
| Sylfaen Enclosure II | 72163 | SJ10NE | SJ17390641 |
| Fan y Foel Enclosure | 6203 | SJ02NW | SJ03242577 |
| The Hollies Cropmarks | 38010 | SJ21NW | SJ2187416874 |
| The Moat | 775 | SO09SW | SO04659048 |
| The Moors enclosure II | 32850 | SJ20SW | SJ2421603321 |
| The Moors enclosure III | 32851 | SJ20SW | SJ2402003185 |
| Tomen Cefncoch enclosure | 70866 | SJ12NW | SJ1043526499 |
| Trwst Llewelyn Enclosure | 5930 | SO29NW | SO2040098500 |
| Twit Enclosure | 1817 | SO19SE | SO16849097 |
| Ty Coch Cropmark | 7107 | SJ21NE | SJ2673919646 |
| Tyn-y-Rhos earthworks | 13354 | SJ21NE SJ01SE | SJ08211008 |
| Jpper Green Enclosure | 5260 | SN98SE | SN95248421 |
| Varchoel enclosure | 7943 | SJ21SW | SJ232125 |
| and the second s | 5116 | SJ21SW SJ21SW | SJ247132 |
| Varchoel Lane Cropmarks II | | | |
| Weaver Plantation Cropmark Tr Allt hillfort | 4927 101066 | SJ20NE SJ12SE | SJ27130669 SJ19842412 |
| /= Allt billtort | | | |

NGR SJ15031337 Map SJ11SE Altitude 130m OD

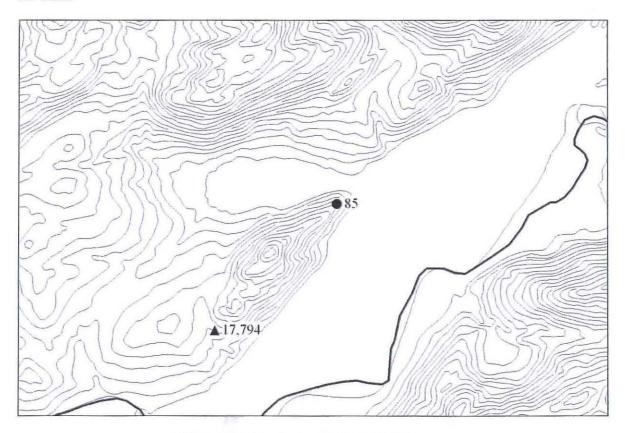
Type Defended enclosure Form Earthwork Period Iron Age?

HER: 3m deep ditch effectively isolating small knoll. Area enclosed very small and seems unsuited to habitation. Possible linear quarrying cannot be ruled out. Not visited.

CPAT 2007: Approximately oval enclosure defined by a rock-cut ditch which separates the end of a narrow rock ridge from the main part of the ridge to the W. There are very steep slopes on the N, E and S sides, so there was evidently no need for additional defences in these directions. In fact the N side, and to a lesser extent parts of the E and S sides, approach the vertical. The ridge to the W is very narrow for the next 400m, with its crest being no more than 5m wide and more generally 2m wide, so the enclosure has an excellent defensive setting.

The interior is on two levels, an upper adjacent to the ditch, which is slightly domed and some 10m in diameter, while the lower part on the E is fairly level and measures 20m by 12m. There is room for there to have been at least two huts in the interior, but no definite evidence of their presence. The W face of the defensive ditch is almost bare of vegetation and near vertical in its lower part, while the E face is a steep grassy slope. Access to the interior was probably from the S end of the ditch where there are hints of a terrace running towards the E part.

There has been some locally intense damage to both parts of the interior owing to burrowing animals and probably fallen trees having pulled out their roots. Conifer saplings are widely present throughout the interior and along the ridge to the W. A footpath, which ascends the N slope below the enclosure then runs along the ditch before turning W and continuing along the ridge, has caused some erosion, and there is a short spur path off this which has left an erosion scar on the E face of the ditch.



PRN 85 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Roundton Hillfort PRN 194

NGR SO2939094980 Map SO29SE Altitude 360m OD

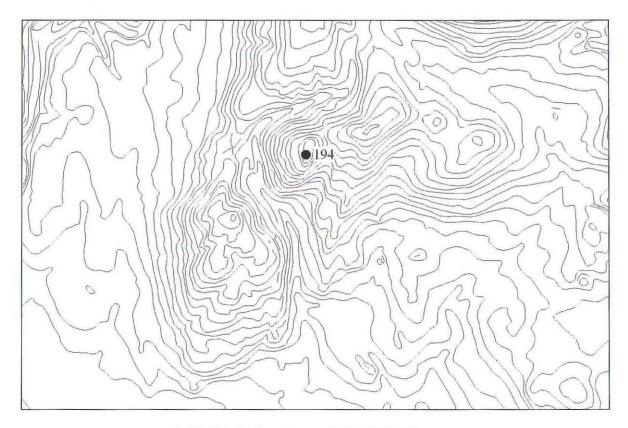
Type Hillfort Form Earthwork Period Iron Age

HER: Irregular univallate enclosure occupying hilltop position and comprising single earth and stone rampart running between natural outcrops. Original entrance on NE side. Rampart best preserved at SW end where it is 12m wide and 1.2m high. Flint finds, comprising a blade and two flakes, have been found in the interior.

CCW 2000: Hill designated as National Nature Reserve in 2000.

CPAT 2001: The rampart defences are best preserved on the S or SW side. There is no rampart visible on the east side except for a short stretch adjacent to the simple entrance (2m wide) to the NE. Very precipitous and rocky slopes on this side of the hill probably made defensive banks unnecessary. The SW section of the rampart encloses a flattish terrace-like area some distance below summit of the hill. There is an internal ditch at this point, but no external one. Natural steep slope lies below the rampart. Height from bottom of ditch to top of rampart bank is c.1.5m. Top of rampart is c.1.5m to 2m wide. Distance from centre of ditch to crest of rampart is 7m. All this area is grass-covered so construction materials not apparent. Along the W side of the hill the rampart defence is very slight, and appears as more of a berm or narrow terrace. The bank increases in height towards the NW and N side, rising to a height of c.0.5m high at the entrance. Max width of base of entrance is 2m, but entrance gap at level of top of bank is much wider c.7.5m wide. Height from base of entrance to top of banks either side is c.1.3m. No internal features visible within the fort.

CPAT 2007: Well-preserved univallate hillfort, measuring 210m N/S by 105m E/W, which occupies the summit of Roundton Hill. The surface of the interior is irregular and formed of a series of rock outcrops interspersed with natural grassy terraces. The best possibility for a hut site lies immediately to the S of the entrance in the NE part of the enclosure, where there is a level patch of ground some 10m in diameter. The entrance consists of a simple gap, 2m wide at the base but 8m wide at the top of the rampart, and is approached by a zig-zag track that commences at the saddle separating Roundton from the next hill to the ENE. The stone and earth rampart varies between 7m and 10m wide and generally consists of a level terrace, c.2m wide, surmounting an external scarp that varies from 2m to 3m high, where the ground drops away to the S, W and N. Occasionally (on the S and NE) the rampart is up to 0-5m high internally, but this configuration is rare. Most of the E side is without a rampart, its place being taken by a very steep E-facing rocky scarp, approximately 50m high. There has been a certain amount of damage caused by burrowing animals, mainly in the W and SW parts of the interior, with lesser disturbance on the E side, overlooking the rock scarp. Unfortunately, where burrowing has taken place, it is generally confined to areas of deeper soil, which are perhaps the most favourable sites for dwellings.



PRN 194 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Roundton Hillfort (PRN 194), from the NNW (CPAT 85-C-0153)

Gallt y Gog Hillfort

NGR SH75190124

Map SH70SE

Altitude 85m OD

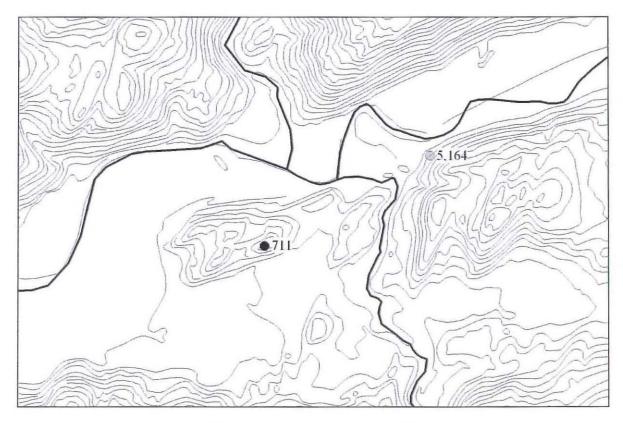
Type Hillfort

Form Earthwork

Period Iron Age

HER: Linear bank some 60m long between 1.5m and 2m wide and up to 0.5m high with intermittent ditch some 2m wide on uphill side. Sited on hilltop. Possible strengthening of natural defensive site to create a hillfort (as suggested by RCAHMW, 1911) though possibly merely a boundary feature. Probable original approach from SE. Site now afforested making interpretation very difficult.

CPAT 2007: A moderately well-preserved hillfort on the summit of Gallt y Gog, a small hill immediately N of Machynlleth. The SE side of the defences is mostly a partially embanked natural rock ridge, which becomes a steeply sloping scarp bank, 9m wide and 3m high (externally) or 0.5m high (internally). This curves away and around to the NW, before continuing in a generally NE direction parallel with a modern fence. A gap of c.18m appears towards the NE end, but the N corner of the fort is fairly obvious. The NE side comprises a scarp, 2m high and c.10m wide, which meets the end of the rock ridge. The interior is fairly uneven at the SW end, mostly due to rock on or near the surface, but levels out to the NE. There is no obvious evidence of dwellings. A WW2 lookout post, 3m E/W by 2m and 1.5m high, lies within the interior, towards the SW end. This is constructed of a sectional concrete base on which a wooden superstructure (now lost) would have been built. The interior and defences are occupied by a mature conifer plantation and there has been some damage caused by falling trees, together with a number of animal burrows.



PRN 711 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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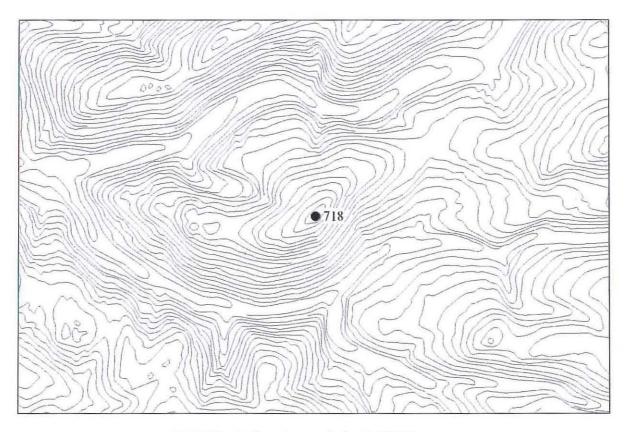
NGR SH82220136 Map SH80SW Altitude 282m OD

Type Hillfort Form Earthwork Period Iron Age

HER: Univallate oval hillfort. Enclosing an area of 103m by 46m. 1.6m high scarp slope. Trace of bank 0.6m high on NW and SW. Entrance unlocated. Disturbed by quarrying on E.

CPAT 2007: Sub-triangular hillfort on the summit of Fron Goch, measuring 110m NE/SW by 50m wide at the SW end, decreasing to 35m wide at the NE end. The defences consist of a single bank, 6m wide and 1.8m high externally, which is generally 0.5m high internally, except at the SW end where it is 0.8m high. There seems to be no evidence of an associated ditch. The SE side is formed by the top of a very steep scarp slope, where the ends of the bank have seen some disturbance from linear quarrying in the past, although the site is still relatively intact.

The main entrance, 4m wide, lies at the NE end, with a possible second entrance, 2m wide in the centre of the NW side, although this may be the result of erosion. In the interior, a number of possible locations suitable for circular huts were noted, with one at the NE end of the enclosure seeming to have clear evidence of a circular hut, 10m in diameter.



PRN 718 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Fron Goch Hillfort (PRN 718), from the NW (CPAT 87-C-0220)

Pen y Bryn Earthwork

NGR SJ11710813

Map SJ10NW

Altitude 183m OD

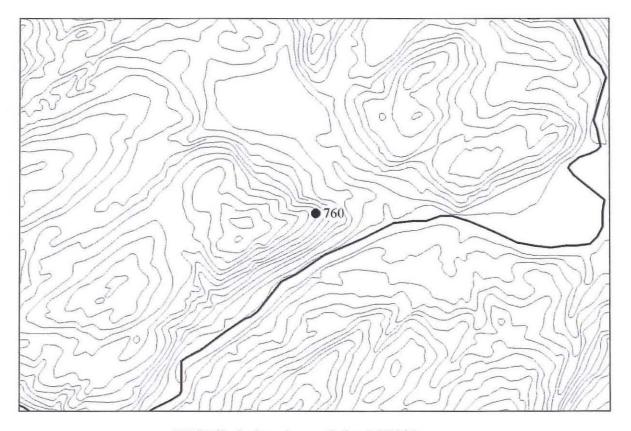
Type Defended enclosure

Form Earthwork

Period Iron Age

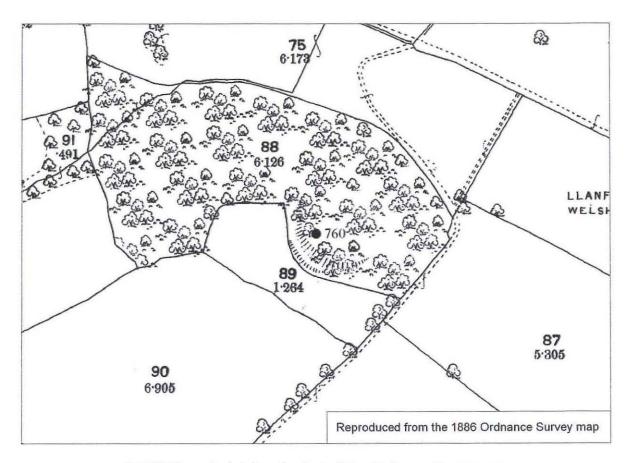
HER: Possible enclosure approx 60m diameter. Much plough damage though faint terracing may represent a bank and ditch. Possible hill-slope enclosure.

CPAT 2007: The remains of what seems to be an eroded sub-circular hill-slope enclosure, located in improved pasture on a fairly steep NE-facing slope, some 2km to the NE of Llanfair Caereinion. The interior is sub-circular and slopes markedly, although the ground levels off slightly upslope, to the SW. On the NE, the ground drops very steeply into a wood. The defences appear to be univallate and comprise a low and broad bank which is very faint in places, but is up to about 10m wide and 0.5m high. It is reasonably certain that there is a ditch on the SW and W, measuring approximately 5m wide and 0.4m deep, but no evidence of an entrance could be discerned. The site measures approximately 65m in overall diameter.



PRN 760 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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PRN 760, as depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey map

The Moat PRN 775

NGR SO04659048

Map SO09SW

Altitude 175m OD

Type Defended enclosure

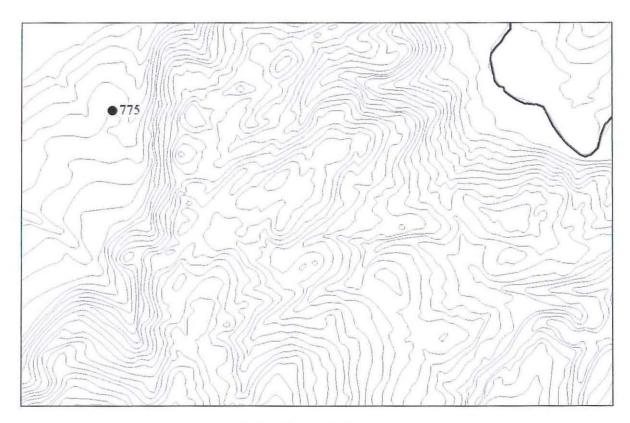
FormEarthwork

Period Medieval

HER: Ditched motte with double bailey extending to the north. The inner bailey is 60.0m by 50.0m and the outer one 190.0m by 100.0m, but it is weakly defended and probably adjunct to the original enclosure. A farmhouse and buildings have been built at the junction of the two baileys. Subject of planning application (M.13144) requiring SMC in May 1985. Possible Iron Age enclosure adapted in medieval period.

Cadw 1998: Steep sided motte 12.0m high and 15.0m across the top, surrounded by a wide waterlogged ditch/moat. The motte is turf-covered and has a large number of trees. The inner bailey is surrounded by a substantial bank and ditch with an entrance in the north leading to the outer bailey. The banks have trees and scrub in places and the interior is undisturbed pasture. The outer bailey, defined by a scarp with slight traces of a bank on its crest, is under improved grassland. The scarp is largely covered in undergrowth and followed by a hedge and fence.

CPAT 2007: This earthwork was not visited in 2007 because it is already statutorily designated. The disproportionately large bailey hints at re-use, but confirmation of an Iron Age enclosure here is likely to come only from extensive excavation.



PRN 775 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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The Moat (PRN 775), from the SE (CPAT 94-C-0234)

NGR SO02709290

Map SO09SW

Altitude 130m OD

Type Enclosure?

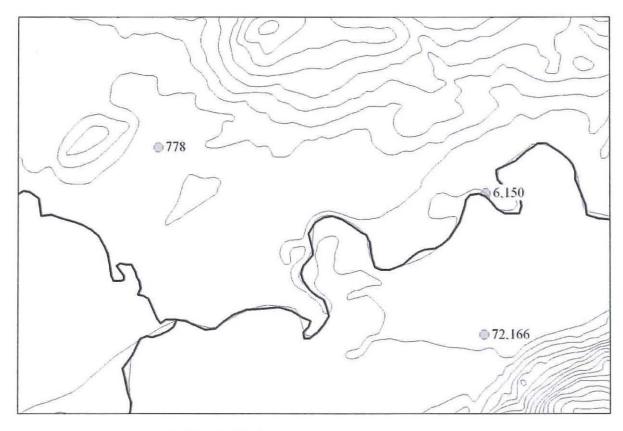
Form Earthwork

Period Roman?

HER: Apparent rectangular enclosure having its S side missing (OS map of 1964). No such feature was noted by either the RCAHMW in 1911 or the OS in 1972, though a series of vague undulations were seen by CPAT in 1978. No further detail.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of an enclosure. There are some low linear undulations running NNE/SSW, and perhaps 30m apart, but these are undoubtedly geomorphological and do not form artificial banks. It seems most likely that the undulations are indicators of an old stream course of the Afon Carno as the ground is very low-lying. A cast-iron grid, approximately 50m to the NW of the given NGR, suggests that some form of pipeline passes through the field.

The enclosure was first depicted on the 1903 OS 2nd edition map (Montgomeryshire 35SE), where it is shown as a tapering sub-rectangular embanked earthwork, with its SSW end missing. This corresponds roughly to the visible undulations, but on the ground, the N and E sides have the appearance of material deposited on the inside of a stream meander. The authenticity of the site will only be determined by further work.



PRN 778 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Pen y Castell enclosure

NGR SO13458755

Map SO18NW

Altitude 345m OD

Type Hillfort

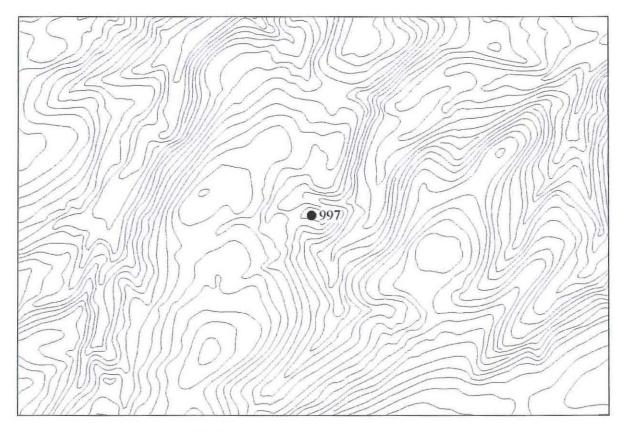
Form Earthwork

Period Iron Age

HER: Multivallate sub-triangular spur end enclosure. Some 120m across. Inner enclosure abuts N-facing scarp crest of an E/W spur with second (and possible a third according to Hughes, I T, 1928) rampart to W. Whole damaged by small quarries.

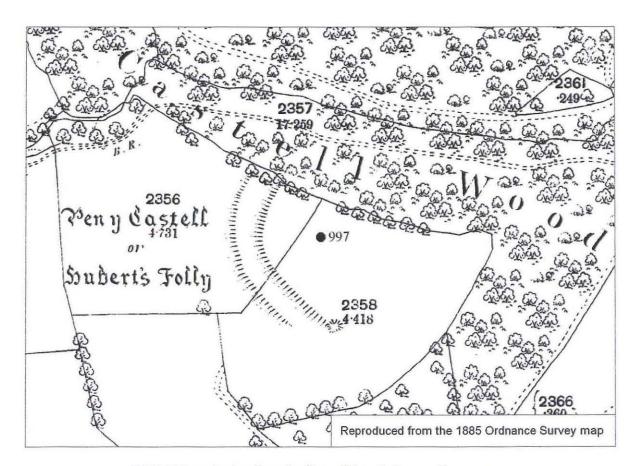
CPAT 2007: Approximately D-shaped bivallate enclosure, measuring 120m E/W by 90m and sited on a promontory with a very steep ravine defining the N side. The defences on the W and S sides consist of two scarps, 10m to 15m apart, and varying from 1.8m high on the S to 0.8m high on the W where they have been reduced by land improvement. There is a discontinuity at the SE corner, where a later quarry has been dug. The defences continue N from the quarry as a single bank, approximately 10m wide and 0.5m high, which probably extended the line of the inner scarp, but ends prematurely some 30m short of the ravine. The large gap suggests the possibility that the site was never completed. No evidence of the putative third rampart/ditch was found on the W side.

Two possible entrance locations were identified; one may have existed in the large gap between the end of the bank and the ravine and another possibly at the junction between the bank and the multivallate scarps. No internal features were recognised.



PRN 997 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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PRN 997, as depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey map

Moel Eiddew Earthwork

PRN 1295

NGR SH865051

Map SH80NE

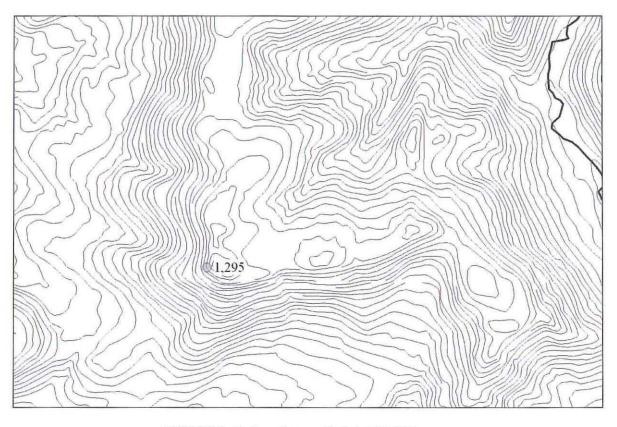
Altitude 434m OD

Type Hillfort?

Form Document

Period Iron Age

HER: Reputed circular earthwork on Moel Eiddew, 4km SE of Cemmaes. Also said to be Roman. No trace on the ground.



PRN 1295 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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NGR SJ05530949

Map SJ00NE

Altitude 335m OD

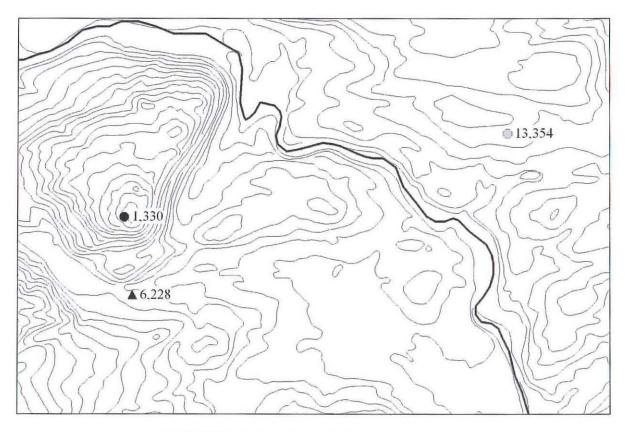
Type Hillfort

Form Earthwork

Period Iron Age

HER: Probable hillfort. Interrupted rampart on NNE, WNW and SSW-facing sides of the subsquare local summit. Measures 250m NNE/SSW by 200m WNW/ESE. Natural cliff on E. Possible inner rampart in S part. Potentially an unfinished hillfort.

CPAT 2007: Incomplete hillfort on the summit of Moel Bentyrch. The defences are only present on the NE and SW sides, the SE having natural defences formed by the steep scarp slope of the hill. On the NW, where the ground slopes away more gently, there is no real evidence of artificial defences so the site was presumably abandoned in the process of construction. The defences on the NE comprise a short section of bank and ditch, merging into a natural scarp at their NW end. Near the end of the scarp a possible continuation heads SW for a short distance before fading out. A natural scarp is present on the NW, but this seems to be more associated with later field boundaries. On the SW side of the enclosure, a bank and ditch appear, increasing in size to the SE, before encountering a possible entrance gap, 10m wide. Beyond the entrance, a substantial bank, ditch and counterscarp continue SE, before changing to a scarp and terrace on the steep SE slope of Moel Bentyrch and eventually fading out. An unusual linear scoop, 25m by 5m and of unknown origin, lies downslope to the SW and similar features are present at the same level on the W, hinting at the possibility of an even larger enclosure. The overall area of the attempted (inner) enclosure would have been about 175m in diameter.



PRN 1330 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Moel Bentyrch Hillfort (PRN 1330), from the W (CPAT 81-C-0283)

Cefnbyrhedyn Cropmark

PRN 1370

NGR SN83929813

Map SN89NW

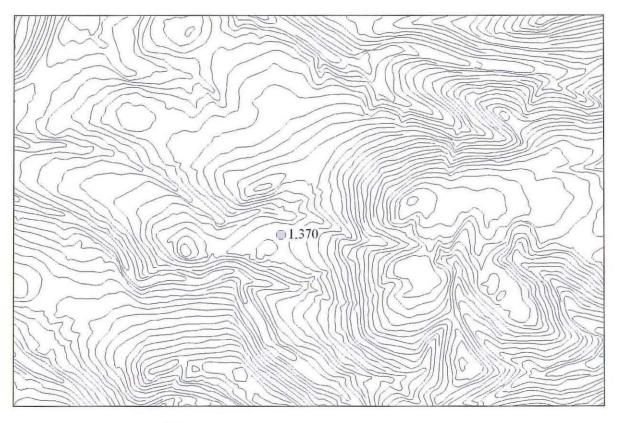
Altitude 260m OD

Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Unknown

HER: Circular cropmark some 28m diameter, with a smaller circle in the SE quadrant (RAF, AP, 1946). Invisible on the ground.



PRN 1370 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Ddwynant Gerig Cropmarks

PRN 1393

NGR SN88819376

Map SN89SE

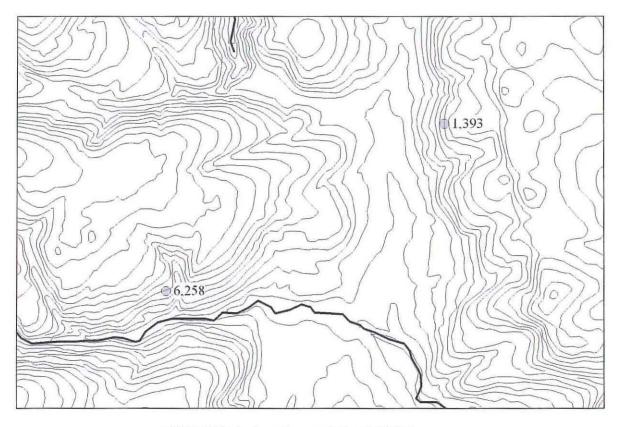
Altitude 408m OD

Type Enclosure complex

Form Cropmark

Period Unknown

HER: D-shaped enclosure and adjoining ditched enclosures. Site invisible on the ground. Dense afforestation.



PRN 1393 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Allt Fron Ddu Cropmark

PRN 1405

NGR SN93469897

Map SN99NW

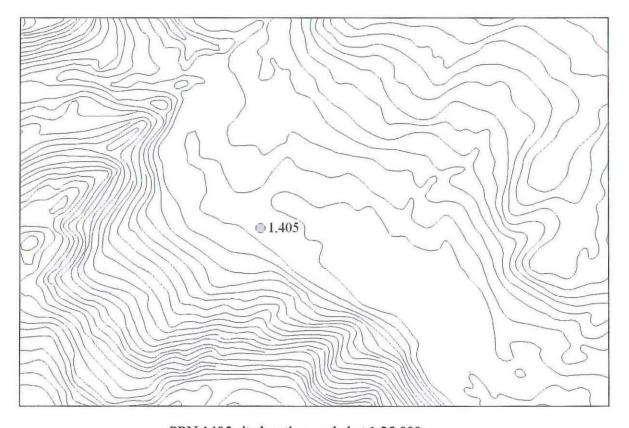
Altitude 206m OD

Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Unknown

HER: Oval cropmark some 27m by 22m (RAF AP, 1947). Presumed natural and rejected by OS.



PRN 1405 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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NGR SN99519671

Map SN99NE

Altitude 274m OD

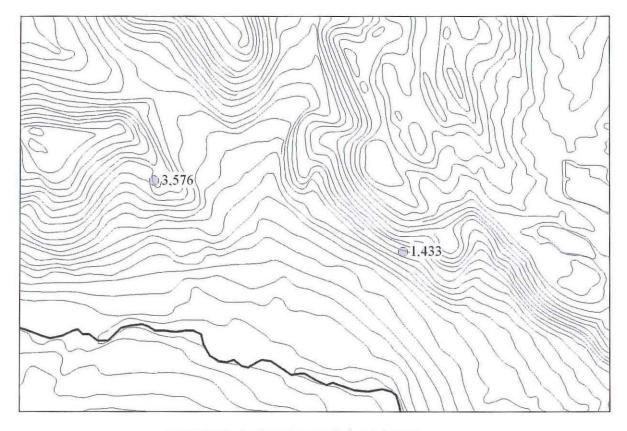
Type Hillfort?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

HER: Cropmark appearing as ditched enclosure some 67m by 20m (RAF AP, 1948). Presumed to be a natural feature and accordingly rejected by the OS (CPAT archive). No further detail.

CPAT Tir Gofal assessment, 2003: No evidence of any above-ground features are evident within the area and the position of the suggested site would be out of character for an enclosure of this type.



PRN 1433 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Twll Enclosure PRN 1817

NGR SO16849097

Map SO19SE

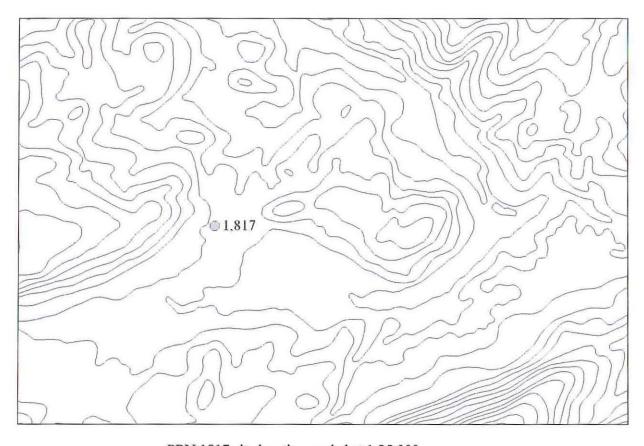
Altitude 180m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Bronze Age?

HER: Ovate enclosure. One ditch. 60m N-S by 45m E-W. Ring ditch 15m diameter joined to NW part of ditch. Surface finds of flint scraper and worked flakes from SO16829100 (Jeffery, J M, 1963-07). See also PRN 1047.



PRN 1817 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Twll Enclosure (PRN 1817), from the NW (CPAT 79-CL-0010)

Fan Camp PRN 1836

NGR SN9308088440

Map SN98NW

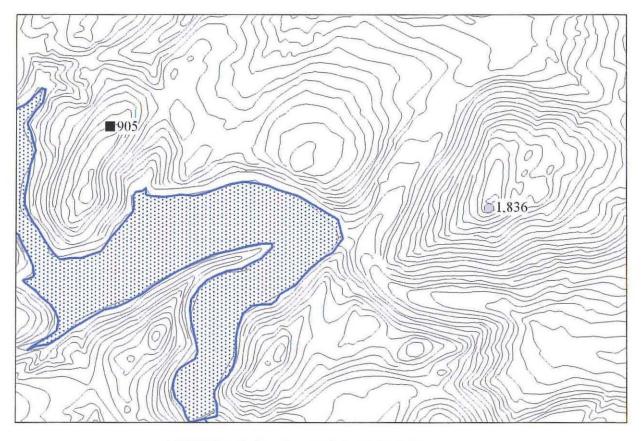
Altitude 480m OD

Type Hillfort?

Form Document

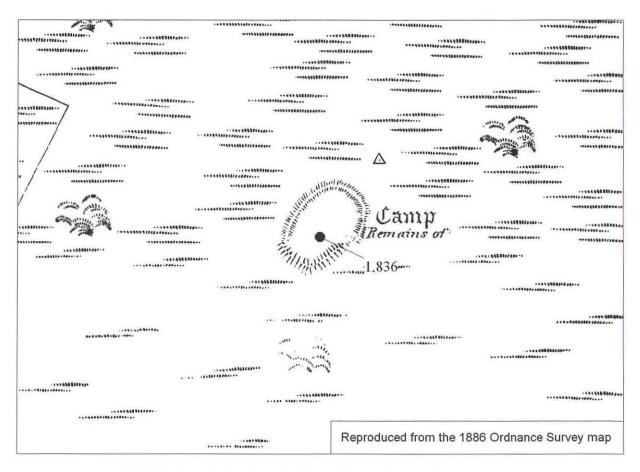
Period Iron Age

HER: The remains of a camp (OS, 1891). No such feature apparent to any subsequent reference though an apparently natural depression some 40m across and surrounded by rock outcrops does occupy the summit of Fan Hill and this may have been mistaken for an earthwork by OS, 1891 (see Spurgeon, C J, 1972; OS, 1978).



PRN 1836 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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PRN 1836, as depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey map

Close Bank Enclosure

PRN 1851

NGR SN998894

Map SN98NE

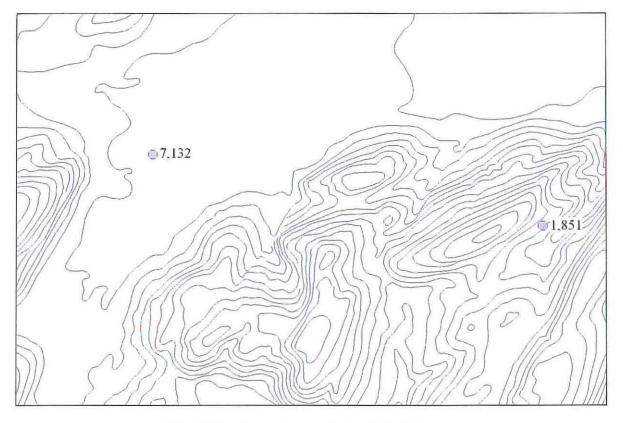
Altitude 213m OD

Type Hillfort?

Form Document

Period Iron Age?

HER: Remains of a strong rectangular enclosure measuring 90 yards by 45 yards and aligned north-east to south-west protected on three sides by steep natural slopes and on the west by a ditch and bank and producing a large quantity of stone which was subsequently used for building when ploughed (Hamer, E, 1868b; Davies, D, 1857). No such feature visible to the OS in 1978, so the feature has possibly been destroyed. Potentially a mis-siting and duplication of PRN 1845. Note also aerial photo mark (supposedly of natural origin) at SN99868966 - see PRN 6293.



PRN 1851 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Cefn Golog Wood Enclosure

PRN 1903

NGR SO17908675

Map SO18NE

Altitude 445m OD

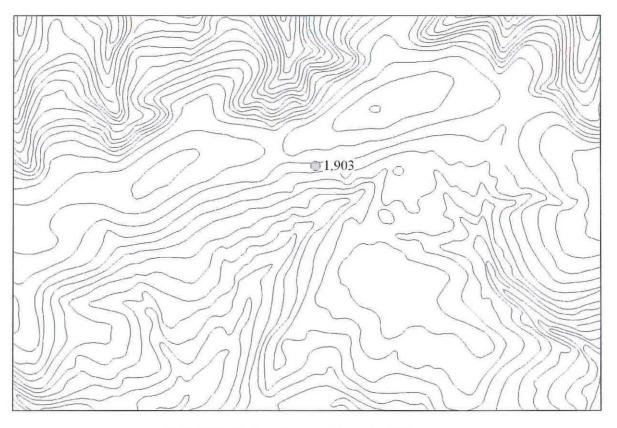
Type Enclosure

Form Document

Period Unknown

HER: Rectangular enclosure some 35m by 30m (citing RAF, AP, 1948). No further details.

CPAT 2007: Site not found in dense forestry. Felling is imminent, so the site may be revealed if any earthworks survive.



PRN 1903 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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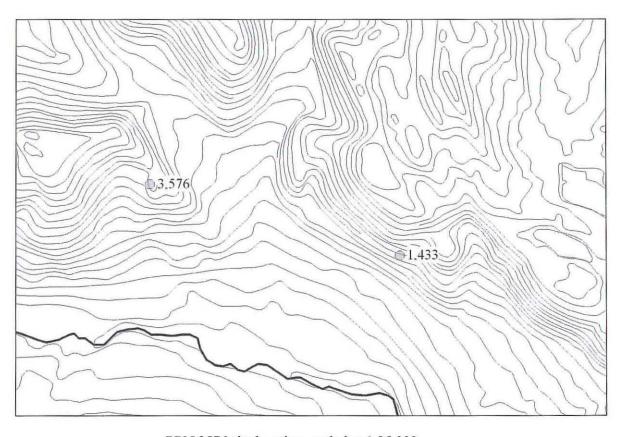
Pen y Bryn Castell Hillfort

PRN 3576

NGR SN978972 Map SN99NE Altitude 304m OD

Type Hillfort? Form Document Period Iron Age

HER: Apparent oval enclosure orientated N-S (OS, 1819). No such feature noted by CPAT site visit, 1978; OS, 1978 and presumed to be destroyed by these refs. Note cropmark sites PRN 1437 and PRN 3851 in vicinity.



PRN 3576 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Belan Lock Common farmstead

PRN 3602

NGR SJ21020486 Map SJ20SW

Altitude 134m OD

Type Farmstead

Form Earthwork

Period Post Medieval

HER: Series of banks - result of linear quarrying(?). Noted as possible motte or enclosure (CPAT, AP 1976; Musson AP).

Possible ridge and furrow in interior.

Series of small fields/rectangular enclosures separated by low banks. A decaying post remains in one corner - part of a fence or gateway. In the central one there is a low wet area possibly a former pond. A narrow channel is cut through the rock to the east to form a possible overflow. West of the "pond" are a series of low parallel banks - possible ridge and furrow. A more irregular enclosure lies to the south on the end of the ridge and is approached by a slightly sunken path. A track approaches from the south up the ridge from "Rosewood" farm/house (Visit 7.5.94).

Earthwork not due to quarrying: it is not a hillfort or motte.

Possible enclosure, with double ditches on SE side and a bank running for 62m on W side (Thomas D, 1998).

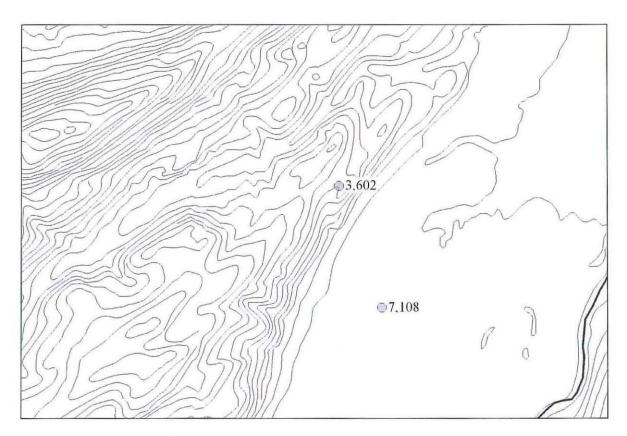
CPAT 2003: Recent aerial photography (03-c-227) shows an area of ridge and furrow on the northwest side of the ridge, and what may be a bank and ditch enclosing the south-eastern side.

CPAT 2007: A complex of earthworks/cropmarks recorded as a possible hillfort, although most of the features actually relate to a farmstead and field system visible on the first edition OS 25" map of 1886 (Montgomeryshire 23.15). The area is known locally as 'The Common'.

The defences recorded from AP sources are only present on the S and SE sides of the alleged enclosure, where they show as terraces excavated into a steep rocky scarp. The upper lies 1m to 1.5m below the top of the scarp and is 2m to 3m wide. The lower terrace is 1m to 2m wide, but takes the line of a trackway depicted on the 1886 OS map, so is perhaps not relevant. Both terraces end abruptly where they meet the alignment of a later drainage gully which cuts through the scarp and no evidence of defences was found to the N.

In the interior of the alleged enclosure, the site of the main post-medieval farm building survives as a level area with traces of stone and brick on its surface. The surrounding field system contains a possible pond and a series of very small rectilinear fields, together with an area of ridge and furrow, having a separation between ridges of 5m.

At present, it is only the upper terrace which suggests this was a defended enclosure, and the fact that this ends abruptly calls into question its authenticity. The only simple method of determining whether further evidence of potential defences is present would probably utilise geophysical survey techniques.



PRN 3602 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Belan Lock Common farmstead (PRN 3602), from the SE (CPAT 76-04-0025)

NGR SO002837

Map SO08SW

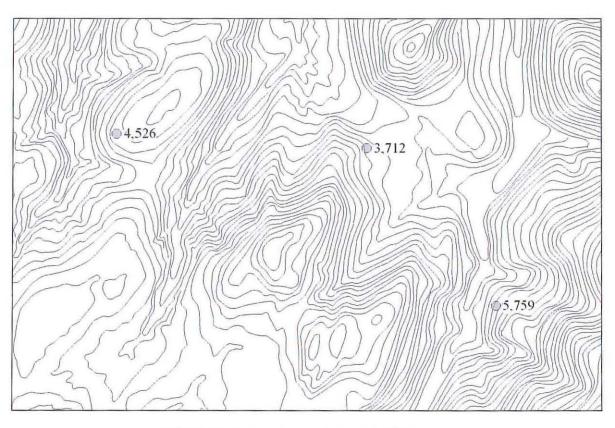
Altitude 243m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Indistinct semi-circular cropmark resembling part of an enclosure (CUAP, AP, 1973). No further detail. Site invisible on ground (OS, 1980).



PRN 3712 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Bryn Bank enclosure II

NGR SO11459224

Map SO19SW

Altitude 152m OD

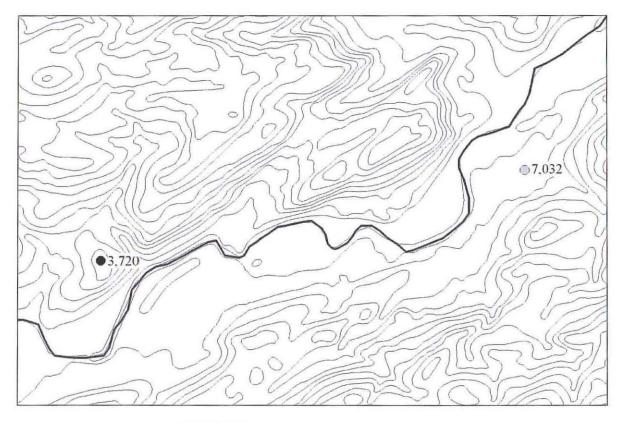
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark/earthwork Period Iron Age

HER: Apparent circular mark some 61m diameter (CUAP, AP, 1975) with corresponding scarp on ground (CPAT site visit, 1984). Possibly an enclosure though perhaps related to a covered reservoir in NW quadrant. Sited on level summit of rounded steep sided hill. Site now partly built over on western side.

CPAT 2007: The Cambridge AP (BUG 070) shows a faint circular cropmark/earthwork on the summit of the hill. It is best defined on the SE where there is at least one and possibly two ditches. These may continue around to the NE, although this is less certain. No evidence of the features is apparent on the NW, but one ditch may reappear on the SW.

A gentle scarp, up to 1m high externally, outside which the inner ditch may run, is still evident on the SE side of the enclosure, but there is no surface trace of any ditches. On the SW side of the enclosure, a small area has been left as a public open space and its irregularity hints at the possibility that one of the ditches crosses this area. The covered reservoir measures 20m NW/SE by 12m and occupies the NW part of the relatively flat summit. In general, the locality is now in use as a recreational area for the surrounding housing estates, but is an area which may well be considered for future development.



PRN 3720 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Barclodied y Gawres Camp

PRN 3893

NGR SJ08450090

Map SJ00SE

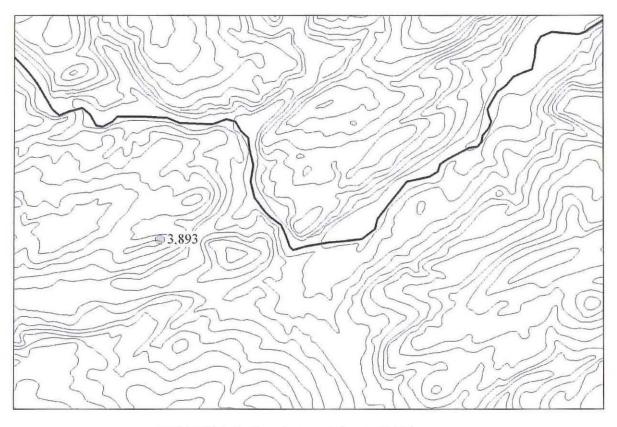
Altitude 198m OD

Type Hillfort?

Form Document

Period Iron Age

HER: Camp shown by OS. No evidence of any such feature visible on ground (CPAT site visit, 1978). See also PRN 6262.



PRN 3893 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Ffos y Ffwydan Enclosure

PRN 4320

NGR SN88868268

Map SN88SE

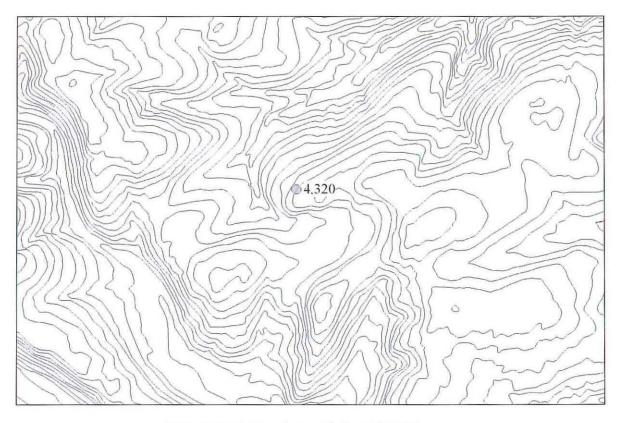
Altitude 389m OD

Type Enclosure

Form Document

Period Unknown

HER: Oval enclosure (RAF, AP, 1951). Site densely afforested. Unlocated by the OS in 1978.



PRN 4320 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Bwlch Enclosure PRN 4522

NGR SN99578780 Map SN98NE Altitude 274m OD

Type Enclosure complex? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Possible complex of adjoining rectangular and circular enclosures averaging some 20m across (RAF, AP, 1963). Sited on and below (to NW) crest of ridge. Site invisible on ground (OS, 1981). See also PRN 3569.



PRN 4522 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Cwm Enclosure PRN 4526

NGR SN98468380

Map SN98SE

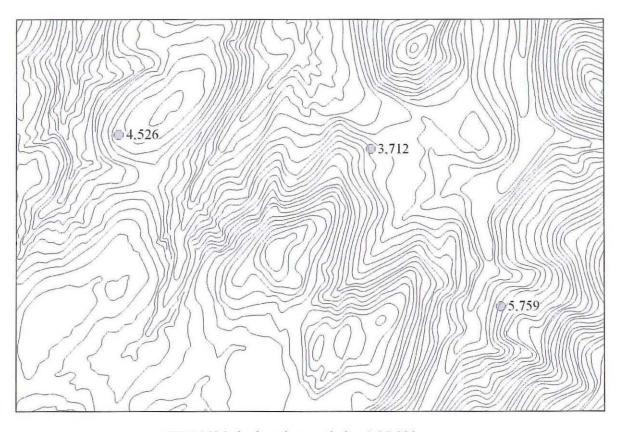
Altitude 304m OD

Type Enclosed settlement?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Cropmark of two adjoining sub rectangular enclosures with a hook shaped linear feature running out from the N corner (RAF, AP, 1963). Sited on SW facing gentle slope. Site invisible on ground (OS, 1981).



PRN 4526 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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NGR SO017894

Map SO08NW

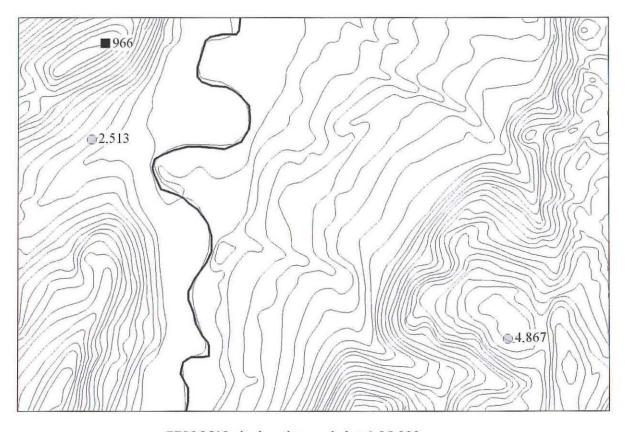
Altitude 152m OD

Type Hillfort?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

HER: Three interrupted ramparts following contours of hill (CPAT site visit, 1978 citing CUAP, AP, 1966). No further detail. Site unlocated by CPAT site visit, 1978. CUAP, AP, 1966 not seen.



PRN 2513 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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NGR SN887895

Map SN88NE

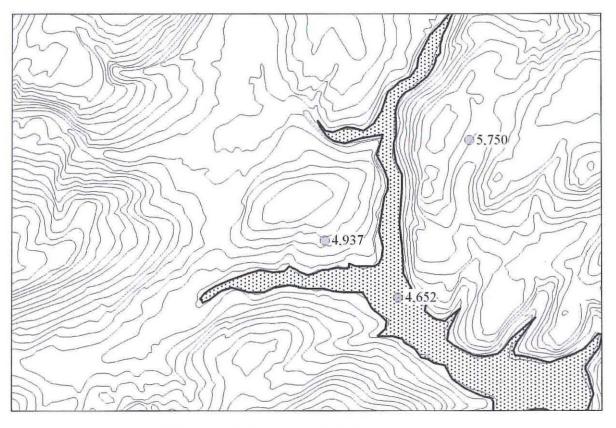
Altitude 274m OD

Type Hillfort?

Form Document

Period Iron Age

HER: Apparent oval enclosure with broken bank line encircling knoll (RAF, AP, 1963). Site now submerged by Llyn Clywedog reservoir (OS, 1981). Suggested vegetational feature (OS, 1981).



PRN 4652 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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NGR SO046880

Map SO08NW

Altitude 427m OD

Type Hillfort?

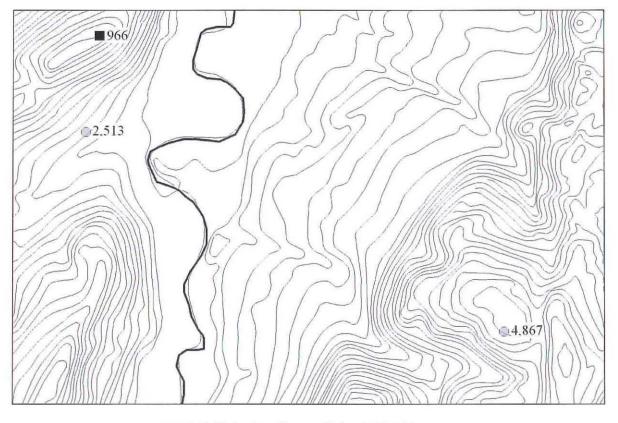
Form Earthwork

Period Iron Age?

HER: Horseshoe shaped bank on S facing hillslope. Bank 1m high (max). Possible enclosure though may be natural. No further detail.

CPAT Tir Gofal assessment, 2003: No feature of this description was identified. The landscape here is steep and sheltered. It is an unlikely position for a hillfort as it does not command any views.

CPAT 2007: No evidence of an artificial bank of the nature described was seen. It was perhaps a linear mound created by soil creep on the slope. Redundant field banks are also present in the field, but these take straight courses, so are unlikely to have given rise to the record. A curving ditch, c.2m wide and 0.5m deep, runs approximately E/W for 120m in the field to the N of the given NGR. There doesn't seem to be a corresponding bank on the inner side of the curve, so it is probably not a defensive feature. A quarry hollow near its W end suggests that the feature is actually a linear quarry.



PRN 4867 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Ystrad Faelog Hillfort

NGR SN98909295

Map SN99SE

Altitude 320m OD

Type Hillfort (promontory)

Form Earthwork

Period Iron Age

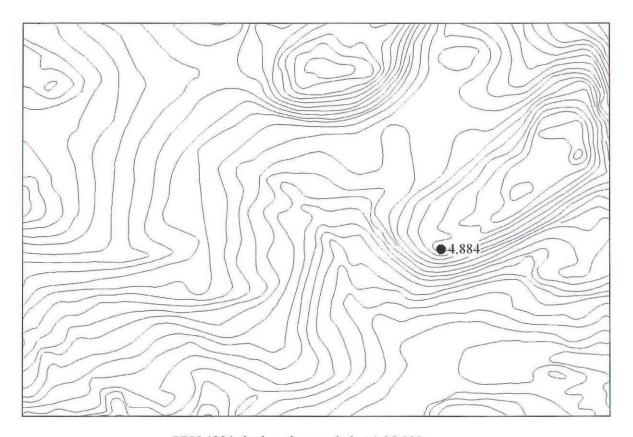
HER: Promontory fort comprising single bank and external ditch isolating NE and NW sides of SW pointing spur. Inturned entrance at NE corner. Defences much reduced by ploughing.

CPAT 2007: Approximately rectangular enclosure occupying the crest of a WSW-facing spur of Foel y Belan. The defences are present as a univallate earthwork on the N and E sides, the rest of the spur descending in steep slopes to the S and W.

On the N side of the enclosure, the defences are represented by a steep scarp some 4m high, below which is a terrace 2m to 3m wide that overlooks a further, 2m high, scarp. As it nears the W end of the enclosure, the terrace becomes a shallow ditch, 3m wide, but this ends abruptly near a precipitous hollow, perhaps signifying that the site was unfinished but more likely a factor of the steepness of the adjoining slope. As it runs to the E, the main scarp becomes less pronounced and the secondary scarp fades, until the entrance to the enclosure is reached. The entrance is approximately 8m wide and appears inturned on both sides (particularly the E) in such a way that the route appears to head NE. The E end of the enclosure is represented by a bank, up to 12m wide and 1.5m high (externally) or 0.7m high (internally). A level area, 3m wide, on the outer side of the bank probably marks the location of the ditch. The bank tails off to the S before the steep slope is reached and there may be room for a secondary entrance.

The interior of the enclosure has some surface indications of vague ridges, but these are probably natural in origin. Some land improvement has certainly taken place in the past, evidence of which can be seen on a 1989 CPAT AP, and this has probably smoothed out some of the features.

Some areas of recent disturbance are evident, with erosion hollows in the western part of the interior and a deep burrow in the bank immediately to the E of the entrance. Past disturbance includes the smoothing of features by land improvement, as noted above, and the placement of fences and hedges across the site.



PRN 4884 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Ystrad Faelog Hillfort (PRN 4884), from the NW (CPAT 85-MB-205)

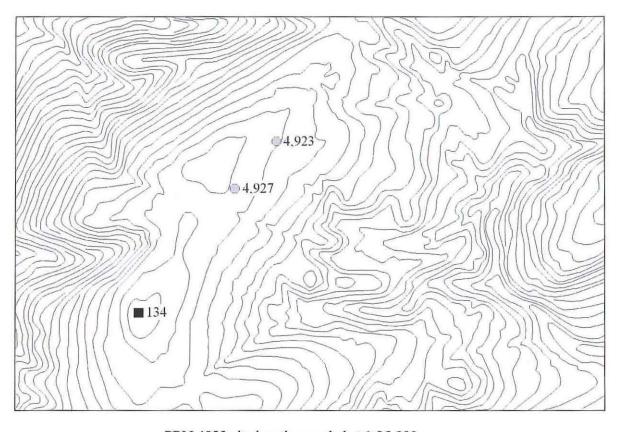
Lords Buildings Cropmark I

PRN 4923

NGR SJ27420702 Map SJ20NE Altitude 381m OD

Type Enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Prehistoric?

HER: Two near parallel curvilinear ditches some 170m NE-SW showing as cropmark. Possibly the NE part of an enclosure. Area crossed by grid iron pattern of drainage ditches.



PRN 4923 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Lords Building Cropmark I (PRN 4923) and nearby cropmark sites, from the W (CPAT 75-E-0003)

PRN 4927

Weaver Plantation Cropmark

NGR SJ27130669

Map SJ20NE

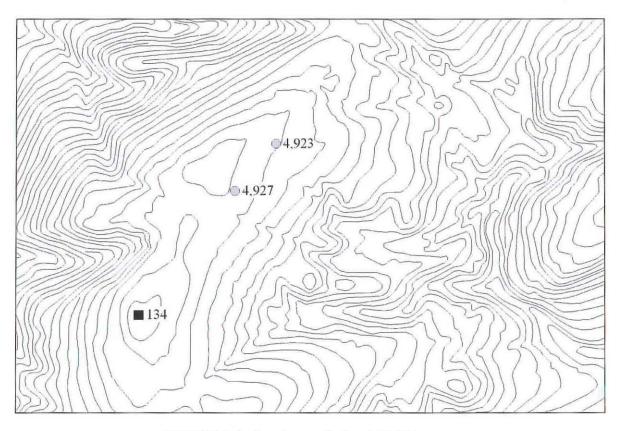
Altitude 389m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Prehistoric?

HER: Curvilinear ditch some 160m long. Running NE-SW. Possible second ditch some 40m long on E.



PRN 4927 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Weaver Plantation Cropmark I (PRN 4927), from the NW (CPAT 76-02-004)

Aber Biga Enclosure

PRN 4937

NGR SN882899

Map SN88NE

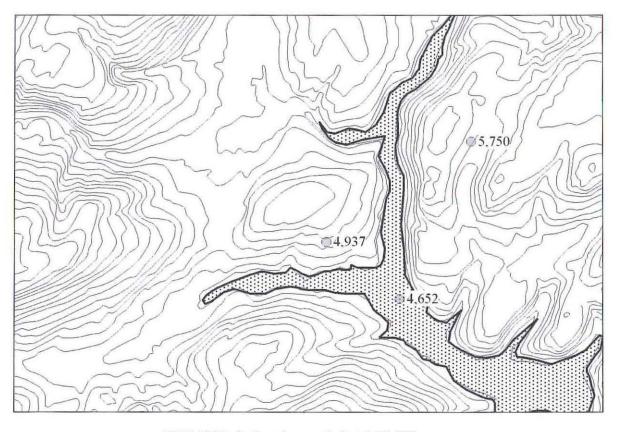
Altitude 320m OD

Type Enclosure?

Form Document

Period Unknown

HER: Possible sub-rectangular enclosure with a subdivision (RAF AP, 1963). Site under dense forest and unlocated by the OS in 1981.



PRN 4937 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Hydan Cottages Cropmarks

PRN 5060

NGR SJ14920718

Map SJ10NW

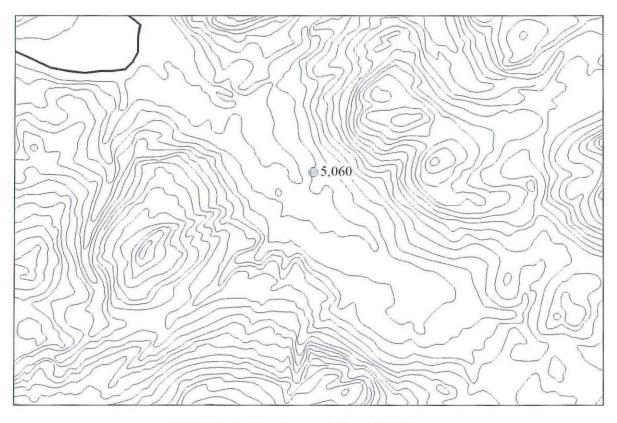
Altitude 130m OD

Type Enclosure complex?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Series of curvilinear cropmarks, two forming closed circuits. Possible series of single ditched enclosures.



PRN 5060 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Hydan Cottages Cropmarks (PRN 5060), from the SW (CPAT 79-CN-0016)

Gareg Stican Enclosure

PRN 5086

NGR SN92709380

Map SN99SW

Altitude 420m OD

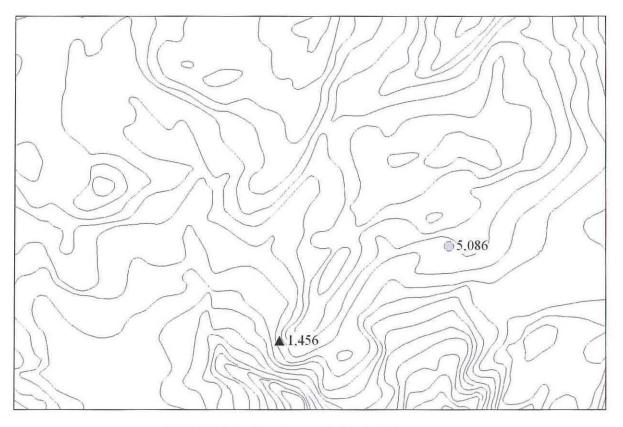
Type Enclosure?

Form Earthwork

Period Prehistoric?

HER: NW, NE and SE sides of rectangular enclosure some 50m wide (RAF, AP, 1963). Area now afforested and no such feature recognised by the OS in 1981.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the feature noted from the 1963 AP. The area has been deep ploughed and planted with conifers. Some peat deposits are present in the immediate area, of the order of 0.5m deep.



PRN 5086 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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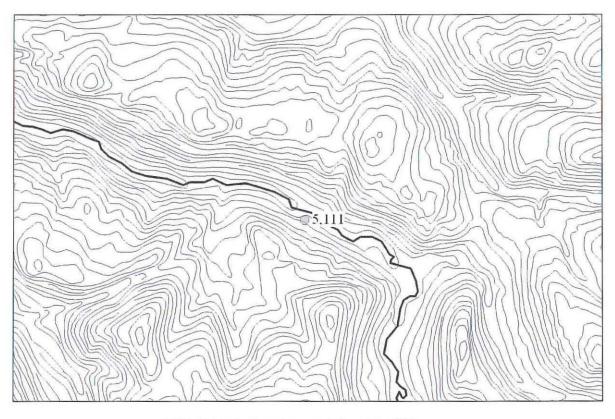
Aber Rhiw Felen Enclosure

PRN 5111

NGR SN78859865 Map SN79NE Altitude 75m OD

Type Enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Irregular one ditched enclosure some 30m across (RAF, AP, 1963). Site invisible on the ground to the OS in 1981.



PRN 5111 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Penthryn Lane Cropmark

PRN 5114

NGR SJ253157

Map SJ21NE

Altitude 85m OD

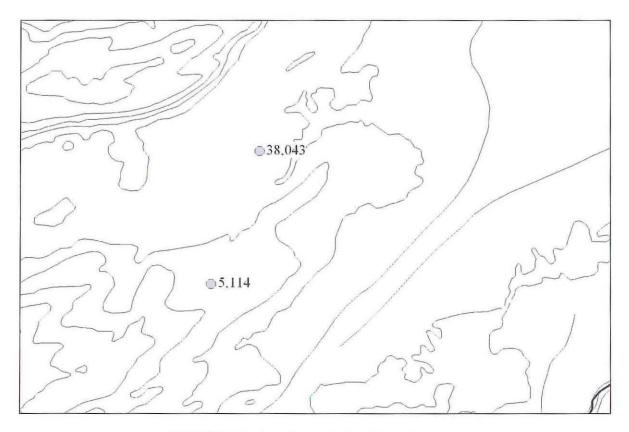
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Two cropmarks of a site situated on a spur of land which may be of Iron Age or Romano-british date was seen from the air at Ardd-lin (OS, 1981 citing Jones, G D B, 1979). Otherwise undescribed. Possibly a mis-siting of PRN 3634 by Jones, G D B, 1979 (which does not quote any AP sources etc.).

CPAT 2007: No visible remains in an arable field. The field undulates and the NGR suggests the site is located at its lowest point but perhaps needs refining. Difficult to determine authenticity without access to the lost Barri Jones AP.



PRN 5114 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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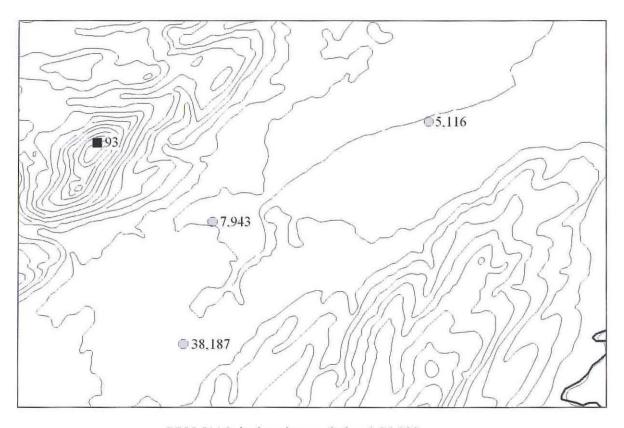
Varchoel Lane Cropmarks II

PRN 5116

NGR SJ247132 Map SJ21SW Altitude 75m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Probable univallate sub rectangular enclosure, possibly Iron Age or Romano-british in date (Jones, G D B, 1979). Otherwise undescribed. AP not seen by CPAT. Nothing seen on the ground by the OS in 1981.



PRN 5116 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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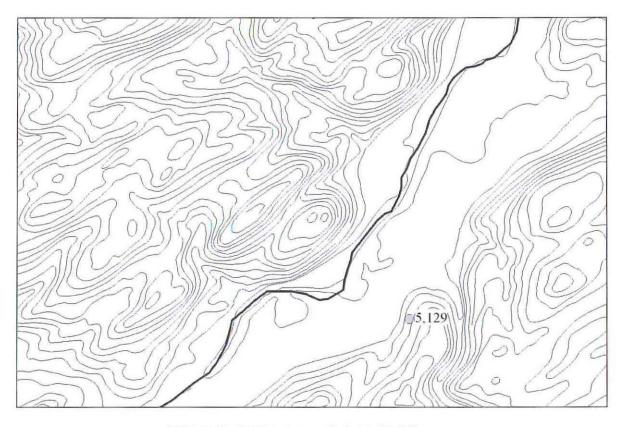
Court Wood Enclosure PRN 5129

NGR SO163943 Map SO19SE Altitude 122m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Cropmark of a circular single-ditched enclosure overlooking the confluence of the Mule and Severn (St Joseph, J K, 1975). No further detail. Aerial photograph not seen by CPAT.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the site in the 100m grid square. The land slopes steeply to the NW.



PRN 5129 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Esgair For Cropmark

PRN 5160

NGR SH786047

Map SH70SE

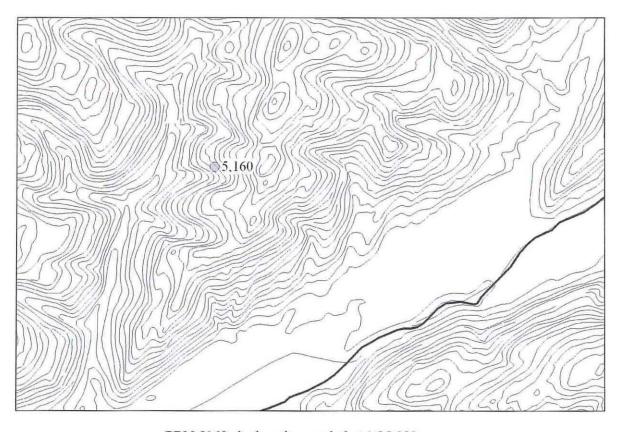
Altitude 182m OD

Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Unknown

HER: Apparent cropmark of an oval enclosure on a W-facing slope (RAF, AP, 1963). Invisible on ground (OS, 1980).



PRN 5160 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Dolguog Cropmark

NGR SH76350188

Map SH70SE

Altitude 30m OD

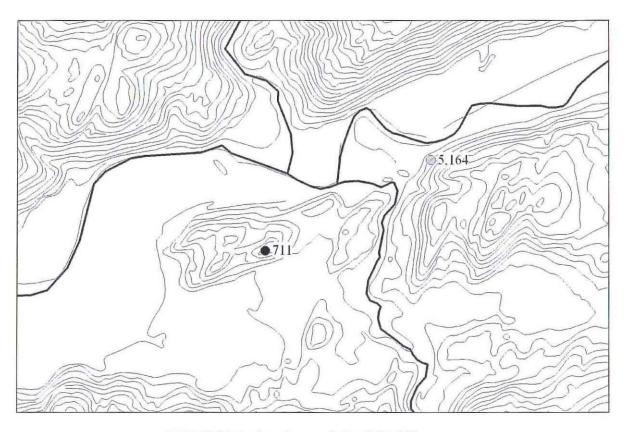
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Apparent cropmark of a rectangular enclosure, some 35m NE-SW with rounded corners (RAF, AP, 1963). Invisible on the ground.

CPAT 2007: No visible evidence of this site was identified, although a slight scarp runs E/W across the slope just N of the given NGR. To the N, the ground becomes less steep, forming a sloping terrace overlooking the Dyfi flood plain.



PRN 5164 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Llandrinio Field System, Llandrinio Hall South Cropmarks PRN 5256

NGR SJ2922117208

Map SJ21NE

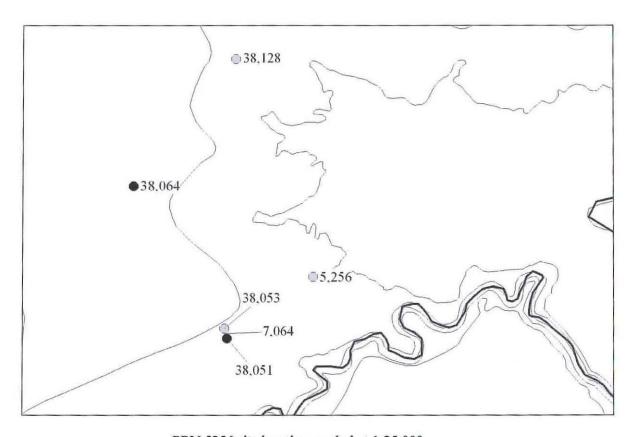
Altitude 60m OD

Type Field system?

Form Cropmark

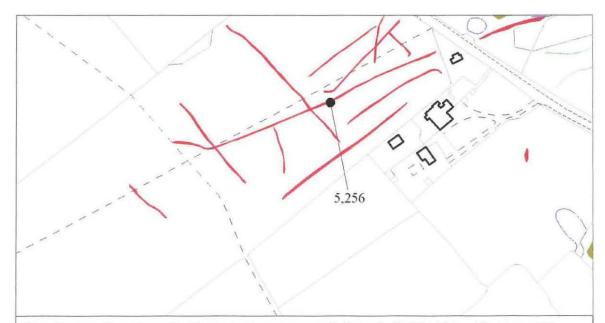
Period 20th century?

HER: Series of intersecting linear cropmarks, presumably part of a former field system. Set on a gently rising ridge (of gravel?), there seems to be one possible small enclosure and other field marks.



PRN 5256 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawrhydi ♦ Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatâd yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cymulliad Cymu 10001 916, 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX © CPAT, 2008 (and in part © Crown, 2008).

Manyfion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partnerii ENDEX © CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan © Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Llandrinio Hall South Cropmarks (PRN 5256) Scale 1:2,500

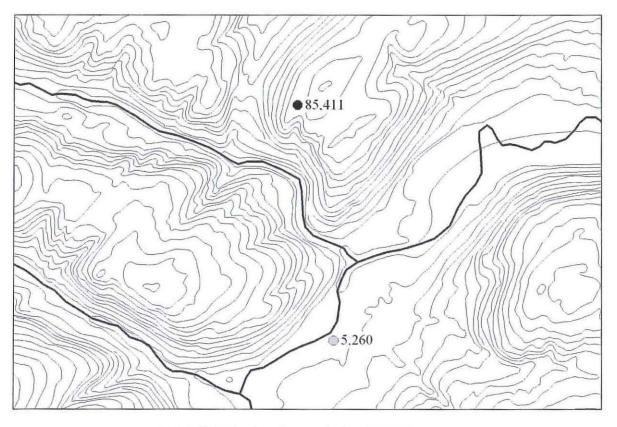
Upper Green Enclosure

PRN 5260

NGR SN95248421 Map SN98SE Altitude 168m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Parchmark of an apparently quadrilateral enclosure some 50m NW-SSE by 35m wide (RAF, AP, 1982).



PRN 5260 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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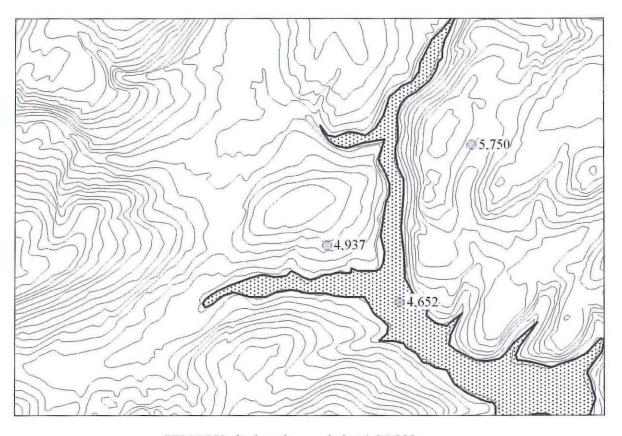
PRN 5750

Lluestddualt Enclosure

NGR SN892906 Map SN89SE Altitude 350m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Sub rectangular enclosure with entrance in SW side. Trapezoidal and about 30m overall. Now partly overlain by road and forestry. Not visible on the ground.



PRN 5750 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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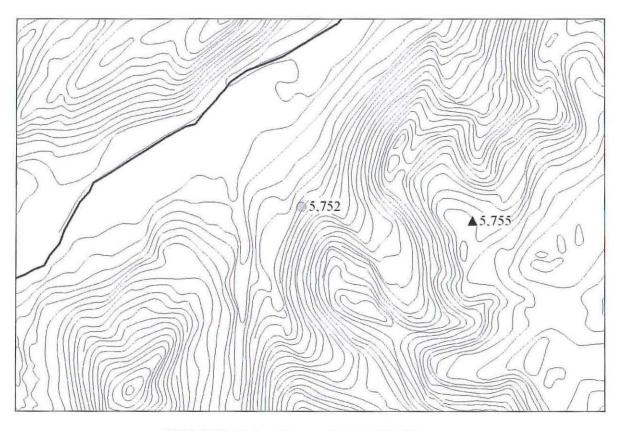
Berth Ddu Cropmark

PRN 5752

NGR SO017857 Map SO08NW Altitude 198m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Apparent cropmarks of possible sub rectangular enclosure with smaller enclosure lying on NW facing slope (RAF, AP, 1963). Site invisible on the ground (OS, 1980).



PRN 5752 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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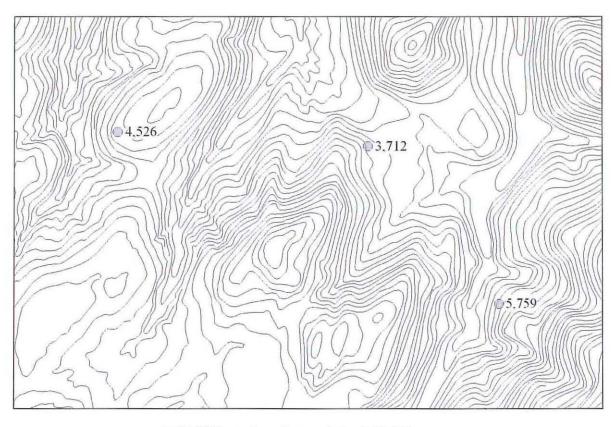
Cwm Cignant enclosure

PRN 5759

NGR SO011826 Map SO08SW Altitude 267m OD

Type Enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Unknown

HER: Traces of a small sub-rectangular enclosure (RAF AP, 1963). Site invisible on the ground (OS, 1980).



PRN 5759 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Deuddwr Cropmark

PRN 5768

NGR SJ237174

Map SJ21NW

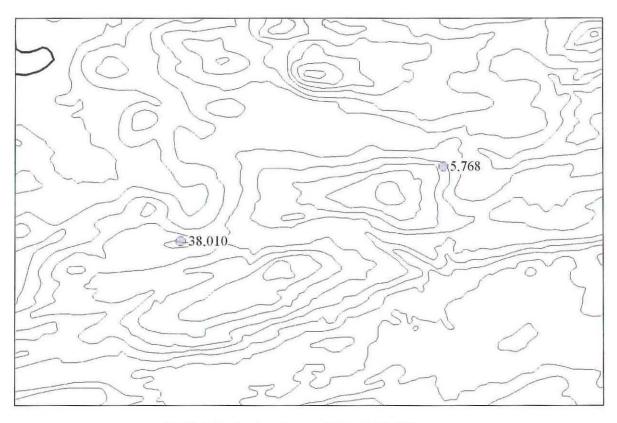
Altitude 122m OD

Type Enclosed settlement?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Cropmarks of a nucleated site. Possibly Iron Age or Romano-british. Seen from air at Deytheur Bank (Jones, G D B, 1979). Nothing seen on the ground (OS, 1981).



PRN 5768 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Trwst Llewelyn Enclosure

PRN 5930

NGR SO2040098500

Map SO29NW

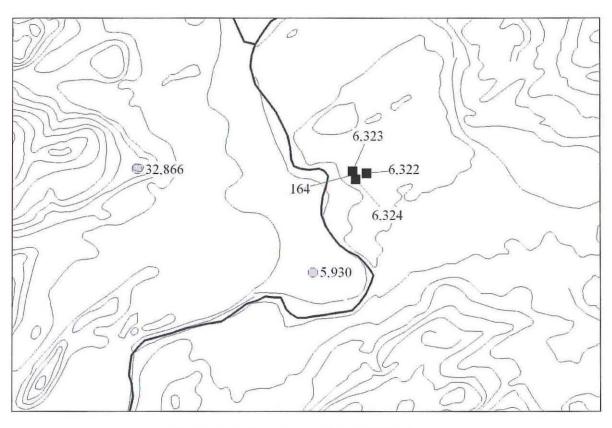
Altitude 122m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

FormDocument

Period Iron Age?

HER: A very large circular enclosure (CPAT archive 1984).



PRN 5930 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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PRN 6150

Red House Enclosure II

NGR SO04969258

Map SO09SW

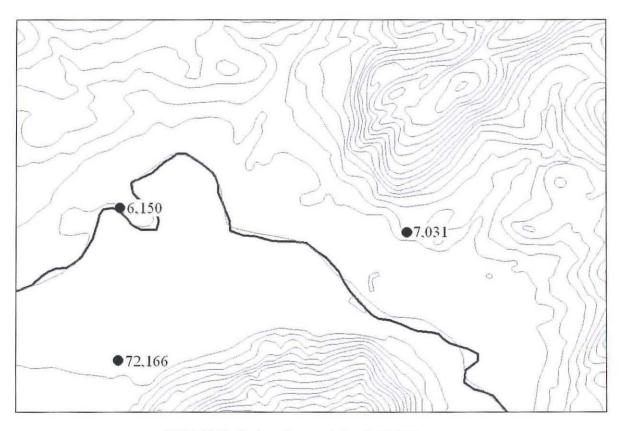
Altitude 122m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Roman?

HER: Trapiziodal single ditched enclosure some 40m NE-SW being 35m across at the NE and 25m at the SW. No apparent entrance.



PRN 6150 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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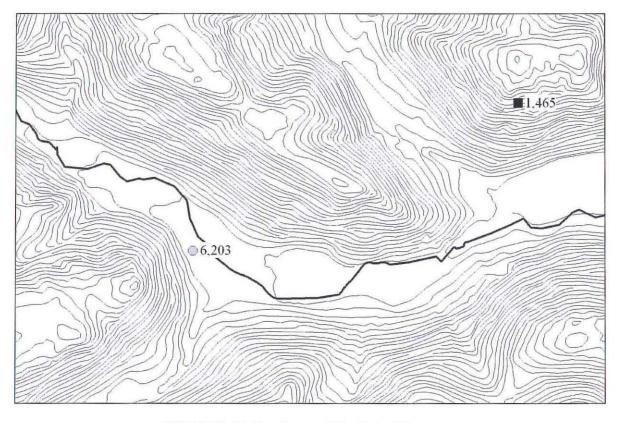
Tan y Foel Enclosure

PRN 6203

NGR SJ03242577 Map SJ02NW Altitude 176m OD

Type Enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Cropmark of a possible enclosure (photo, 1986). Appears as NW corner of two ditched subsquare or sub-rectangular feature sited on edge of Tanat river plain against the slope of Moel Dinmoel. However there are other 'random' cropmarks visible in this and adjoining fields and the whole may be non archaeological. Photo, 1986 not seen by CPAT.



PRN 6203 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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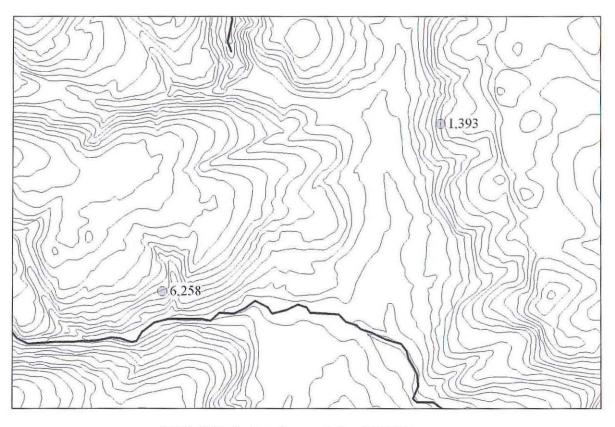
Pen y Cae Cropmarks II

PRN 6258

NGR SN86879259 Map SN89SE Altitude 408m OD

Type Enclosure complex Form Document Period Bronze Age?

HER: Cropmarks of a rectangular enclosure with circular annexe at E corner. Probably associated with PRN 1391 and possibly related to PRN 3492.



PRN 6258 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Aberhafesp Hall Enclosure

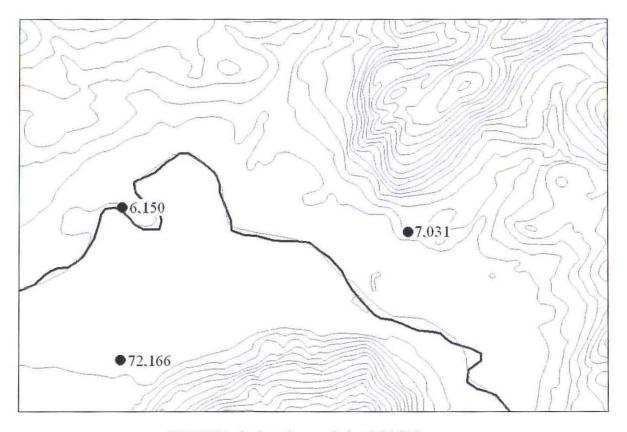
PRN 7031

NGR SO06809242 Map SO09SE Altitude 130m OD

Type Enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Single cropmark ring-ditch some 100m across encircling base of slight natural rise. Probably an enclosure.

CPAT 2007: No visible surface trace of the enclosure, so entirely a cropmark feature. The AP (CPAT 89-MB-620) shows a feature more likely to 10m in diameter than 100m. Field recently ploughed and reseeded.



PRN 7031 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Aberhafesp Hall Enclosure (PRN 7031), from the SE (CPAT 89-MB-620)

PRN 7032

Cil-Gwrgan Crossing Enclosure

NGR SO14389291

Map SO19SW

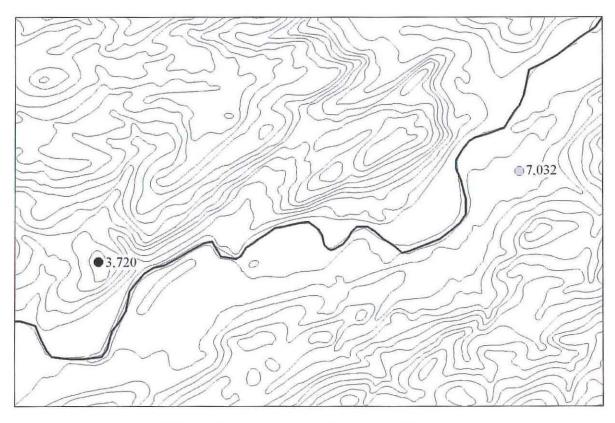
Altitude 110m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Cropmark enclosure some 20m across by 35m long. Sited at head of shallow dry valley.



PRN 7032 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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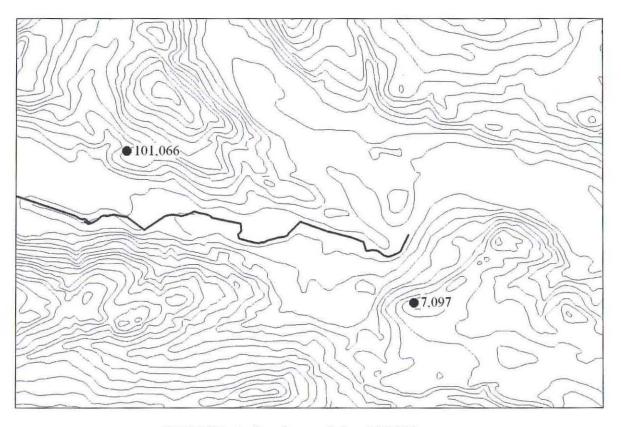
Gelli Lwyd Hillfort

PRN 7097

NGR SJ21852305 Map SJ22SW Altitude 160m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

HER: Cropmark double ditched enclosure. Hilltop position.



PRN 7097 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Gelli Llwyd Hillfort (PRN 7097), from the SSW (CPAT 96-MB-443)

Ty Coch Cropmark

PRN 7107

NGR SJ2673919646

Map SJ21NE

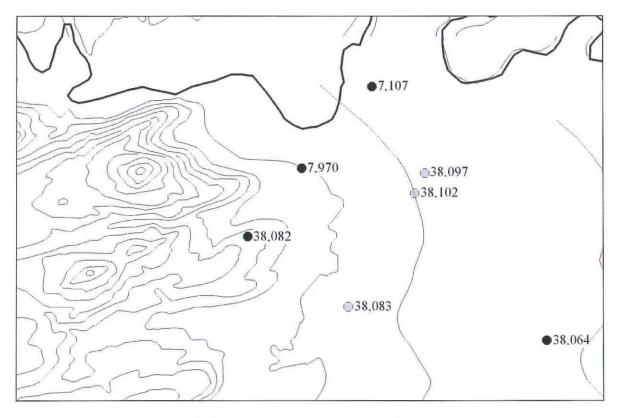
Altitude 61m OD

Type Defended enclosure

Form Cropmark

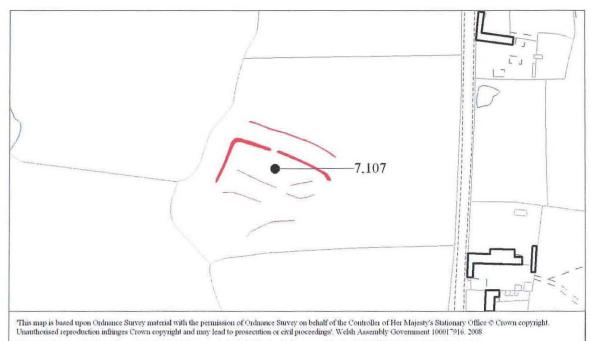
Period Iron Age?

HER: The N part of an apparently rectilinear double-ditched enclosure. Possible entrance in N. Other linear cropmarks in interior.



PRN 7107 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX \oplus CPAT, 2008 (and in part \oplus Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddinedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partnenaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneni ENDEX \oplus CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan \oplus Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Ty Coch Cropmark (PRN 7107) Scale 1:2,500

Moat Farm Enclosure Complex

PRN 7108

NGR SJ21340411

Map SJ20SW

Altitude 72m OD

Type Enclosure complex

Form Cropmark

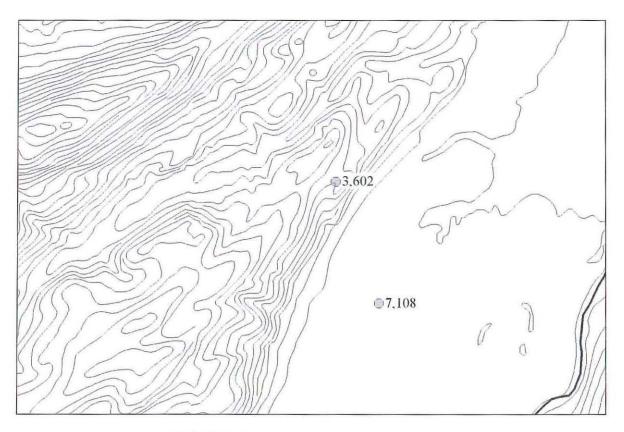
Period Iron Age?

HER: Circular cropmark enclosure with adjoining linear cropmarks (possibly being another enclosure or field boundaries). Two possible ring ditches or smaller enclosures are situated inside the large enclosure and may represent hut sites. Two aerial photographs were published in Smith, D W, (1986, 10).

Group of circular and sub-circular cropmarks, poss iron age enclosure c 50m across, with an earlier ring ditch c17m Dia lying inside. Approached on W. side by linear cropmarks. (Thomas D, 1998b)

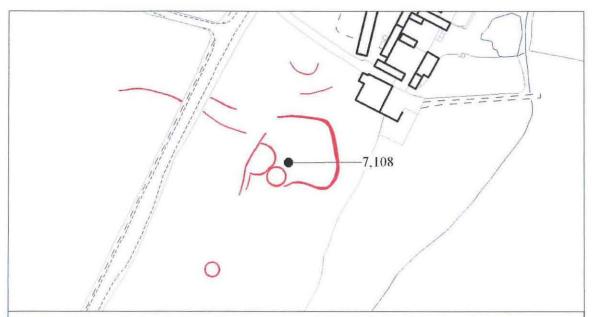
CPAT 2007: No surface trace of the cropmarks was discerned. The only readily visible feature is a slight NW-facing scarp which may coincide with one of the cropmark ditches running parallel to the main road, although this is perhaps not contemporary with the enclosure to judge from the cropmarks. At the given NGR, the only feature is a large, broad earthwork bank, some 5m wide and 0.5m high, which could be an old field boundary running NW/SE across the field.

It is worth noting that there are potential similarities in the apparent layout of the site to the enclosure found by geophysics at Dol-las, 3km to the SSW, in 2006.



PRN 7108 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX © CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan © Ceron, 2008).

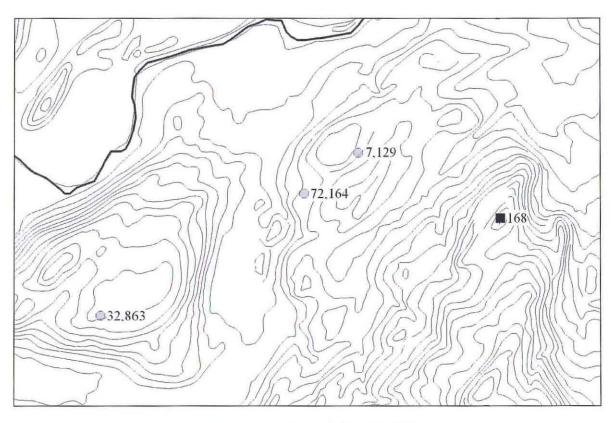
AP mapping of the Moat Farm Enclosure Complex (PRN 7108) Scale 1:2,500

NGR SO2072297388 Map SO29NW Altitude 137m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

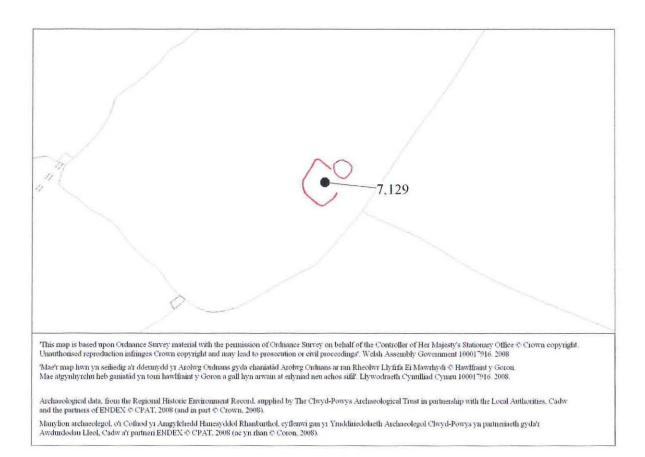
HER: Circular cropmark (possible ring ditch) with adjoining rectilinear 'annexe'. No surface traces.

Sub-circular cropmark c13m across, with adjoining sub-square enclosure on SW side, the enclosure is c26m across (Thomas D, 1998b)



PRN 7129 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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AP mapping of the Jamesford enclosure V (PRN 7129) Scale 1:2500

Pwllglas Enclosure

PRN 7132

NGR SN971899

Map SN98NE

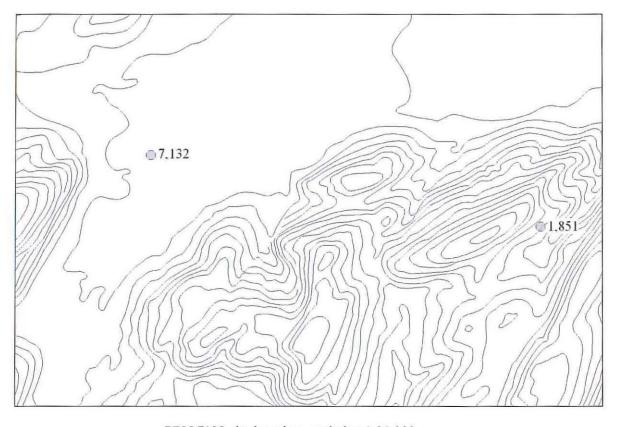
Altitude 137m OD

Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Vague rectilinear univallate cropmark enclosure some 25m by 15m. Lies within regular compartment of field system PRN 7028 and is possibly associated.



PRN 7132 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Bank House Enclosure II

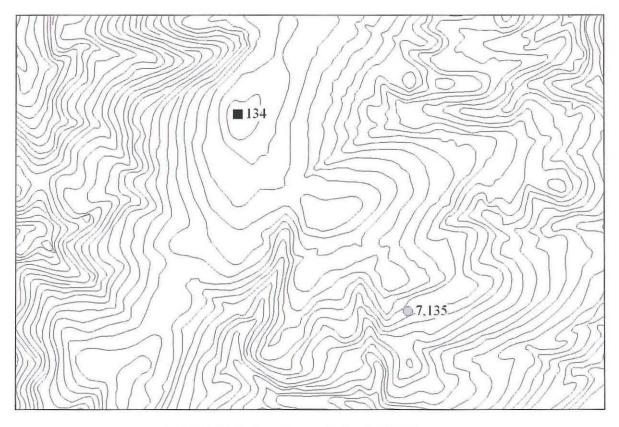
PRN 7135

NGR SJ27650445 Map SJ20SE Altitude 315m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Possibly bivallate sub-square enclosure some 40m across. Appearing to overlie broad ditched univallate enclosure PRN 7054.

CPAT 2007: Site not visible under a root crop. There is a hint of a level area at the approximate location of the site, but its nature remains uncertain.



PRN 7135 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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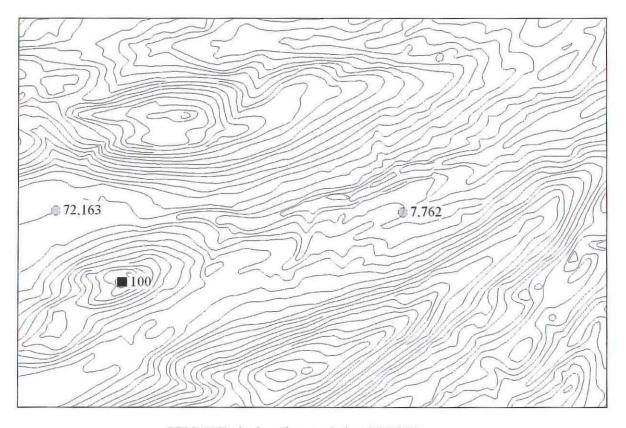


Bank House Enclosure II (PRN 7135), from SW (CPAT 84-C-0353). Note that most of the cropmarks relate to the main enclosure PRN 7054.

NGR SJ198064 Map SJ10NE Altitude 270m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

CPAT 2007: The aerial photograph (CPAT 92-C-1041) shows the SW half of what seems to be an oval cropmark enclosure with a SW entrance. There was no trace of a site at the given NGR, which now lies in a recently reseeded (pasture?) field.



PRN 7762 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Blackpool Wood (PRN 7762), from S (CPAT 92-C-1041)

NGR SJ232125

Map SJ21SW

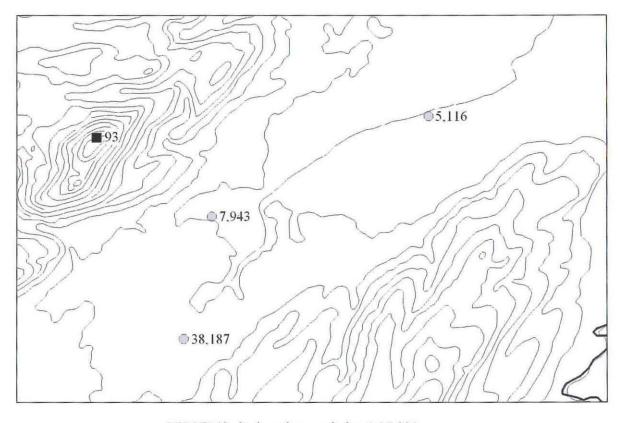
Altitude 70m OD

Type Enclosure

Form Cropmark

Period Unknown

HER: Cropmark of a D-shaped enclosure associated with linear ditches PRN 34747 and lying outside enclosure PRN 7944 (Gibson, A 1995g, 28).



PRN 7943 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Llandysilio double-ditched enclosure

PRN 7970

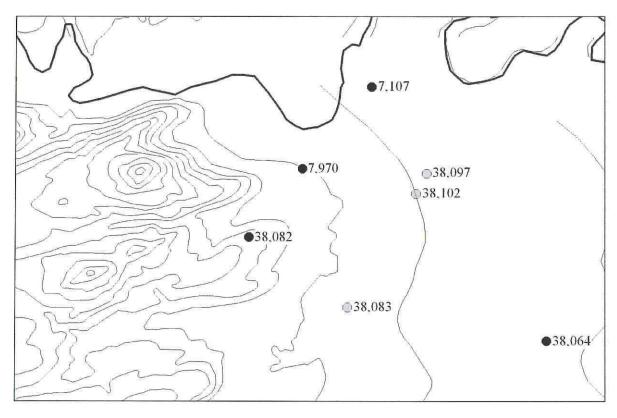
NGR SJ2624519066 Map SJ21NE Altitude 70m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

HER: Cropmark of oval double-ditched enclosure (Gibson, A, 1995g, 28).

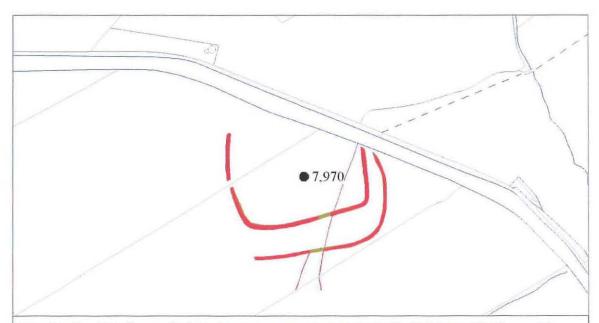
CPAT 2003: No visible earthworks in pasture fields. Site is located at the upper edge of a local NE facing scarp.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the enclosure in a pasture field. The site has probably been cut through be the Montgomeryshire Canal and the field corner next to the canal is occupied by a hollow roughly 20m across and 1m deep, probably related to canal construction. On the opposite side of the canal the ground drops away steeply to the Vyrnwy flood plain.



PRN 7970 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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AP mapping of the Llandysilio double-ditched enclosure (PRN 7970) Scale 1:2500

Moors Farm enclosure cropmark

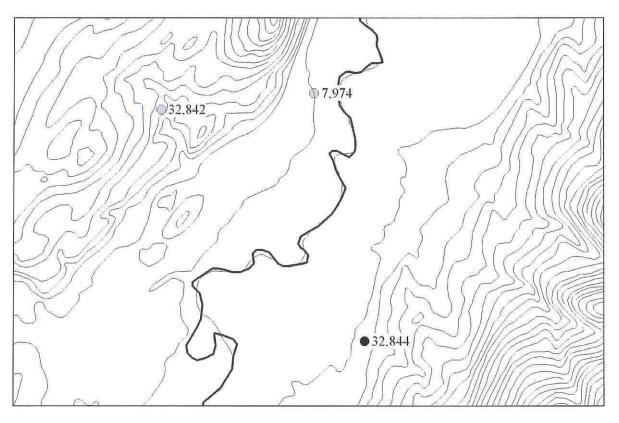
PRN 7974

NGR SJ2440009100 Map SJ20NW Altitude 70m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age?

HER: Cropmark of an irregular enclosure possibly associated with a field system. (Gibson, A 1995, 28).

Roughly triangular cropmark and poss field system the enclosure measures 102m N-S and 62m E-W, There are 2 gaps, the northernmost of which may represent an entrance, the other in the SE corner and also a possible internal division (Thomas D, 1998b)



PRN 7974 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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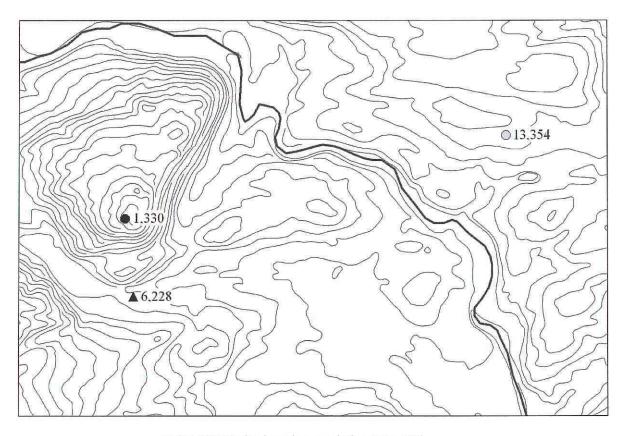
AP mapping of the Moors Farm enclosure cropmark (PRN 7974) Scale 1:2500

NGR SJ08211008 Map SJ01SE Altitude 190m OD

Type Enclosure? Form Earthwork Period Unknown

HER: Possible enclosure in the field next to Tyn-y-Rhos, seen on an aerial photograph.

CPAT 2007: It is difficult to be certain whether the site is authentic or not. It seems to show as a slight outward-facing scarp to the W of Ty'n-y-rhos, suggesting that there has been significant erosion to the earthworks if they represent an authentic defended enclosure. Conversely, it may represent a curving track or old boundary associated with the farmstead. Only seen in passing from some distance as the owner was not located.



PRN 13354 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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PRN 32842

Gungrog fawr enclosure

NGR SJ2332908983

Map SJ20NW

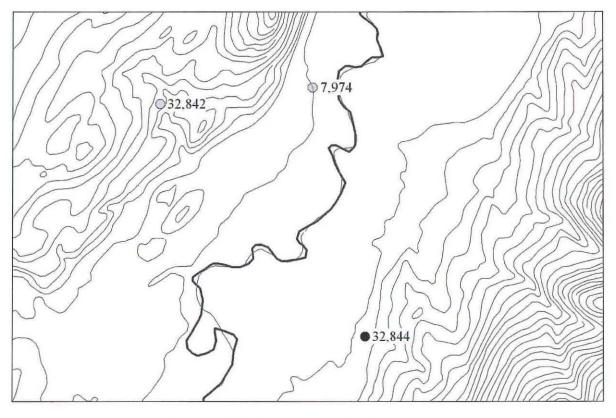
Altitude 115m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

HER: N part of a double-ditched enclosure, comprising two sides that measure 81m E-W.



PRN 32842 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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PRN 32844

Hope Farm enclosure

NGR SJ2476207346

Map SJ20NW

Altitude 75m OD

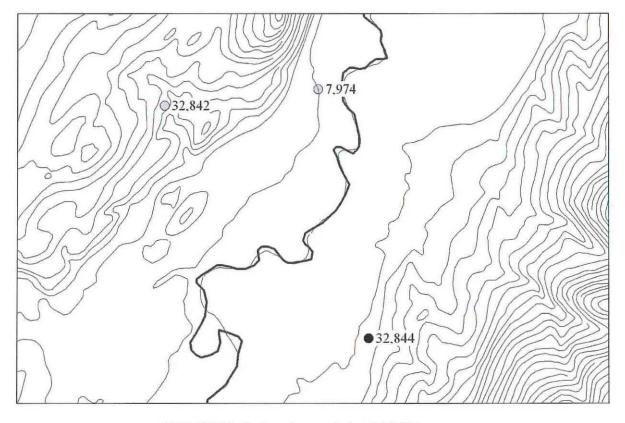
Type Defended enclosure

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

HER: Double, and possibly treble-ditched enclosure. Only SW part visible but indicates it is rectangular with rounded corners. Linear ditch to E may be associated.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the site was seen from the adjacent public road. Pasture field.



PRN 32844 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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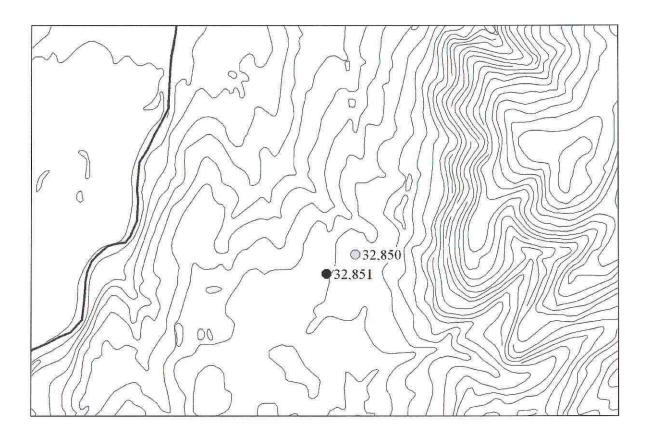
The Moors enclosure II

PRN 32850

NGR SJ2421603321 Map SJ20SW Altitude 155m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

HER: Curving linear cropmark. Possibly the SE part of an enclosure. Visible on RCAHMW AP 955195-63.



PRN 32850 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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The Moors enclosure III

PRN 32851

NGR SJ2402003185

Map SJ20SW

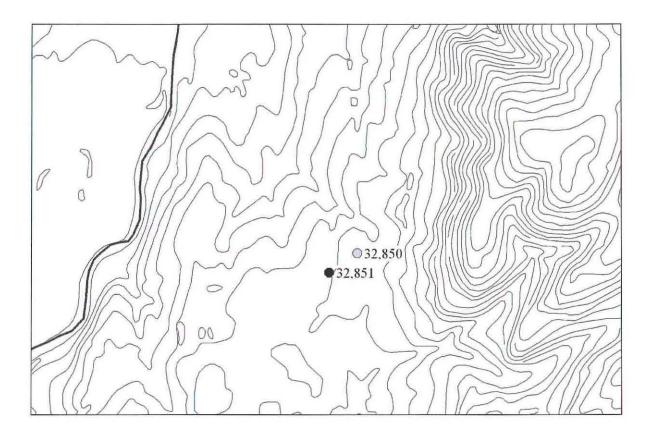
Altitude 148m OD

Type Defended enclosure

Form Cropmark

Period Roman

HER: E part of a sub-rectangular double ditched enclosure, the E, N and S sides of which can be discerned. Visible on RCAHMW AP 955195-61/62.



PRN 32851 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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NGR SO1891196238

Map SO19NE

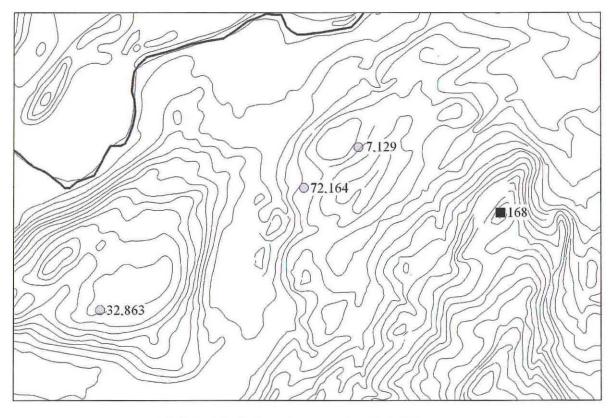
Altitude 192m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

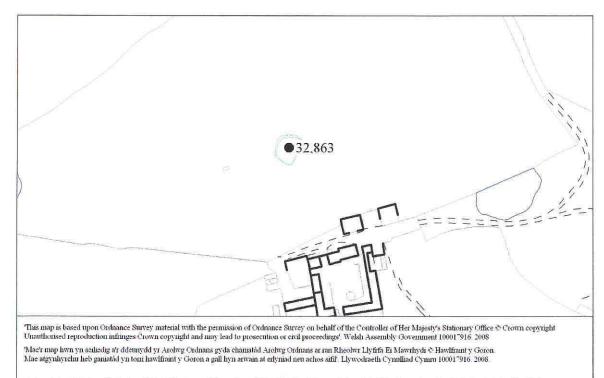
Period Iron Age

HER: Possible D-shaped enclosure with a gap on the NE side. Visible on RCAHMW AP 965084-43.



PRN 32863 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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AP mapping of the Henfron enclosure II (PRN 32863) Scale 1:2500

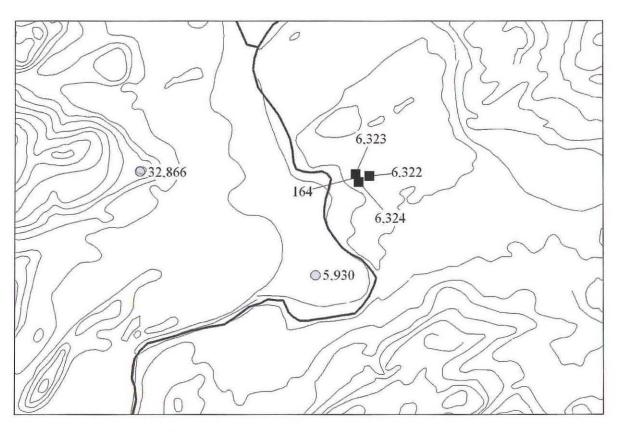
Rose Cottage cropmark

PRN 32866

NGR SO1918099222 Map SO19NE Altitude 120m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Unknown

HER: Curvilinear earthwork, possibly part of enclosure abutting steep ground to S. The aerial photograph - 89-MB-456 - shows a clear cropmark as plotted, but not enough is visible to convince that this is an authentic enclosure.



PRN 32866 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Rose Cottage cropmark (PRN 32866), from S (CPAT 89-C-0106)

The Hollies Cropmarks

PRN 38010

NGR SJ2187416874

Map SJ21NW

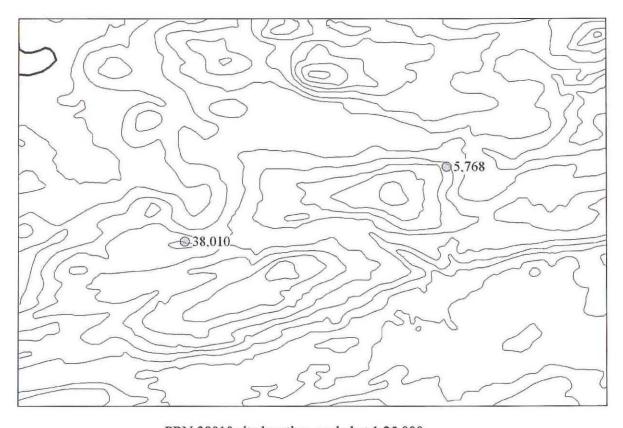
Altitude 120m OD

Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

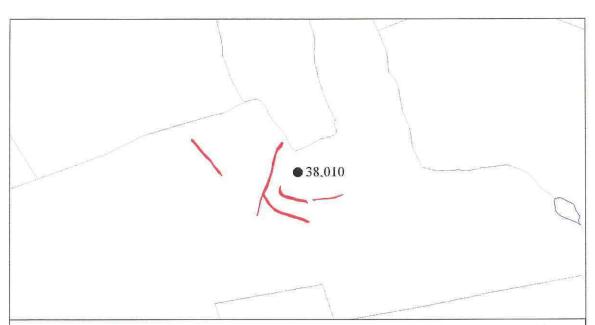
Period Iron Age?

HER: Cropmarks of a possible Iron Age enclosure. The double ditched enclosure may lie on the side of a trackway of field system represented by a linear cropmark running from N-S.



PRN 38010 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX € CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan € Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of The Hollies Cropmarks (PRN 38010) Scale 1:2500

Godor Enclosure PRN 38011

NGR SJ2029118206

Map SJ21NW

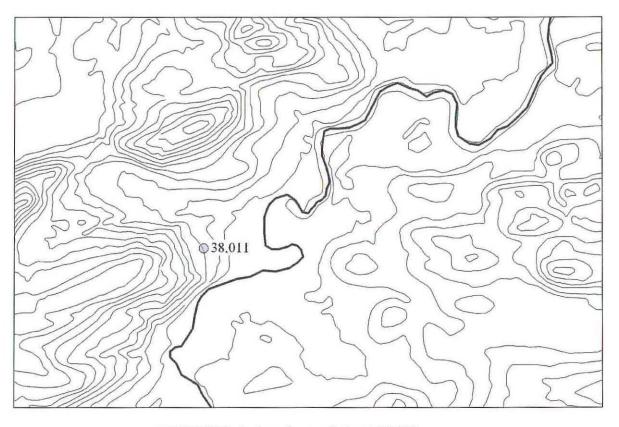
Altitude 100m OD

Type Defended enclosure

Form Cropmark

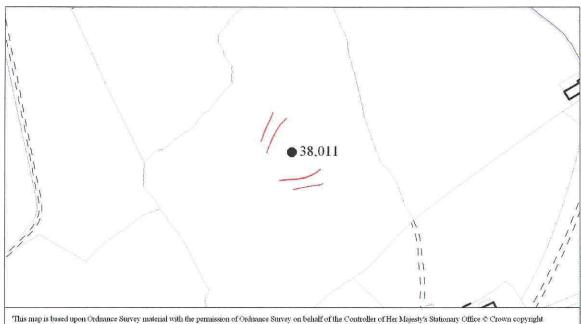
Period Iron Age

HER: Possible cropmarks of double ditched enclosure on slight ridge show on AP 84-27-31. This is a distant view and though the marks show they are not particularly clear there are others in the field.



PRN 38011 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partnenaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partnen ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Godor Enclosure (PRN 38011) Scale 1:2500

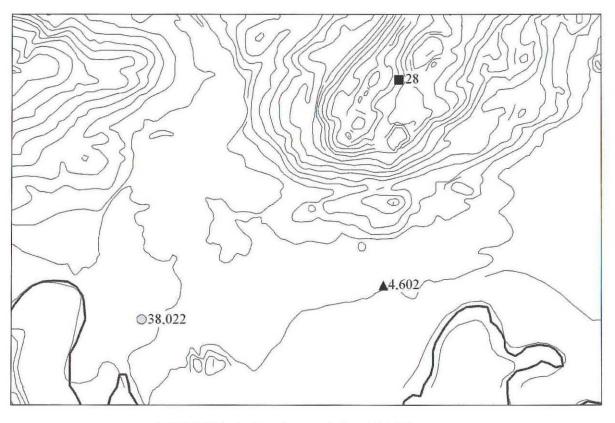
Grove Farm Enclosure II

PRN 38022

NGR SJ2471620474 Map SJ22SW Altitude 70m OD

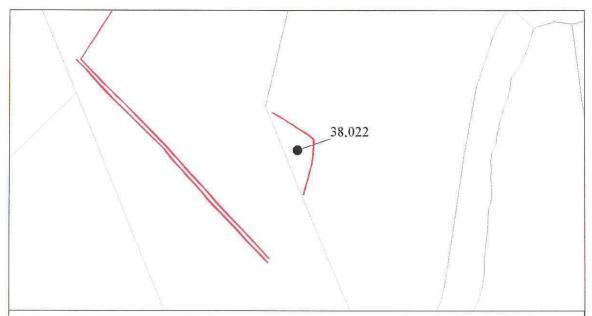
Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Roman?

HER: Eastern part of possible single ditched enclosure cut by modern field boundary. Visible on RCAHMW AP 935146-49.



PRN 38022 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatad Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawrhydi & Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatad yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru 10001 7916. 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008)

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEN & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Grove Farm Enclosure II (PRN 38022) Scale 1:2500

Maerdy Enclosure

PRN 38043

NGR SJ2562816624

Map SJ21NE

Altitude 75m OD

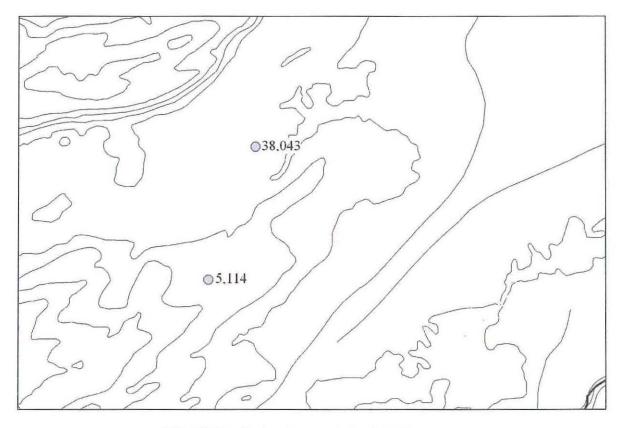
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

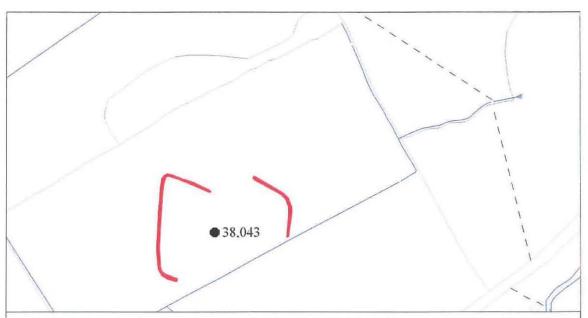
HER: Possible rectangular single ditched enclosure site, 95m E-W by 65m N-S. Site could also be a recent plantation.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the site in a generally level, if slightly undulating field. These indications could be related to drainage gullies.



PRN 38043 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniafad Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrifa Ei Mawrhydi & Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiafad yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos still'. Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru 10001 7916, 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX ♦ CPAT, 2008 (and in part ♦ Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX ⊕ CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan ⊕ Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Maerdy Enclosure (PRN 38043) Scale 1:2500

Gwern y Go Enclosure

PRN 38051

NGR SJ2861716776

Map SJ21NE

Altitude 65m OD

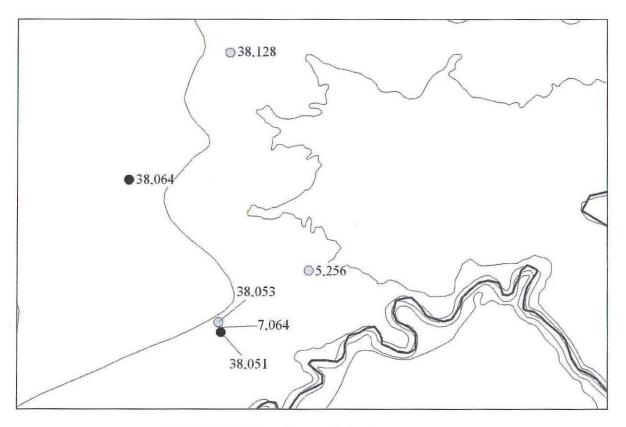
Type Defended enclosure

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

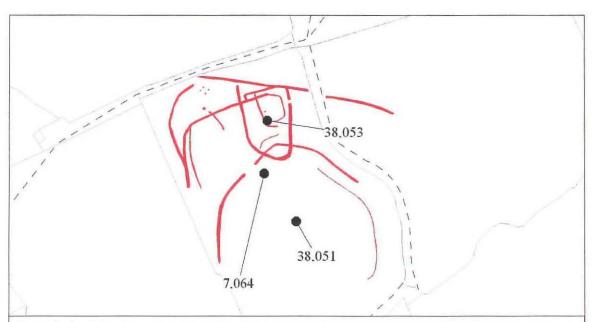
HER: Sub-circular double-ditched enclosure with annex to N. Possibly triple ditched if the line of the field boundary to the east is included. 105m E-W internally. S side not visible. Possible entrance to NW.

CPAT 2007: Access denied by the landowner.



PRN 38051 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniafâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfifa Ei Mawrhydi & Hawffraint y Goron Mae atgynlyrchu heb ganiafâd yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifif Llywodraeth Cynrulliad Cynrul 10001 7916 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEN ♦ CPAT, 2008 (and in part ♦ Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Gwern y Go Enclosure (PRN 38051) Scale 1:2500

Gwern y Go enclosure II

NGR SJ2859816847

Map SJ21NE

Altitude 65m OD

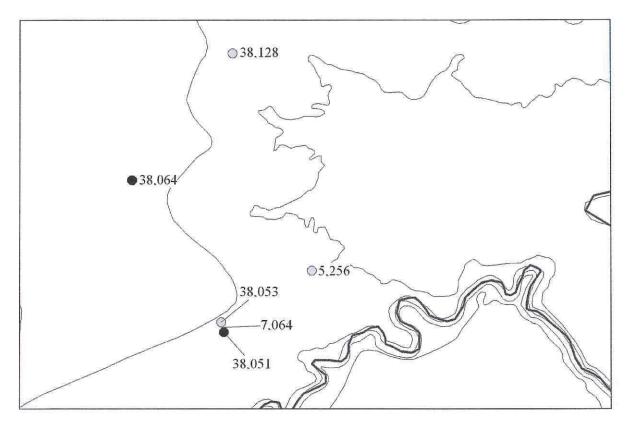
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

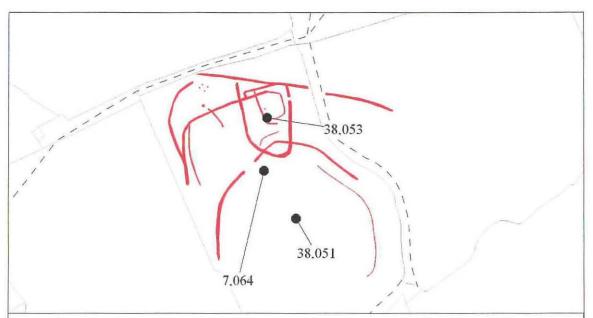
HER: 'D' shaped enclosure, 50m N-S, 35m E-W. Appears to be attached to linear cropmark PRN 38052. Possible internal features.

CPAT 2007: Access denied by the landowner.



PRN 38053 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chanatâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfifa Ei Mawrhydi & Hawlfraint y Goron Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatâd yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru 10001 7916 2008

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX ♥ CPAT, 2008 (and in part ♥ Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, ô'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEN & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

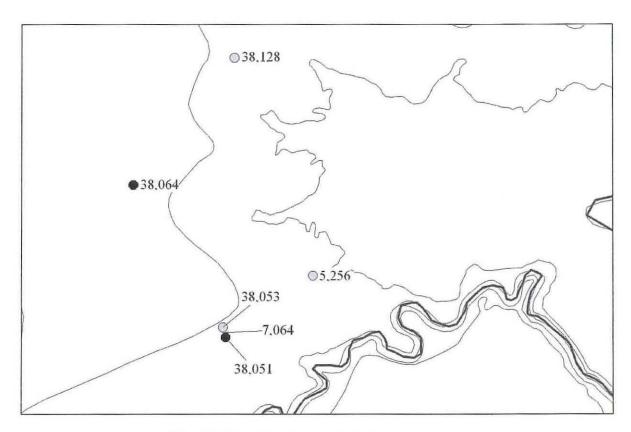
AP mapping of the Gwern y Go Enclosure II (PRN 38053) Scale 1:2500

NGR SJ2797017843 Map SJ21NE Altitude 65m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

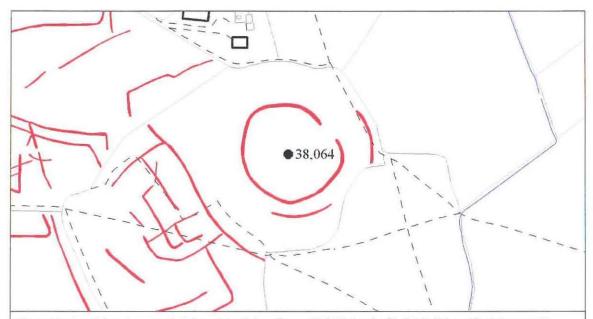
HER: Sub-circular double-ditched enclosure, c. 33m internal diameter. Possible entrance to NE. May be contemporary with linear cropmarks (PRN 7066) to S and W.

CPAT 2007: Possible slight earthworks on N and S sides of the enclosure, but quite faint, perhaps showing as a scarp on the S, but a gully on the N, c.2m wide. The interior is slightly raised in relation to the surrounding area. A modern drainage gully curves around the W and NW sides. The alleged entrance is not visible.



PRN 38064 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawrhydi ♦ Hawlfraint y Goron Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatâd yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil' Llywodraeth Cymulliad Cymru 100017916, 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEN © CPAT, 2008 (and in part © Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol. o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Cfwyd-Powys yn partneraeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEN ⊕ CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan ⊕ Coron, 2008)

AP mapping of the Ashfields Enclosure (PRN 38064) Scale 1:2500

PRN 38082

Gwerglodd-beillied Enclosure

NGR SJ2586718580

Map SJ21NE

Altitude 95m OD

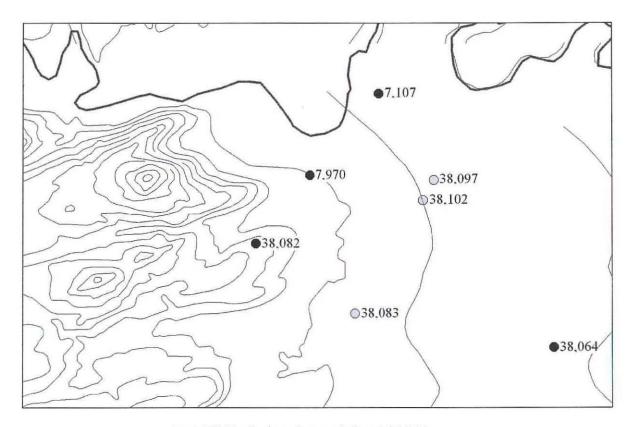
Type Defended enclosure

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

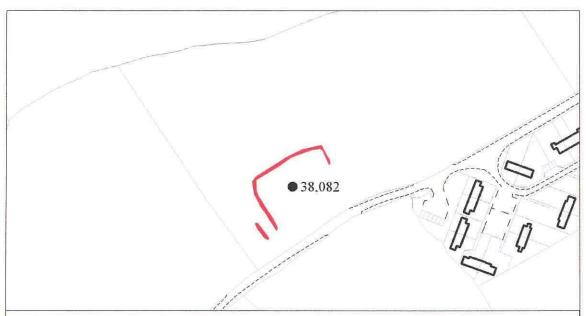
HER: W and N and part of the E side of a rectilinear cropmark enclosure. Single ditched but with part of a second ditch showing on the W side. 54m E-W.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the enclosure in an improved pasture field. Situated on the N slope of a spur.



PRN 38082 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawrhydi & Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae algynhyrchu heb ganiatâd yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymm 100017916, 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEN & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Gwerglodd-beillied Enclosure (PRN 38082) Scale 1:2500

PRN 38083

Rhysnant Lodge Enclosure

NGR SJ2657118082

Map SJ21NE

Altitude 65m OD

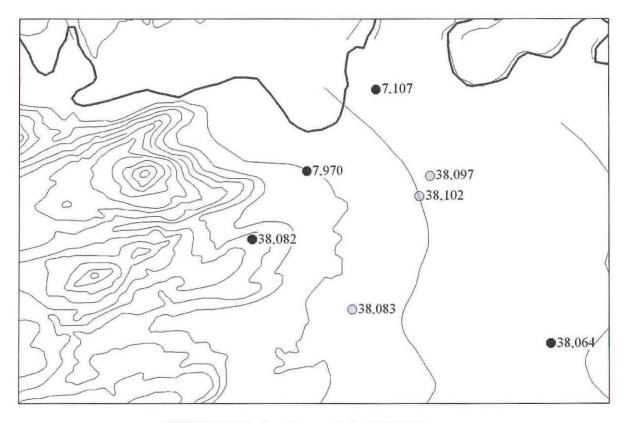
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

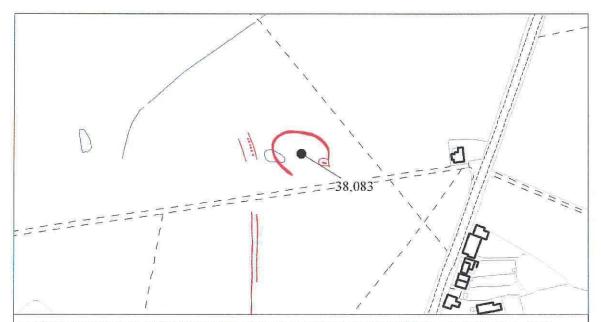
HER: Oval shaped single ditched enclosure c. 38m E-W. Circular feature in E corner.

CPAT 2007: No definite evidence of the enclosure alongside the public footpath. The area is very low-lying and evidently quite wet. The origin of the marks remains to be clarified.



PRN 38083 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatad Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawrhydi e Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatad yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru 10001 '916. 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partnenaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX © CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan © Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Rhysnant Lodge Enclosure (PRN 38083) Scale 1:2500

NGR SJ2711919031

Map SJ21NE

Altitude 65m OD

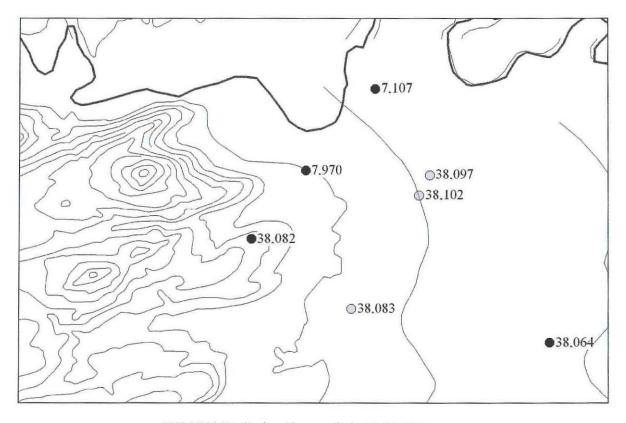
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age

HER: 'D'-shaped enclosure butting onto former field system PRN 50519 on the western side. Measures c.30m E-W by 21.3m N-S. Possible entrances on S and W sides.

CPAT 2007: No obvious trace of the enclosure in a pasture field.



PRN 38097 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chanatâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawrhydi 🌣 Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatâd yn tom hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru 10001 7916. 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEN © CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan © Coron, 2008)

AP mapping of the Cae-hen Enclosure (PRN 38097) Scale 1:2500

Cae-hen Enclosure II

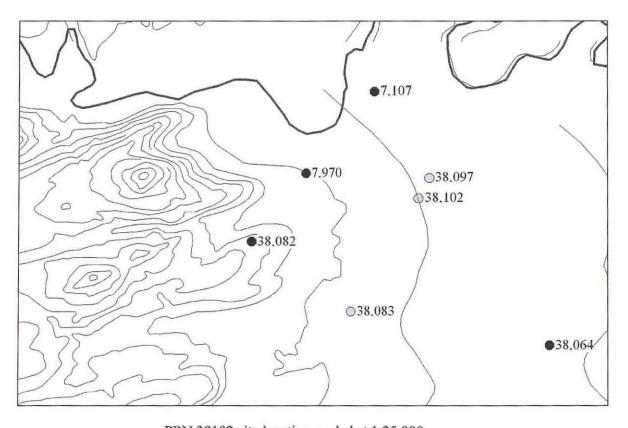
PRN 38102

NGR SJ2704618888 Map SJ21NE Altitude 65m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

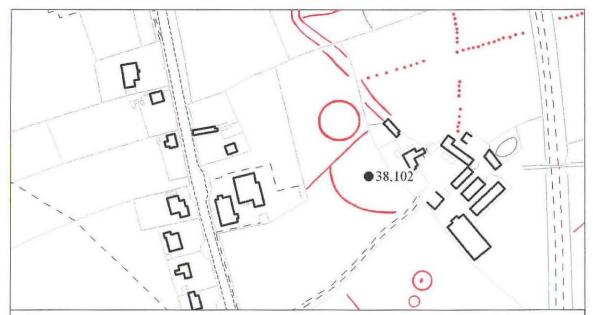
HER: SW part of possibly sub-circular enclosure. Linear cropmark to N may be contemporary or a recent field boundary.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the cropmark in a pasture field.



PRN 38102 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfifa Ei Mawrhydi & Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatâd yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru 10001 '916. 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadward the partners of ENDEN & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX ⊕ CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan ⊕ Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Cae-hen Enclosure II (PRN 38102) Scale 1:2500

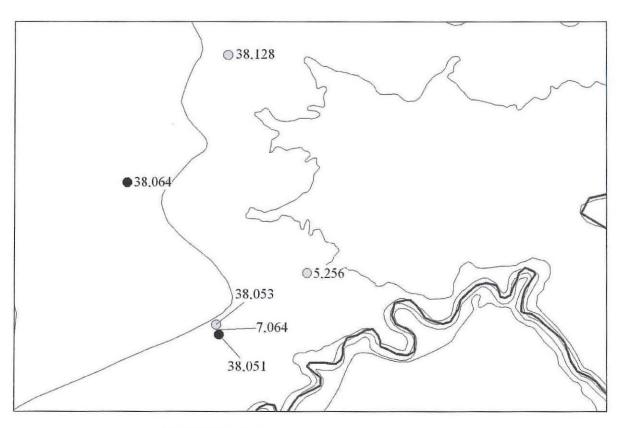
Domgay Farm Enclosure

PRN 38128

NGR SJ2867518734 Map SJ21NE Altitude 62m OD

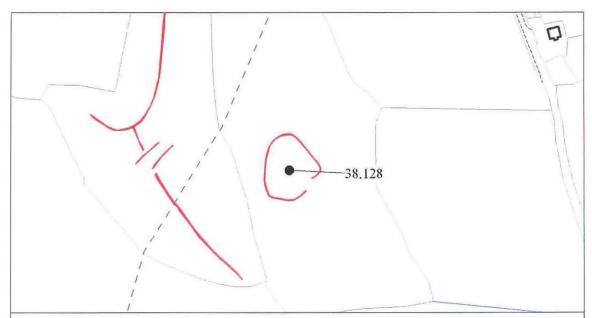
Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

HER: Irregular 'D' shaped enclosure, c.45m NNW-SSE. Possible entrance on SE side. Ring ditch PRN 2504 located in same position but not seen during AP mapping project, so it is possible that the two records may relate to same feature.



PRN 38128 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatad Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawihydi 🌣 Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynhyrchu heb ganiatad yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodiaeth Cymul 10001 "916-2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX © CPAT, 2008 (and in part © Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Domgay Farm Enclosure (PRN 38128) Scale 1:2500

Folly Bridge Enclosure II

PRN 38187

NGR SJ2300411647

Map SJ21SW

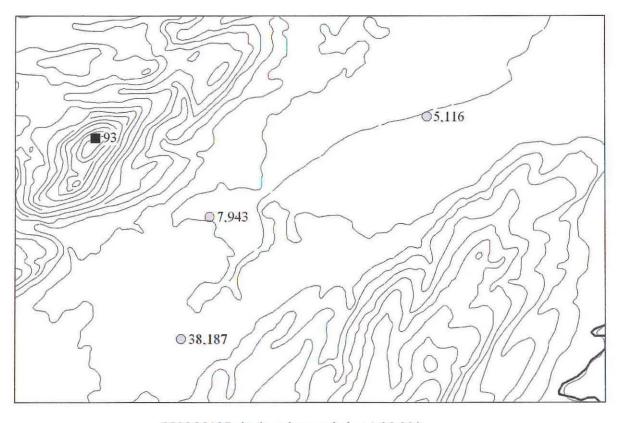
Altitude 75m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

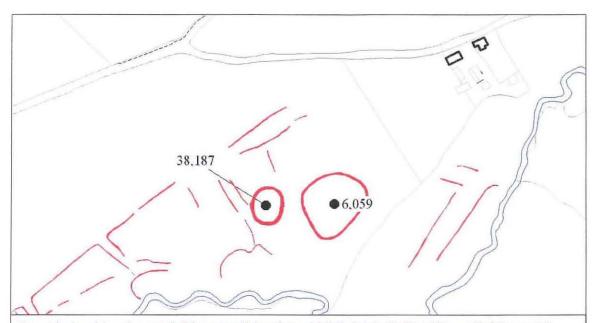
Period Iron Age

HER: Oval shaped single ditch enclosure. Measures 20m E-W by 25m N-S. Fairly indistinct on the aerial photograph.



PRN 38187 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniatâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfrfa Ei Mawrhydi © Hawlfraint y Goron Mae atgynlyrchu heb ganiatâd yn torri hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifi! Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru 10001 "916, 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Folly Bridge Enclosure II (PRN 38187) Scale 1:2500

PRN 44469

Cringoed Farm, parchmarks

NGR SH8814001740

Map SH80SE

Altitude 260m OD

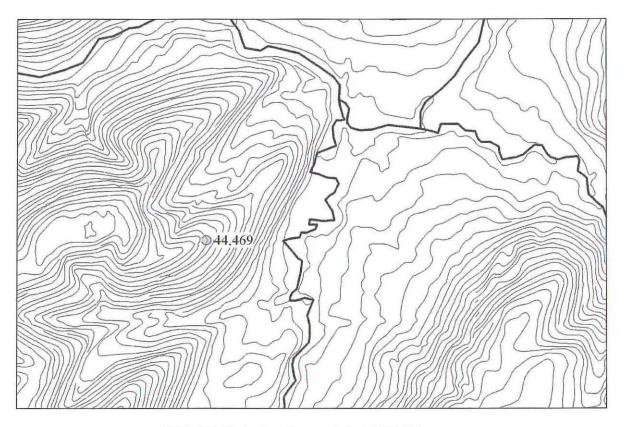
Type Hillfort?

FormCropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Parchmarks visible on an air photograph (RP 541 RAF 59 9 June 1948) of the ridge NW of Cringoed Farm, Llanbrynmair sent to CPAT by Mr James Grasby, of the National Trust Wessex. A complex of enclosures is visible, suggestive of an Iron Age farm or settlement (Grasby, J, pers. comm.).

Parchmarks suggestive of a sub-circular enclosure at NW, possibly a hillfort, but also possibly a motte & bailey or geological feature. Some of the parchmarks may be pre-enclosure field boundaries (Martin, C pers. comm.).



PRN 44469 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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NGR SJ2198110133

Map SJ21SW

Altitude 90m OD

Type Defended enclosure

Form Earthwork

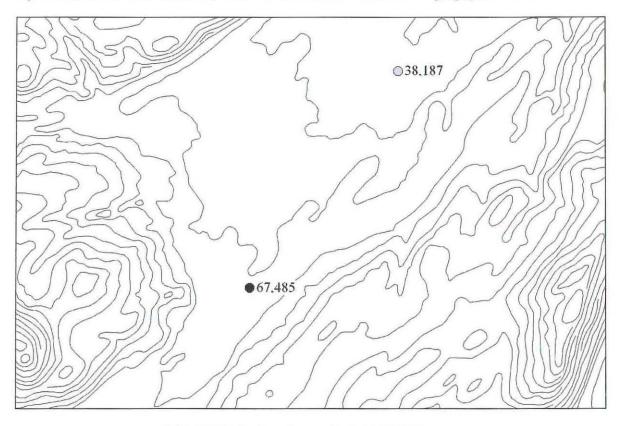
Period Iron Age

HER, from ENDEX: An apparent oval, double banked & medial ditch enclosure, c.70m NW-SE by 60m, having a N facing entrance, unusually set hard by the Nant Rhyd-y-moch, immediately below its confluence with a nameless streamlet. Visible on RCAHMW APs 965042/48-9.

CPAT 2007: Sub-circular, bivallate, valley-floor enclosure, measuring 97m N/S by 90m. The defences comprise two banks, up to 0.5m high, with associated ditches, and have an overall width of about 20m. The W side of the defences appears to have been eroded by stream action in the past, and a short section of the outer bank lies beyond the former stream course. On the E side, much of the outer bank and ditch has been masked by a lynchet which follows the line of the modern boundary between the site and the next field, although some of the outer bank and ditch may survive beneath the lynchet. The extant sections of earthwork are generally in good condition, particularly on the S side. On the N the inner bank is intermittent, though both ditches are present where they have not been affected by the stream action mentioned above. A possible counterscarp bank lies to the N of the outer ditch on that side, but it is very faint.

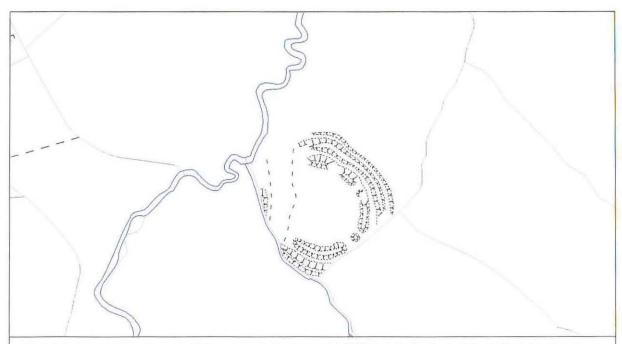
The main entrance seems to have been on the N side, where there is a lowering of the banks, measuring approximately 8m in overall width. Internally, the ground is very wet with one or two raised areas but no definite evidence of settlement.

The site was subjected to topographic survey in July 2007, at which time a limited geophysical survey of the interior was carried out as part of the defended enclosures geophysics programme, reported on elsewhere. No trace of internal features was evident in the geophysics results.



PRN 67485 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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'Mae'r map hwn yn seiliedig a'r ddeunydd yr Arolwg Ordnans gyda chaniafâd Arolwg Ordnans ar ran Rheolwr Llyfifa Ei Mawrhydi © Hawlfraint y Goron. Mae atgynlyrchu heb ganiafâd yn torn hawlfraint y Goron a gall hyn arwain at erlyniad neu achos sifil'. Llywodraeth Cynnlliad Cymru 10001 916, 2008.

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX © CPAT, 2008 (and in part © Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

Topographic survey of the Little Garth enclosure (PRN 67485) Scale 1:2500

Meusydd enclosure

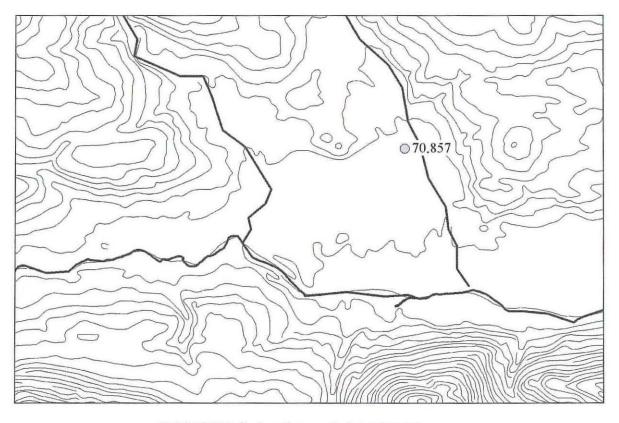
PRN 70857

NGR SJ1412925347 Map SJ12NW Altitude 130m OD

Type Defended enclosure? Form Cropmark Period Prehistoric?

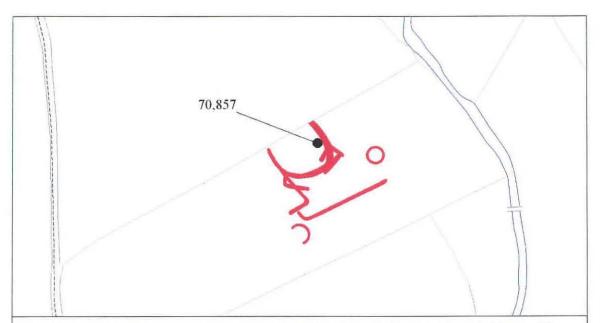
HER: Enclosure situated between the two ring ditches to the North. Measures 34.3m in width (CUCAP 1967, ASU 10).

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the enclosure in a recently ploughed and reseeded pasture field.



PRN 70857 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Manylion archaeòlegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeòlegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Meusydd Enclosure (PRN 70857) Scale 1:2500

Tomen Cefncoch enclosure

PRN 70866

NGR SJ1043526499

Map SJ12NW

Altitude 295m OD

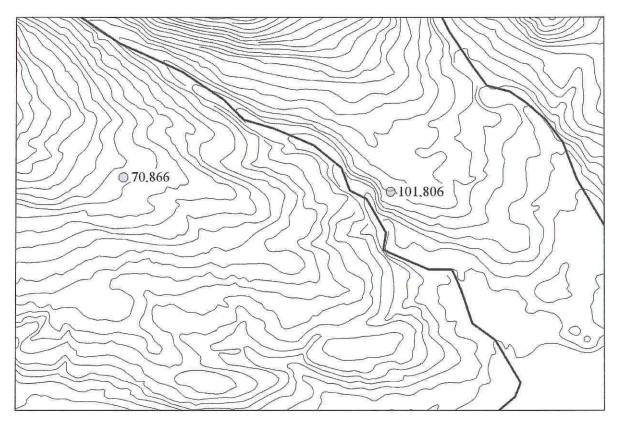
Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Unknown

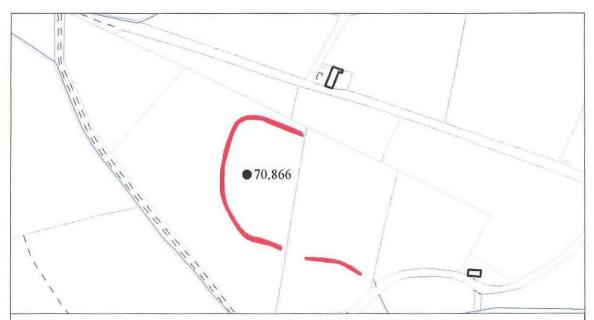
HER: Possible enclosure. The S corner of the ditch continues in an easterly direction into the next field (CPAT AP 1989, 89-mb-1343).

CPAT 2007: Site not visible. The field has been improved and is fairly wet. Some drainage has also taken place.



PRN 70866 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan & Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Tomen Cefncoch enclosure (PRN 70866) Scale 1:2500

Sylfaen Enclosure II

PRN 72163

NGR SJ17390641

Map SJ10NE

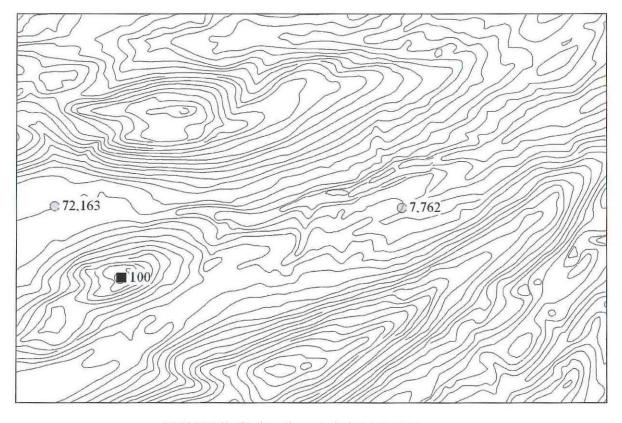
Altitude 175m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Part of a univallate sub-circular enclosure, 33m in diameter. The circuit is incomplete in the SE. It overlaps another enclosure (PRN 4942) in the NW (Collens, J, 1988, 484).



PRN 72163 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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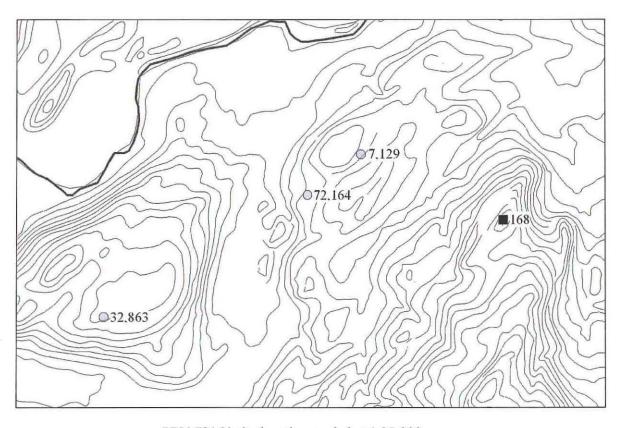
Sylfaen Enclosure II (PRN 72163) - the furthest right cropmark, from SW (CPAT 79-CS-0023)

NGR SO20349710 Map SO29NW Altitude 121m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age ?

HER: Univallate sub-rectangular enclosure, 38m NW-SE x 35m NE-SW. No visible entrance gap (Collens, J, 1988, 512).

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of this cropmark site, which is sited on an almost level terrace, in the middle of a NW-facing slope. Possibly associated with the enclosure PRN 5154, which lies to the S in the same field. The field seems to be ploughed at fairly regular intervals.



PRN 72164 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Lymore Park enclosure II

PRN 72165

NGR SO2357095240

Map SO29NW

Altitude 165m OD

Type Defended enclosure?

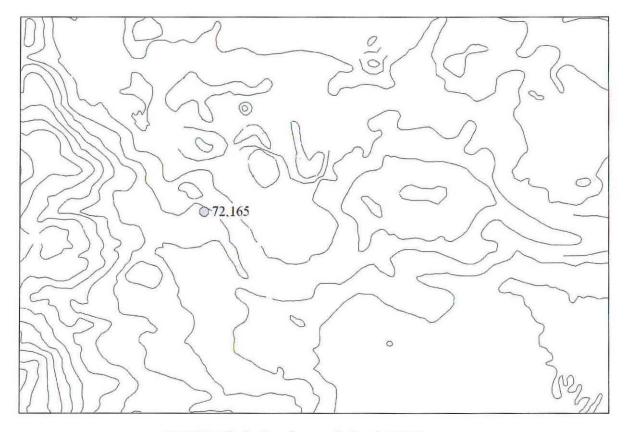
Form Cropmark

Period Iron Age?

HER: Possible univallate rectilinear enclosure, 95m NW-SE. Ditch is 3m side. Gap in NW. ditch visible in NW only. Overlaps another enclosure (PRN 5047) (Collens, J, 1988, 519).

CPAT Tir Gofal assessment, 2005: A slight earthwork seen as a bank 0.2m/0.3m high and 3m/4m wide can be seen running along the south-western edge of the knoll around which the crop mark has been identified. It is not clear where this feature is related to the crop mark and if so whether it is associated with this crop mark or PRN 5047.

CPAT 2007: Permission to visit denied as site under barley crop.



PRN 72165 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Lymore Park enclosure II (PRN 72165)- leftmost of the cropmarks, from NW (CPAT 77-06-0035)

NGR SO04959159

Map SO09SW

Altitude 120m OD

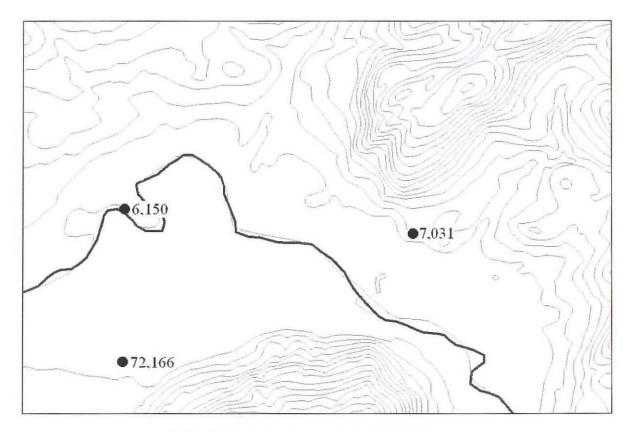
Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Roman?

HER: Univallate rectangular enclosure 18m square. The ditch is 2m wide, but there is no obvious entrance gap (Collens, J, 1988, 559).

CPAT 2007: No visible evidence of the cropmark seen on CUCAP BEH 41. The field was under a cereal crop at the time of the photograph, but is now pasture. The appearance of the marks suggests a sub-surface wall (ie a parchmark) rather than a ditch.



PRN 72166 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Llanidloes, Penrallt, earthworks

PRN 85411

NGR SN94998585

Map SN98NW

Altitude 290m OD

Type Hillfort?

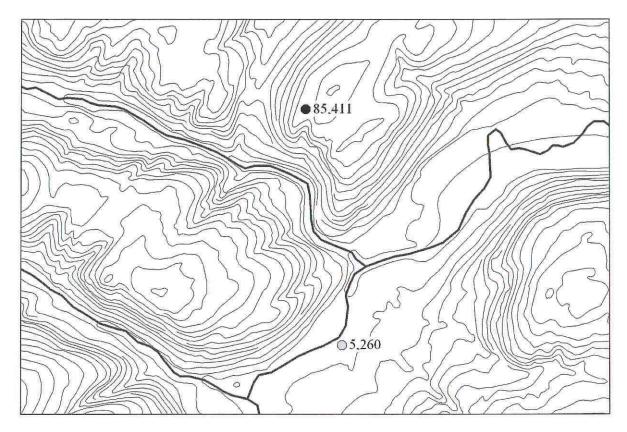
Form Earthwork

Period Prehistoric

HER: Three earthworks photographed by Toby Driver (RCAHMW) in March 2003 on a hill at Penrallt above Llanidloes. They lie close to a golf course, but appear similar to the triple gateway ramparts of a hillfort. Alternatively they could be old linear quarries or redundant golf bunkers. They do not appear on the first or second edition OS 6" to the mile maps (Driver, T, unpub. 2003). Also visible, though indistinct, on CPAT air photograph 89-MB-0697.

CPAT 2007: Series of earthworks probably constituting the remains of an incomplete hillfort occupying a spur overlooking the Afon Clywedog valley. There are three parallel ramparts in various stages of completion which were evidently intended to separate a S-facing spur from its adjoining plateau. The maximum length of rampart is 50m and they cover 47.5m NNE/SSW. It is very likely that it was never used owing to a number of factors. Firstly, the W end of each rampart terminates at a prominent rock ridge on the crest of the spur and there is no continuation on the opposite side, perhaps owing to the ridge being too difficult to excavate. Secondly, the slope to the W is, although steep, a little too gradual to provide an effective defence. The entrance is also not obvious, as although it may have been along the rock ridge, there is no evidence of any corresponding ramparts to the W.

The interior is only defined on the NNE, where the ramparts have been constructed; it remains undefined by artificial features in any other direction. It does contain some linear rock ridges, but no evidence of settlement features (platforms etc) can be seen. The inner (SSW) rampart is the largest, measuring some 2.8m high (externally) or 1.3m high (internally) and 14.5m wide in conjunction with its associated ditch. The central rampart is incomplete, being composed of little more than two hollows with associated mounds, respectively 14m and 7m long, although these were evidently created in the process of forming a linear earthwork. The outer rampart consists of a curving bank and ditch, 11m in overall width, 1.8m high externally and 0.7m high internally. The inner and outer banks are largely composed of shale where their interior has been exposed, primarily because the crests of both banks have been denuded by stock erosion.



PRN 85411 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Penrallt earthworks (PRN 85411), from the NE (CPAT 89-MB-697)

Yr Allt hillfort PRN 101066

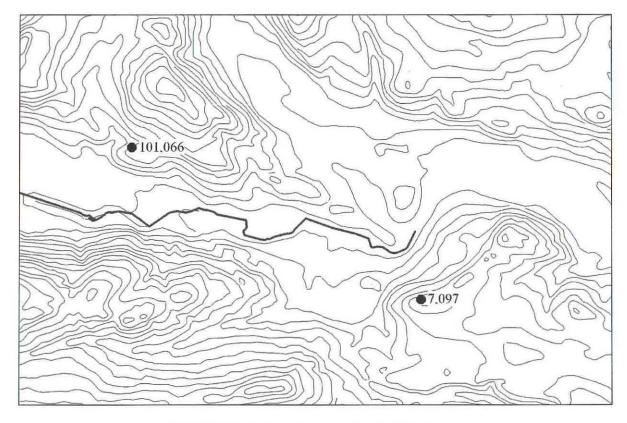
NGR SJ19842412 Map SJ12SE Altitude 140m OD

Type Hillfort (promontory) Form Earthwork Period Iron Age

HER: Hillfort sited on prominent promontory. Double bank & ditch defends topographically weak east side. Possible entrance on east side. Site has been re-afforested. Unclear whether earthworks encircle complete summit.

CPAT 2007: A sub-circular defended enclosure, approximately 110m in diameter, set on a slight promontory overlooking the Tanat valley. The site is defined by earthworks which cut it off from higher ground to the NE and comprise one main rampart which is a terrace 4m wide, with a scarp 1m to 1.3m high and 4m wide externally. A second, outer rampart, c.7m wide and 1.5m high externally (only 0.3m high internally), is also visible although it only runs for perhaps 50m on the N side of the enclosure. No defences are apparent on the W and S sides, and while the S side of the promontory is fairly steep and may not have needed any additional earthworks, the W side has a relatively gentle slope and seems very weak. A linear rock-cut gully, c.6m wide, cuts across the interior in a NE/SW direction. This may be a contemporary feature or related to later quarrying activity. A trackway, at least 100 years old to judge from the trees growing in it, ascends the S slope of the promontory, but this is probably not an approach contemporary with the enclosure. The entrance suggested in the HER is not readily apparent.

The site is very overgrown and generally in poor condition, with a significant amount of animal burrowing in the inner rampart on the NE. Despite this, there is no evidence or likelihood that the ramparts circled the promontory.



PRN 101066 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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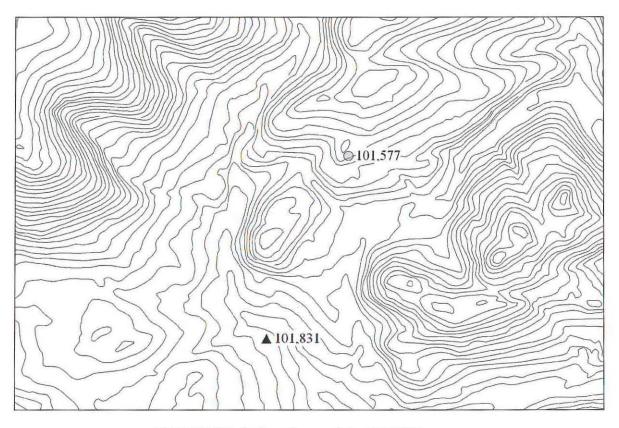
Pentre Poeth Enclosure

PRN 101577

NGR SJ160285 Map SJ12NE Altitude 305m OD

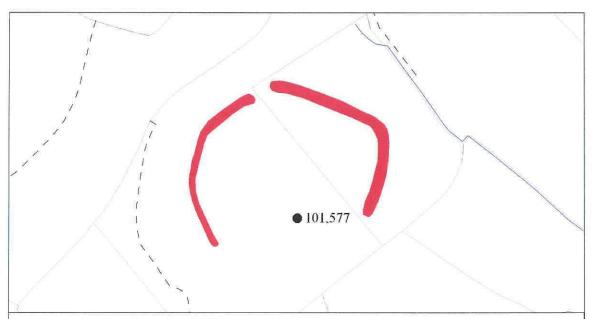
Type Hillfort Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

HER: Remains of large oval enclosure visible as cropmark on a 1972 AP. Situated in field that slopes steeply to the S. It is possible that the cropmark is due to ploughing variations.



PRN 101577 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust in partnership with the Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX & CPAT, 2008 (and in part & Crown, 2008).

Manylion archaeolegol, o'r Cofnod yr Amgylchedd Hanesyddol Rhanbarthol, cyflenwi gan yr Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Clwyd-Powys yn partneriaeth gyda'r Awdurdodau Lleol, Cadw a'r partneri ENDEN ❖ CPAT, 2008 (ac yn rhan ❖ Coron, 2008).

AP mapping of the Pentre Poeth Enclosure (PRN 101577) Scale 1:2500

Pen-llan Cropmark

PRN 101806

NGR SJ12352642

Map SJ12NW

Altitude 200m OD

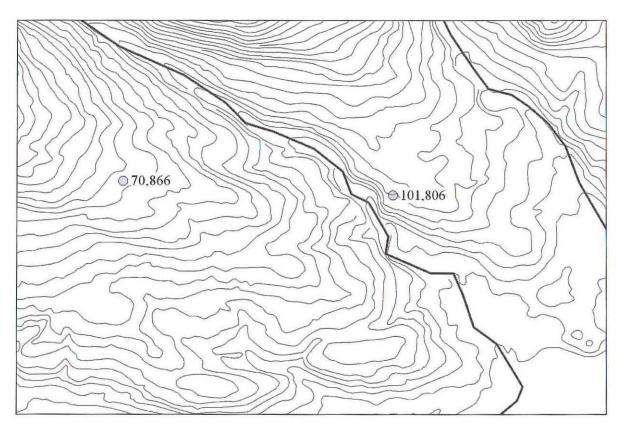
Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Prehistoric?

HER: CPAT air photo (83-C-0436) shows what may be part of an enclosure but is rather vague.

CPAT 2007: Site not visible in a gently sloping pasture field.



PRN 101806 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Pen-llan Cropmark (PRN 101806), from SW (CPAT 83-C-0436)

Pentre Enclosure PRN 101825

NGR SJ20052850

Map SJ22NW

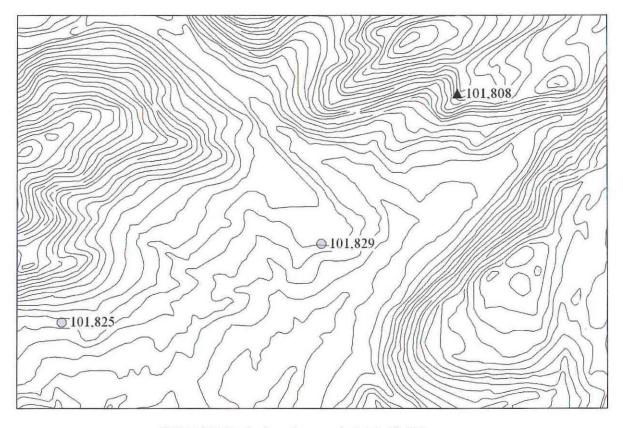
Altitude 215m OD

Type Enclosure?

Form Cropmark

Period Prehistoric?

HER: A faint cropmark of an oval shaped enclosure visible on a CPAT air photo.



PRN 101825 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Derwen Deg Enclosure

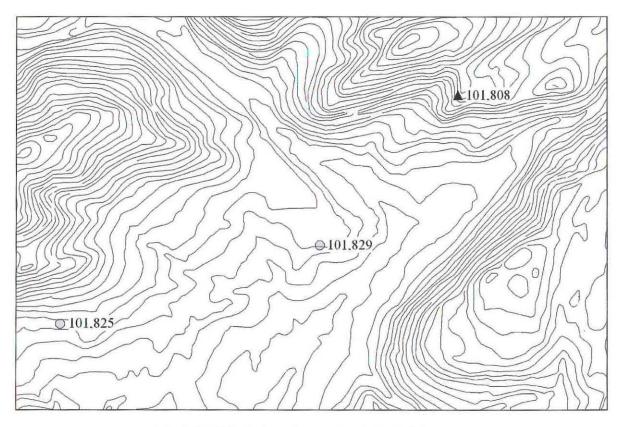
PRN 101829

NGR SJ21852905 Map SJ22NW Altitude 200m OD

Type Defended enclosure Form Cropmark Period Iron Age

HER: Cropmark of two sides of a possible enclosure. Could be two trackways.

CPAT 2007: No visible trace of the recorded cropmark in a pasture field. The reason for the marks seen on the AP is therefore unclear.



PRN 101829 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Craig Fawr enclosure

PRN 103017

NGR SJ18452639 Map SJ12NE Altitude 285m OD

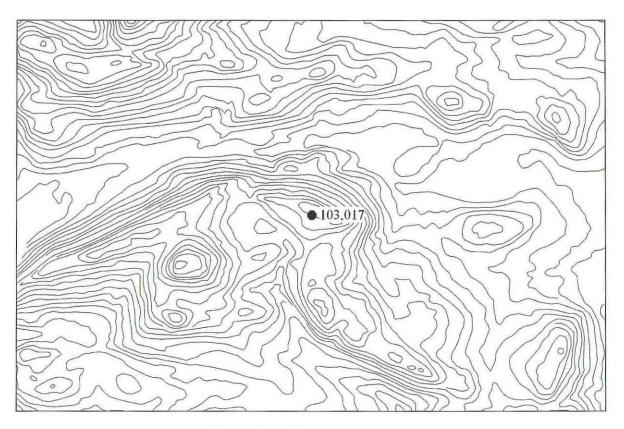
Type Defended enclosure Form Earthwork Period Iron Age

HER: Small rather rectilinear enclosure straddling the crest of a narrow ridge. Found by Musson in 1981. The enclosure consists of a small bank with external ditch. No defences on north side where slope steepest. The area enclosed is c70m by 50m.

Where the enclosure bank cuts across the ridge top it is accompanied by an external ditch which is rock-cut in the east and south-west. The enclosure was not apparently sited for defence (Guilbert, G C 1983).

CPAT 2007: Sub-circular univallate enclosure sited on the crest of a ridge. It covers an overall area of some 0.55ha, with the interior occupying 0.37ha. There are no visible internal features, except some rock outcrops, and this is probably a result of past land improvement which has smoothed out the ground. The defences are reasonably well-preserved, except on the N side which overlooks a craggy slope and where no artificial defences were needed. On the W side the defences are formed by a single bank, up to 6m wide and 0.5m high, with little trace of a ditch, except on the SW where it is rock-cut but only 2m wide. On the S side, the defences comprise a single scarp, up to 2m high, and this continues around to the SE where the entrance is encountered. The entrance is a simple gap, 4m wide, with a faint trackway heading off downslope to the SE, although there may have been some later disturbance which has given rise to the present appearance of the earthworks. Beyond the entrance, the E side continues as a bank, 8m wide and 1.3m high externally (0.6m high internally), with an external ditch, 3m wide and 0.5m deep. On the NE side of the enclosure the ditch fades out and the rampart resumes its form as a scarp until it reaches the craggy slope, mentioned above, that defines the N side of the enclosure.

In addition to the effects of land improvement, the E part of the site is crossed by a wall which was probably constructed in the 19th century as part of land enclosure. There are also significant numbers of animal burrows in some areas, most notably where there is an external ditch on the E and SW.



PRN 103017 site location, scaled at 1:25,000

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Craig Fawr enclosure (PRN 103017), from NW (CPAT 81-C-0254)